Proteins



Product Data Sheet

Langerin/CD207 Protein, Human (HEK293, His)

Cat. No.: HY-P7819

Synonyms: rHuC-type lectin domain family 4 member K/CD207, His; CD207 antigen; langerin; CD207; C-type

lectin domain family 4 member K; C-type lectin domainfamily 4, member K

Human Species: Source: **HEK293**

Accession: AAH22278.1 (Y64-P328)

Gene ID: 50489 Molecular Weight: 30-40 kDa

PROPERTIES

ΛΛ	Sac	iuen	-
AA	Sec	ıueı	ıce

YPRFMGTISD VKTNVQLLKG RVDNISTLDS EIKKNSDGME AAGVQIQMVN ESLGYVRSQF LKLKTSVEKA NAQIQILTRS WEEVSTLNAQ IPELKSDLEK ASALNTKIRA LQGSLENMSK VVSQGWKYFK GNFYYFSLIP KTWYSAEQFC LLKRQNDILQ VSRNSHLTSV TSESEQEFLY KTAGGLIYWI GLTKAGMEGD WSWVDDTPFN KVQSVRFWIP GEPNNAGNNE HCGNIKAPSL

QAWNDAPCDK TFLFICKRPY VPSEP

Appearance

Lyophilized powder.

Formulation Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.

Endotoxin Level

<1 EU/µg, determined by LAL method.

Reconsititution

It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 $\mu g/mL$ in ddH₂O. For long term storage it is recommended to add a carrier protein (0.1% BSA, 5% HSA, 10% FBS or 5% Trehalose).

Storage & Stability

Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer (with carrier protein). It is recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.

Shipping

Room temperature in continental US; may vary elsewhere.

DESCRIPTION

Background

CLC4K protein, a calcium-dependent lectin encoded by CD207, belongs to the C-type lectin domain family. CLC4K has mannose-binding specificity and is involved in antigen presentation to T cells. CLC4K is the major receptor for Candida, Saccharomyces, and Malassezia furfur on primary Langerhans cells. Langerhans cells are specialized antigen-presenting cells located within the epithelium of the epidermis and mucosa. Upon contact with Langerhans cells, pathogens are captured by the C-type lectin langerin and internalized into structurally unique vesicles called Birbeck granules (BGs). CLC4K induces the formation of Birbeck granules and protects against human immunodeficiency virus 1 (HIV-1) infection. Molecular mechanisms for membrane zipping exist during Birbeck granule biogenesis, and CLC4K is a potent regulator of membrane stacking and zipping. CLC4K binds to high-mannose structures present on the envelope glycoprotein and subsequently targets the virus to Birbeck particles, causing their rapid degradation. Langerhans cell histiocytosis (LCH) is a disorder characterized by clonal expansion of myeloid precursor cells that differentiate into CD1a1/CD207 cells within the lesion. Therefore, detection of clonal tumor proliferation with expression of CD1a, CD207 (Langerin), and S100 can help diagnose LCH.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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