Proteins



Product Data Sheet



Siglec-3/CD33 Protein, Human (HEK293, His-Avi)

Cat. No.: HY-P78407

Synonyms: CD33 molecule; CD33; FLJ00391; gp67; Siglec3; Siglec-3; p67

Species: HEK293 Source:

Accession: P20138 (D18-H259)

Gene ID: 945

Molecular Weight: 52-60 kDa

O	OP	OPF	OPFR	OPERTI

Biological Activity	Immobilized Human Siglec-3, His Tag at $0.5\mu g/ml$ ($100\mu l/Well$) on the plate. Dose response curve for Anti-Siglec-3 Antibody, hFc Tag with the EC ₅₀ of $5.1 ng/ml$ determined by ELISA.
Appearance	Lyophilized powder.
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.22 μm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4. Normally 5% trehalose is added as protectant before lyophilization.
Endotoxin Level	<1 EU/μg, determined by LAL method.
Reconsititution	It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 $\mu g/mL$ in ddH ₂ O.
Storage & Stability	Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer (with carrier protein). It is recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.
Shipping	Room temperature in continental US; may vary elsewhere.

DESCRIPTION

Background

The Siglec-3/CD33 protein, a sialic-acid-binding immunoglobulin-like lectin, plays a crucial role in mediating cell-cell interactions and maintaining immune cells in a resting state. It exhibits a preference for recognizing and binding alpha-2,3and more avidly alpha-2,6-linked sialic acid-bearing glycans. Upon engagement with ligands like C1q or sialylated glycoproteins, two immunoreceptor tyrosine-based inhibitory motifs (ITIMs) within CD33's cytoplasmic tail undergo phosphorylation by Src-like kinases such as LCK. These phosphorylated ITIMs serve as docking sites for recruiting and activating protein-tyrosine phosphatases PTPN6/SHP-1 and PTPN11/SHP-2, which, in turn, regulate downstream pathways through dephosphorylation of signaling molecules. CD33's repressive effect on monocyte activation involves phosphoinositide 3-kinase/PI3K. Structurally, the protein forms homodimers through disulfide linkages and interacts with PTPN6/SHP-1 and PTPN11/SHP-2 upon phosphorylation. It also engages with C1QA via its C-terminus, activating CD33 inhibitory motifs.

 $\label{lem:caution:Product} \textbf{Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.}$

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Page 2 of 2 www.MedChemExpress.com