

## NKG2D/CD314 Protein, Human (HEK293, His-Avi)

Cat. No.:	HY-P78500
Synonyms:	CD314; D12S2489E; KLR; NKG2-D; NKG2D
Species:	Human
Source:	HEK293
Accession:	P26718 (F78-V216)
Gene ID:	100528032
Molecular Weight:	36-38 kDa

### PROPERTIES

<b>Biological Activity</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Immobilized Human NKG2D, His Tag at 1µg/ml (100µl/well) on the plate. Dose response curve for Anti-NKG2D Antibody, hFc Tag with the EC<sub>50</sub> of 6.6ng/ml determined by ELISA.</li> <li>2. Immobilized Human NKG2D, His Tag at 5µg/ml (100µl/Well) on the plate. Dose response curve for Human MICA, hFc Tag with the EC<sub>50</sub> of 33.4ng/ml determined by ELISA.</li> <li>3. Immobilized Human NKG2D, His Tag at 2µg/ml (100µl/well) on the plate. Dose response curve for Human ULBP-6, hFc Tag with the EC<sub>50</sub> of 12.9ng/ml determined by ELISA.</li> </ol>
<b>Appearance</b>	Lyophilized powder.
<b>Formulation</b>	Lyophilized from a 0.22 µm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4. Normally 5% trehalose is added as protectant before lyophilization.
<b>Endotoxin Level</b>	<1 EU/µg, determined by LAL method.
<b>Reconstitution</b>	It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 µg/mL in ddH <sub>2</sub> O.
<b>Storage &amp; Stability</b>	Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer (with carrier protein). It is recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.
<b>Shipping</b>	Room temperature in continental US; may vary elsewhere.

### DESCRIPTION

<b>Background</b>	<p>NKG2D/CD314 protein operates as an activating and costimulatory receptor essential for immunosurveillance, binding to diverse cellular stress-inducible ligands presented on autologous tumor cells and virus-infected cells. It plays a dual role in innate immune responses, stimulating both activating killer (NK) cells and acting as a costimulatory receptor for T-cell receptors (TCR) in CD8(+) T-cell-mediated adaptive immune responses, enhancing T-cell activation. The receptor facilitates perforin-mediated elimination of ligand-expressing tumor cells, and its signaling cascades involve calcium influx, ultimately leading to TNF-alpha expression. Additionally, NKG2D/CD314 participates in NK cell-mediated bone marrow graft rejection and may regulate the differentiation and survival of NK cells. Its ligand-binding capacity extends to various subfamilies of MHC class I-related glycoproteins, including MICA, MICB, RAET1E, RAET1G, RAET1L/ULBP6, ULBP1, ULBP2, ULBP3</p>
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(ULBP2>ULBP1>ULBP3), and ULBP4. The protein forms homodimers through disulfide linkage and heterohexamers with HCST/DAP10 subunits, a crucial interaction for NK cell surface expression and cytotoxicity induction. Furthermore, it can establish disulfide-bonded heterodimers with CD94 and interacts with CEACAM1, recruiting PTPN6 for VAV1 dephosphorylation, while not interacting with TYROBP.

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**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

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