

Screening Libraries

Proteins

Inhibitors

Product Data Sheet

GMP IL-4 Protein, Human

Cat. No.: HY-P78549

Synonyms: Interleukin-4; IL-4; B-Cell Stimulatory Factor 1; BSF-1; Binetrakin; Lymphocyte Stimulatory

Factor 1; Pitrakinra; IL4

Human Species: Source: E. coli

Accession: P05112 (H25-S153)

Gene ID: 3565

Molecular Weight: Approximately 15.6 kDa

PROPERTIES

AA Seq	uence
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HKCDITLQEI IKTLNSLTEQ KTLCTELTVT DIFAASKNTT EKETFCRAAT VLRQFYSHHE KDTRCLGATA QQFHRHKQLI RFLKRLDRNL WGLAGLNSCP VKEANQSTLE NFLERLKTIM

REKYSKCSS

Measured in a cell proliferation assay using TFM1 human erythroleukemic cells and the ED₅₀ for this effect is 0.05-0.2 ng/mL. **Biological Activity**

Solution. **Appearance**

Formulation Supplied as a 0.22 µm filtered solution of 50 mM Tris, 300 mM NaCl, pH 7.0.

Endotoxin Level <0.01 EU/µg, determined by LAL method.

Reconsititution N/A.

Storage & Stability Stored at -80°C for 1 year. It is stable at -20°C for 3 months after opening. It is recommended to freeze aliquots at -80°C for

extended storage. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Shipping Shipping with dry ice.

DESCRIPTION

Background

The cytokine IL-4, primarily secreted by mast cells, T-cells, eosinophils, and basophils, plays a crucial role in regulating antibody production, hematopoiesis, inflammation, and the development of effector T-cell responses. IL-4 induces the expression of class II MHC molecules on resting B-cells and enhances both the secretion and cell surface expression of IgE and IgG1, contributing to immune responses. Additionally, IL-4 regulates the expression of the low-affinity Fc receptor for IgE (CD23) on both lymphocytes and monocytes and positively regulates IL31RA expression in macrophages. Furthermore, IL-4 stimulates autophagy in dendritic cells by interfering with mTORC1 signaling and inducing RUFY4. Beyond its immunological functions, IL-4 plays a critical role in higher functions of the normal brain, such as memory and learning.

Upon binding to its receptor, IL-4R, IL-4 initiates signaling through two types of receptor complexes, type 1 mainly on hematopoietic cells and type 2 on nonhematopoietic cells, activating JAK3 and to a lesser extent JAK1 phosphorylation, leading to the activation of the signal transducer and activator of transcription 6/STAT6. IL-4 interacts with both IL-4R and IL13RA1 to mediate its diverse physiological effects.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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