

# Acetylcholinesterase/ACHE Protein, Human (CHO, His)

Cat. No.:	HY-P79277		
Synonyms:	acetylcholinesterase (Yt blood group); Acetylcholinesterase; ACHE; apoptosis-related acetylcholinesterase; ARACHE; EC 3.1.1; EC 3.1.1.7; N-ACHE; Yt blood group; YT		
Species:	Human		
Source:	СНО		
Accession:	P22303 (E32-L614)		
Gene ID:	43		
Molecular Weight:	Approximately 66 kDa		

## PROPERTIES

AA Sequence						
	EGREDAELLV	T V R G G R L R G I	RLKTPGGPVS	AFLGIPFAEP		
	PMGPRRFLPP	EPKQPWSGVV	DATTFQSVCY	QYVDTLYPGF		
	EGTEMWNPNR	ELSEDCLYLN	VWTPYPRPTS	PTPVLVWIYG		
	G G F Y S G A S S L	DVYDGRFLVQ	AERTVLVSMN	YRVGAFGFLA		
	LPGSREAPGN	VGLLDQRLAL	QWVQENVAAF	G G D P T S V T L F		
	GESAGAASVG	MHLLSPPSRG	LFHRAVLQSG	APNGPWATVG		
	MGEARRRATQ	LAHLVGCPPG	GTGGNDTELV	ACLRTRPAQV		
	LVNHEWHVLP	QESVFRFSFV	P V V D G D F L S D	TPEALINAGD		
	FHGLQVLVGV	VKDEGSYFLV	YGAPGFSKDN	ESLISRAEFL		
	AGVRVGVPQV	SDLAAEAVVL	HYTDWLHPED	PARLREALSD		
	VVGDHNVVCP	VAQLAGRLAA	QGARVYAYVF	EHRASTLSWP		
	LWMGVPHGYE	IEFIFGIPLD	PSRNYTAEEK	IFAQRLMRYW		
	ANFARTGDPN	EPRDPKAPQW	ΡΡΥΤΑΓΑΟΥ	VSLDLRPLEV		
	RRGLRAQACA	FWNRFLPKLL	SATDTLDEAE	RQWKAEFHRW		
	SSYMVHWKNQ	FDHYSKQDRC	SDL			
<b>Biological Activity</b>	Measured by its ability to	cleave Acetylthiocholine. Th	e specific activity is 308.73 n	mol/min/µg, as measured under the		
	described conditions.					
Appearance	Lyophilized powder.					
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 $\mu m$ filtered solution of 20 mM Tris, 150 mM NaCl, pH 7.4.					
Endotoxin Level	<1 EU/µg, determined by LAL method.					
Reconsititution	It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 μg/mL in ddH <sub>2</sub> O. For long term storage it is recommended to add a carrier protein (0.1% BSA, 5% HSA, 10% FBS or 5% Trehalose).					
Storage & Stability	Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer (with carrier protein). It is recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.					

Shipping

Room temperature in continental US; may vary elsewhere.

### DESCRIPTION

### Background

Acetylcholinesterase (ACHE) protein plays a crucial role in neurotransmission by rapidly hydrolyzing the acetylcholine neurotransmitter in the synaptic cleft, thereby facilitating the termination of signal transduction at the neuromuscular junction. Beyond its essential function in neurotransmitter regulation, ACHE is implicated in neuronal apoptosis, suggesting a broader role in cellular processes related to programmed cell death.

#### Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

 Tel: 609-228-6898
 Fax: 609-228-5909
 E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com

 Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA