Proteins



Product Data Sheet

Calcium-sensing R/CaSR Protein, Human (HEK293, His)

Cat. No.: HY-P79408

Synonyms: Extracellular calcium-sensing receptor; CASR; CaR; hCasR; Parathyroid cell calcium-sensing

receptor 1; PCaR1; Calcium-sensing Receptor

Species: Human Source: HEK293

Accession: P41180-1 (Y20-K601)

Gene ID: 846

Molecular Weight: approximately 95-130 kDa

PROPERTIES

AA Sequence	YGPDQRAQKK GDIILGGLFP CIRYNFRGFR WLQAMIFAIE EINSSPALLP NLTLGYRIFD TCNTVSKALE ATLSFVAQNK IDSLNLDEFC NCSEHIPSTI AVVGATGSGV STAVANLLGL FYIPQVSYAS SSRLLSNKNQ FKSFLRTIPN DEHQATAMAD IIEYFRWNWV GTIAADDDYG RPGIEKFREE AEERDICIDF SELISQYSDE EEIQHVVEVI QNSTAKVIVV FSSGPDLEPL IKEIVRRNIT GKIWLASEAW ASSSLIAMPQ YFHVVGGTIG FALKAGQIPG FREFLKKVHP RKSVHNGFAK EFWEETFNCH LQEGAKGPLP VDTFLRGHEE SGDRFSNSST AFRPLCTGDE NISSVETPYI DYTHLRISYN VYLAVYSIAH ALQDIYTCLP GRGLFTNGSC ADIKKVEAWQ VLKHLRHLNF TNNMGEQVTF DECGDLVGNY SIINWHLSPE DGSIVFKEVG YYNVYAKKGE RLFINEEKIL WSGFSREVPF SNCSRDCLAG TRKGIIEGEP TCCFECVECP DGEYSDETDA
Biological Activity	Measured by its ability to inhibit the proliferation of HT-29 cells. The ED_{50} for this effect is 38.93 ng/mL, corresponding to a specific activity is 25687.131 U/mg.
Appearance	Lyophilized powder.
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.
Endotoxin Level	<1 EU/µg, determined by LAL method.
Reconsititution	It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 μ g/mL in ddH ₂ O. For long term storage it is recommended to add a carrier protein (0.1% BSA, 5% HSA, 10% FBS or 5% Trehalose).
Storage & Stability	Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer (with carrier protein). It is recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.

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Room temperature in continental US; may vary elsewhere.

DESCRIPTION

Background

The Calcium-sensing R/CaSR protein, a G-protein-coupled receptor, plays a pivotal role in detecting changes in extracellular calcium concentration, crucial for maintaining calcium homeostasis. This receptor senses fluctuations in circulating calcium levels and modulates the production of parathyroid hormone (PTH) in parathyroid glands. Its activity is mediated by a G-protein that activates a phosphatidylinositol-calcium second messenger system. The receptor's activation involves a coagonist mechanism, where aromatic amino acids such as Trp or Phe, in concert with divalent cations like calcium or magnesium, achieve full activation. In the resting state, the receptor adopts an open conformation, with anion binding promoting the inactive configuration. Upon aromatic amino acid binding, the extracellular venus flytrap module groove closes, inducing a novel homodimer interface between subunits. Calcium ions further stabilize the active state by enhancing homodimer interactions between membrane-proximal domains. Notably, the receptor can be activated by AMG 416, a D-amino acid-containing peptide agonist under evaluation for treating secondary hyperparathyroidism in chronic kidney disease patients receiving hemodialysis, with AMG 416 acting through the formation of a disulfide bond with Cys-482.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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