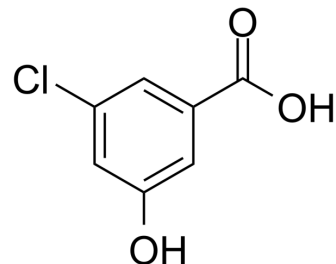


3-Chloro-5-hydroxybenzoic acid

Cat. No.:	HY-W016868		
CAS No.:	53984-36-4		
Molecular Formula:	C ₇ H ₅ ClO ₃		
Molecular Weight:	172.57		
Target:	Others		
Pathway:	Others		
Storage:	Powder	-20°C	3 years
		4°C	2 years
	In solvent	-80°C	6 months
		-20°C	1 month



SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro

DMSO : 100 mg/mL (579.47 mM; Need ultrasonic)

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Concentration	Mass		
		1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	5.7947 mL	28.9737 mL	57.9475 mL
	5 mM	1.1589 mL	5.7947 mL	11.5895 mL
	10 mM	0.5795 mL	2.8974 mL	5.7947 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description

3-Chloro-5-hydroxybenzoic acid is a potent, orally active and selective lactate receptor GPR81 agonist, with an EC₅₀ of 16 μM for human GPR81. 3-Chloro-5-hydroxybenzoic acid exhibits favorable in vivo effects on lipolysis in a mouse model of obesity [1].

In Vitro

3-Chloro-5-hydroxybenzoic acid shows potency against human (EC₅₀=16 μM), monkey (EC₅₀=17 μM), dog (EC₅₀=67 μM), rat (EC₅₀=7 μM), mouse (EC₅₀=22 μM), and hamster GPR81 (EC₅₀=27 μM)[1].
MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

In Vivo

3-Chloro-5-hydroxybenzoic acid (30, 100, and 300 mg/kg; PO in overnight fasted C57Bl6/J mice fed high fat chow for 10 weeks) shows significant reductions in free fatty acids at all doses tested, resulting in a minimum efficacious dose of 30 mg/kg[1].
Pharmacokinetic Parameters of 3-Chloro-5-hydroxybenzoic acid in Mice[1].

dose (mg/kg)	t _{max} (h)	AUC _{inf} (h ng/mL)	C _{max} (ng/mL)	C _{max} (μM)	t _{1/2} (h)
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30	0.5	9356	11689.50	67.2	1.47
100	0.5	51312	55252.80	341.9	1.10

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Animal Model:	C57Bl6/J mice (DIO mice) ^[1]
Dosage:	30, 100, and 300 mg/kg
Administration:	PO in overnight fasted C57Bl6/J mice fed high fat chow for 10 weeks
Result:	Significant reductions in nonesterified free fatty acid cholesterol (NEFAc) at all doses tested.

REFERENCES

[1]. Dvorak CA, et al. Identification of Hydroxybenzoic Acids as Selective Lactate Receptor (GPR81) Agonists with Antilipolytic Effects. ACS Med Chem Lett. 2012;3(8):637-639. Published 2012 Jun 11.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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