Inhibitors



Fmoc-His(3-Me)-OH

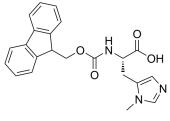
Cat. No.: HY-W111226 CAS No.: 252049-16-4 Molecular Formula: $C_{22}H_{21}N_3O_4$ Molecular Weight: 391.42

Target: Amyloid-β; Amino Acid Derivatives

Pathway: Neuronal Signaling; Others Storage: Powder -20°C 3 years

> 2 years -80°C In solvent 6 months

-20°C 1 month



BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description

Fmoc-His(3-Me)OH derives Histidine-associating compounds with biological activity. Fmoc-His(3-Me)OH, with Fmoccitrulline-OH, Fmoc-His(1-Me)-OH together, forms tri-peptides and shows vasodilating effect with EC₅₀s of 2.7-4.7 mM in 1.0 mM Phenylephrine (PE)-contracted aorta rings. Fmoc-His(3-Me)OH (resin) also makes Methyl-His-Gly-Lys (His(3-Me)-Gly-Lys), thus acts as an $[Ca^{2+}]_i$ inhibitor. Fmoc-His(3-Me)OH methylates NAHIS02, making it unable to block the Alzheimer's A β $channel ^{[1][2][3]}.\\$

REFERENCES

[1]. Tanaka M, et al. His-Arg-Trp potently attenuates contracted tension of thoracic aorta of Sprague-Dawley rats through the suppression of extracellular Ca2+ influx. Peptides. 2009 Aug;30(8):1502-7.

[2]. Kumrungsee T, et al. Identification of peptides from soybean protein, glycinin, possessing suppression of intracellular Ca2+ concentration in vascular smooth muscle cells. Food Chem. 2014:152:218-24.

[3]. Arispe N, et al. Efficiency of histidine-associating compounds for blocking the alzheimer's Abeta channel activity and cytotoxicity. Biophys J. 2008 Nov 15;95(10):4879-

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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