Proteins

Product Data Sheet

Carbobenzoxyproline

Cat. No.: HY-Y0588 CAS No.: 1148-11-4 Molecular Formula: C₁₃H₁₅NO₄ Molecular Weight: 249.26 Others Target: Pathway: Others

Powder Storage: -20°C 3 years

2 years

In solvent -80°C 6 months

> -20°C 1 month

SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro

DMSO: 100 mg/mL (401.19 mM; Need ultrasonic)

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	4.0119 mL	20.0594 mL	40.1188 mL
	5 mM	0.8024 mL	4.0119 mL	8.0238 mL
	10 mM	0.4012 mL	2.0059 mL	4.0119 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- 1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (10.03 mM); Clear solution
- 2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (10.03 mM); Clear solution
- 3. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (10.03 mM); Clear solution

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description

Carbobenzoxyproline (L-Cbz-Proline) is an inhibitor of prolidase. Carbobenzoxyproline can be used for prolidase deficiency (PD) research^[1].

In Vitro

Carbobenzoxyproline (6 mM; 0-10 d; pH=6.0) causes mitochondrial depolarization and increases cellular death by 33% as reported for long-term culture of fibroblasts from prolidase deficiency (PD) patients^[1].

Carbobenzoxyproline (0, 1, 3, 6 mM; 1 min; pH=6.0) results fibroblasts prolidase (FBP) hydrolysis, shows linear competitive inhibition^[1].

	MCE has not independent	MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.		
In Vivo	$model^{[1]}.$	Carbobenzoxyproline (60 mg/kg; injection; once daily; 3 weeks) serves as in vivo inhibitor of erythrocytes prolidase in mice $model^{[1]}$. MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.		
	Animal Model:	C57Bl/6J mice (4-week-old) ^[1]		
	Dosage:	60 mg/kg		
	Administration:	Injection; once daily for 3 weeks		
	Result:	Resulted significant reduction of erythrocytes prolidase activity.		

REFERENCES

[1]. Lupi A, et al. N-benzyloxycarbonyl-L-proline: an in vitro and in vivo inhibitor of prolidase. Biochim Biophys Acta. 2005 Jun 30;1744(2):157-63.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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