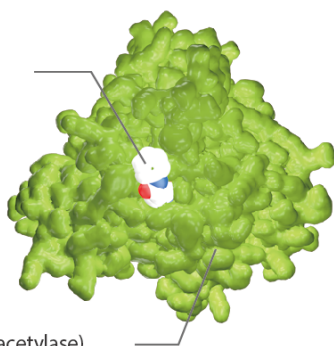


# Autophagy

HDAC Inhibitor:  
Vorinostat (SAHA)



HDAC (Histone deacetylase)

Autophagy is a conserved cellular degradation and recycling process in the lysosome. In mammalian cells, there are three primary types of autophagy: microautophagy, macroautophagy, and chaperone-mediated autophagy (CMA). Microphagy captures cargoes by means of invaginations or protrusions of the lysosomal membrane directly, CMA uses chaperones to identify cargo proteins and then unfolds and transfers them into the lysosomal, while macroautophagy sequesters cargo by autophagosomes-de novo synthesized of double-membrane vesicles-and subsequently transport it to the lysosome.

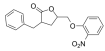
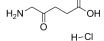
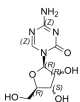
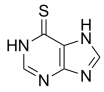

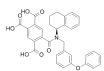

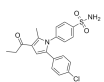
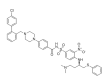
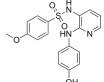
Macroautophagy is the best studied and it occurs at a low level constitutively and can also be further induced under stress conditions, such as nutrient or energy starvation with a salient feature of autophagy protein degradation. Stress-induced macrophagy plays an important role in protein catabolism with another key protein degradation pathway, the ubiquitin–proteasome system (UPS).

As the study progressed, autophagy gains its importance under basal, nutrient-rich conditions, and is now recognized as a critical housekeeping pathway in catabolism of diverse cellular constituents, such as protein aggregates (aggrephagy), lipid droplets (lipophagy), iron complex (Ferritinophagy) and carbohydrate. Except for macromolecules, autophagy can also target several organelles and structures, such as mitochondria (mitophagy), peroxisome (pexophagy), endoplasmic reticulum (reticulophagy or ER-phagy), ribosome (ribophagy), spermatozoon-inherited organelles following fertilization (allophagy), secretory granules within pancreatic cells (zymophagy) and intracellular pathogens (xenophagy).

Autophagy and its dysfunction are associated with a variety of human pathologies, including ageing, cancer, neurodegenerative disease, heart disease and metabolic diseases, such as diabetes. Plenty of drugs and natural products are involved in autophagy modulation through multiple signaling pathways. Small molecules that can regulate autophagy seem to have great potential to intervene such diseases in animal models or clinical courses.

## Autophagy Inhibitors & Modulators

|   |   |
|---|---|
| <p><b>(+)-JQ-1</b><br/>(JQ1)</p> <p><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-13030</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> (+)-JQ-1 is a <b>BET bromodomain</b> inhibitor, with <b>IC<sub>50</sub>s</b> of 77 and 33 nM for the first and second bromodomain ( <b>BRD4(1/2)</b>) [1]. (+)-JQ-1 also activates <b>autophagy</b> [2].</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.90%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg, 1 g, 5 g</p>   | <p><b>(-)-Epicatechin gallate</b><br/>(ECG; Epicatechin gallate; (-)-Epicatechin 3-O-gallate)</p> <p><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-N0002</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Epicatechin gallate inhibits cyclooxygenase-1 ( <b>COX-1</b>) with an <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b> of 7.5 μM.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 98.57%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 4</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg</p>    |
| <p><b>(-)-Epigallocatechin</b><br/>(EGC; Epigallocatechin; I-Epigallocatechin)</p> <p><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-N0225</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> (-)-Epigallocatechin (EGCG) is the most abundant flavonoid in green tea, can bind to unfolded native polypeptides and prevent conversion to amyloid fibrils.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.16%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>5 mg, 10 mg</p>    | <p><b>(-)-Epigallocatechin Gallate</b><br/>(EGCG; Epigallocatechol Gallate)</p> <p><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-13653</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> (-)-Epigallocatechin Gallate is a tea flavonoid with potent antioxidant, antiinflammatory, and anticarcinogenic properties. (-)-Epigallocatechin Gallate is reported to inhibit <b>EGFR</b> signaling and thereby exert anticancer effects.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.91%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 4</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>50 mg, 100 mg</p>  |
| <p><b>(E)-Daporinad</b><br/>(FK866; APO866)</p> <p><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-50876</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> (E)-Daporinad (FK866) is an effective inhibitor of nicotinamide phosphoribosyltransferase ( <b>NMPRTase</b>) with an <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b> of 0.09 nM.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.91%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 2</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>   | <p><b>(R)-(-)-Gossypol</b><br/>(AT-101; R-(-)-gossypol acetic acid)</p> <p><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-15464</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> (R)-(-)-Gossypol (AT-101) is the levorotatory isomer of a natural product Gossypol. AT-101 is determined to bind to <b>Bcl-2</b>, <b>Mcl-1</b> and <b>Bcl-xL</b> proteins with <b>K<sub>s</sub></b> of 260±30 nM, 170±10 nM, and 480±40 nM, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 2</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10 mg, 50 mg</p>                  |
| <p><b>(R)-(-)-Gossypol acetic acid</b> (AT-101 (acetic acid); (-)-Gossypol acetic acid; (R)-Gossypol acetic acid)</p> <p><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-15464A</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> (R)-(-)-Gossypol acetic acid (AT-101 (acetic acid)) is the levorotatory isomer of a natural product Gossypol. AT-101 is determined to bind to <b>Bcl-2</b>, <b>Mcl-1</b> and <b>Bcl-xL</b> proteins with <b>K<sub>s</sub></b> of 260±30 nM, 170±10 nM, and 480±40 nM, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 97.40%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 2</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>10 mg, 50 mg</p>  | <p><b>2-Methoxyestradiol</b><br/>(2-ME2; NSC-659853)</p> <p><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-12033</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> 2-Methoxyestradiol is an <b>angiogenesis</b> inhibitor and <b>apoptosis</b> inducer with potent antineoplastic activity. 2-Methoxyestradiol also destabilize <b>microtubules</b>.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.82%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 2</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>    |
| <p><b>3,3'-Diindolylmethane</b><br/>(DIM; Arundine; HB 236)</p> <p><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-15758</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> 3,3'-Diindolylmethane is a strong, pure <b>androgen receptor</b> (AR) antagonist.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 98.74%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 4</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg</p>   | <p><b>3-Methyladenine</b><br/>(3-MA)</p> <p><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-19312</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> 3-Methyladenine is a <b>PI3K</b> inhibitor. 3-Methyladenine is a widely used inhibitor of <b>autophagy</b> via its inhibitory effect on class III PI3K.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.84%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg</p>   |

|   |  |
|---|--|
| <p><b>3BDO</b></p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-U00434</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> 3BDO is a new <b>mTOR</b> activator which can also inhibit <b>autophagy</b>.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.67%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg</p>   | <p><b>5-Aminolevulinic acid hydrochloride</b><br/>(ALA; 5-ALA)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-N0305</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> 5-Aminolevulinic acid HCl is an intermediate in heme biosynthesis in the body and the universal precursor of tetrapyrroles. Target: Others 5-Aminolevulinic acid is a non-fluorescent prodrug that leads to intracellular accumulation of fluorescent porphyrins in malignant gliomas-a...</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 98.0%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 4</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>100 mg, 1 g, 5 g, 10 g</p>    |
| <p><b>5-Azacytidine</b><br/>(Ladakamycin; 5-AzaC; Azacitidine)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-10586</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> 5-Azacytidine is a nucleoside analogue of cytidine that specifically inhibits DNA methylation by trapping <b>DNA methyltransferases</b>.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.97%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg</p>   | <p><b>6-Mercaptopurine</b><br/>(Mercaptopurine; 6-MP)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-13677</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> 6-Mercaptopurine is a purine analogue which acts as an antagonist of the <b>endogenous purines</b> and has been widely used as antileukemic agent and immunosuppressive drug.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 96.0%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 50 mg, 100 mg, 500 mg</p>    |
| <p><b>6-Thioguanine</b><br/>(Thioguanine2-Amino-6-purinethiol)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-13765</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> 6-Thioguanine (Thioguanine) is an anti-leukemia and immunosuppressant agent, acts as an inhibitor of SARS and MERS coronavirus papain-like proteases ( <b>PLpros</b>) and also potentially inhibits <b>USP2</b> activity, with <b>IC<sub>50</sub>s</b> of 25 <math>\mu</math>M and 40 <math>\mu</math>M for</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> Plpros and recombinant human USP2, respectively. 98.0%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>100 mg, 500 mg</p>  | <p><b>A-317491</b></p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-15568</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> A-317491 is a non-nucleotide P2X3 and P2X2/3 receptor antagonist, which inhibits calcium flux mediated by the receptors. IC50 value: Target: P2X2/3 It is known that P2X3 and P2X2/3 receptors stimulate the pronociceptive effects of ATP upon activation. Studies indicate that the P2X3 receptor...</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.18%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg</p>   |
| <p><b>A-317491 sodium salt hydrate</b></p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-15568A</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> A-317491 is a non-nucleotide P2X3 and P2X2/3 receptor antagonist, which inhibits calcium flux mediated by the receptors. IC50 value: Target: P2X2/3 receptor It is known that P2X3 and P2X2/3 receptors stimulate the pronociceptive effects of ATP upon activation. Studies indicate that the P2X3...</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.65%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in Water,<br/>5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg</p>    | <p><b>A-867744</b></p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-12149</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> A-867744 is a positive allosteric modulator of <math>\alpha 7</math> nAChRs (IC50 values are 0.98 and 1.12 <math>\mu</math>M for human and rat <math>\alpha 7</math> receptor ACh-evoked currents respectively, in X. laevis oocytes). Displays no activity at 5-HT3A, <math>\alpha 3\beta 4</math> or <math>\alpha 4\beta 2</math> nAChRs. IC50 value: ~ 1 <math>\mu</math>M Target: <math>\alpha 7</math> nAChR Target:</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.92%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>  |
| <p><b>ABT-737</b></p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-50907</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> ABT-737 is a selective and BH3 mimetic <b>Bcl-xL</b>, <b>Bcl-2</b> and <b>Bcl-w</b> inhibitor with <b>EC<sub>50</sub>s</b> of 78.7 nM, 30.3 nM and 197.8 nM, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.59%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg</p>   | <p><b>ABT-751</b><br/>(E7010)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-13270</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> ABT-751(E 7010) is a novel bioavailable tubulin-binding and antimitotic sulfonamide agent with IC50 of about 1.5 and 3.4 <math>\mu</math>M in neuroblastoma and non-neuroblastoma cell lines, respectively. IC50 Value: 1.5 <math>\mu</math>M(neuroblastoma); 3.4 <math>\mu</math>M(non-neuroblastoma) Target: Microtubule/Tubulin in vitro:...</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.87%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 2</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>   |

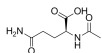
### Aceglutamide

( $\alpha$ -N-Acetyl-L-glutamine; N2-Acetylglutamine)

Cat. No.: HY-B1065

**Bioactivity:** Aceglutamide is a psychostimulant and nootropic, used to improve memory and concentration.

**Purity:** 98.0%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
1 g

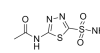


### Acetazolamide

Cat. No.: HY-B0782

**Bioactivity:** Acetazolamide is a **carbonic anhydrase (CA) IX** inhibitor with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 30 nM for **hCA IX** [1], Diuretic effects [4].

**Purity:** 99.87%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
1 g, 5 g



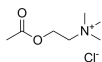
### Acetylcholine chloride

(ACh; ACh chloride)

Cat. No.: HY-B0282

**Bioactivity:** Acetylcholine (chloride) is a common **neurotransmitter** found in the central and peripheral nerve system.

**Purity:** 98.0%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
1 g, 5 g



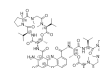
### Actinomycin D

(Dactinomycin; Actinomycin IV)

Cat. No.: HY-17559

**Bioactivity:** Actinomycin D inhibits **DNA repair** with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 0.42  $\mu$ M.

**Purity:** 99.89%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg



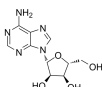
### Adenosine

(Adenine riboside; D-Adenosine)

Cat. No.: HY-B0228

**Bioactivity:** Adenosine is a nucleoside composed of a molecule of adenine attached to a ribose sugar molecule (ribofuranose) moiety via a  $\beta$ -N9-glycosidic bond. Target: Nucleoside antimetabolite/analog Adenosine plays an important role in biochemical processes, such as energy transfer — as adenosine...

**Purity:** 99.84%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
1 g, 5 g



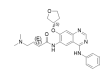
### Afatinib

(BIBW 2992)

Cat. No.: HY-10261

**Bioactivity:** Afatinib (BIBW 2992) is an irreversible **EGFR** family inhibitor with **IC<sub>50</sub>**s of 0.5 nM, 0.4 nM, 10 nM and 14 nM for EGFR <sup>wt</sup>, EGFR <sup>L858R</sup>, EGFR <sup>L858R/T790M</sup> and HER2, respectively.

**Purity:** 99.99%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg



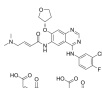
### Afatinib dimaleate

(BIBW 2992MA2)

Cat. No.: HY-10261A

**Bioactivity:** Afatinib dimaleate is an irreversible **EGFR** family inhibitor with **IC<sub>50</sub>**s of 0.5 nM, 0.4 nM, 10 nM and 14 nM for EGFR <sup>wt</sup>, EGFR <sup>L858R</sup>, EGFR <sup>L858R/T790M</sup> and HER2, respectively.

**Purity:** 99.31%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg



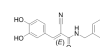
### AG-490

(Tyrphostin AG 490)

Cat. No.: HY-12000

**Bioactivity:** AG-490 is a tyrosine kinase inhibitor that inhibits **EGFR**, **Stat-3** and **JAK2/3**.

**Purity:** 99.84%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg



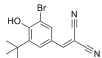
### AG1024

(Tyrphostin AG 1024)

Cat. No.: HY-10253

**Bioactivity:** AG-1024 (Tyrphostin) inhibits IGF-1R autophosphorylation with IC50 of 7  $\mu$ M, less potent to IR with IC50 of 57  $\mu$ M. IC50 value: 7  $\mu$ M (IGF-1R autophosphorylation); 57  $\mu$ M (IR) [1] Target: IGF-1R; IR in vitro: AG-1024 blocks the IGF-1 receptor and IR autophosphorylation with IC50 of 7  $\mu$ M and 57  $\mu$ M,...

**Purity:** 97.16%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg



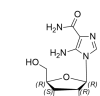
### AICAR

(Acadesine; AICA Riboside)

Cat. No.: HY-13417

**Bioactivity:** AICAR is a cell-permeable AMP-activated protein kinase (**AMPK**) activator.

**Purity:** 99.92%  
**Clinical Data:** Phase 3  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in Water,  
50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg



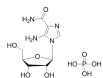
### AICAR phosphate

(Acadesine phosphate; AICA Riboside phosphate)

Cat. No.: HY-13417A

**Bioactivity:** AICAR phosphate is an activator of AMP-activated protein kinase (**AMPK**).

**Purity:** 98.0%  
**Clinical Data:** Phase 3  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in Water,  
50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg



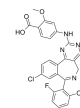
### Alisertib

(MLN 8237)

Cat. No.: HY-10971

**Bioactivity:** Alisertib (MLN 8237) is an oral active and selective **Aurora A** kinase inhibitor with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 1.2 nM.

**Purity:** 99.84%  
**Clinical Data:** Phase 3  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg



### Aliskiren

(CGP 60536; CGP60536B; SPP 100)

Cat. No.: HY-12176

**Bioactivity:** Aliskiren (CGP 60536) is a direct renin inhibitor with IC<sub>50</sub> of 1.5 nM. IC<sub>50</sub> value: 1.5 nM [1] Target: renin in vitro: Aliskiren hemifumarate appears to bind to both the hydrophobic S1/S3-binding pocket and to a large, distinct subpocket that extends from the S3-binding site towards the hydrophobic core...

**Purity:** 99.57%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg



### Aliskiren hemifumarate (CGP 60536 (hemifumarate); CGP60536B

(hemifumarate); SPP 100 (hemifumarate)

Cat. No.: HY-12177

**Bioactivity:** Aliskiren hemifumarate (CGP 60536 hemifumarate) is a direct renin inhibitor with IC<sub>50</sub> of 1.5 nM. IC<sub>50</sub> value: 1.5 nM [1] Target: renin in vitro: Aliskiren hemifumarate appears to bind to both the hydrophobic S1/S3-binding pocket and to a large, distinct subpocket that extends from the S3-binding site...

**Purity:** 99.47%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in Water,  
10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg



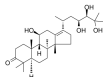
### Alisol A

(Alisol-A)

Cat. No.: HY-N0853

**Bioactivity:** Alisol A is a natural product.

**Purity:** 98.0%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg

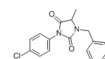


### ALLO-1

Cat. No.: HY-121546

**Bioactivity:** ALLO-1, an autophagy receptor, is essential for autophagosome formation around paternal organelles and directly binds to the worm LC3 homologue LGG-1 through its LC3-interacting region (LIR) motif [1].

**Purity:** >98%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 5 mg, 10 mg



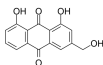
### Aloe emodin

(Rhubarberone; 3-Hydroxymethylchrysazine)

Cat. No.: HY-N0189

**Bioactivity:** Aloe emodin is a hydroxyanthraquinone present in Aloe vera leaves, has a specific in vitro and in vivo antitumor activity. IC<sub>50</sub> value: Target: in vitro: aloe-emodin treatment led to the dissociation of heat shock protein 90 (HSP90) and ER  $\alpha$  and increased ER  $\alpha$  ubiquitination. Protein fractionation...

**Purity:** 97.70%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 100 mg, 500 mg



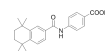
### AM580

(CD336; NSC608001; Ro 40-6055)

Cat. No.: HY-10475

**Bioactivity:** AM580 is a selective **RAR $\alpha$**  agonist with **IC<sub>50</sub>** and **EC<sub>50</sub>** of 8 nM and 0.36 nM, respectively.

**Purity:** 99.41%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg

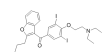


### Amiodarone

Cat. No.: HY-14187

**Bioactivity:** Amiodarone is an antiarrhythmic drug for inhibition of ATP-sensitive potassium channel with an IC<sub>50</sub> of 19.1  $\mu$ M.

**Purity:** >98%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

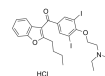


### Amiodarone hydrochloride

Cat. No.: HY-14188

**Bioactivity:** Amiodarone is an antiarrhythmic drug for inhibition of ATP-sensitive potassium channel with IC<sub>50</sub> of 19.1  $\mu$ M. IC<sub>50</sub> Value: 1.5  $\mu$ M (inhibit TBARS, LOOH and FPL formation)[1] in vitro: It was found that 10  $\mu$ M amiodarone induces accumulation of ethidium bromide (5  $\mu$ g/ml) in Saccharomyces cerevisiae...

**Purity:** 99.82%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
1 g, 5 g



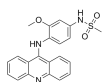
**Amsacrine**

(m-AMSA; acridinyl aniside)

Cat. No.: HY-13551

**Bioactivity:** Amsacrine (m-AMSA) is an inhibitor of **topoisomerase II**, and acts as an antineoplastic agent which can intercalates into the DNA of tumor cells.

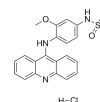
**Purity:** 99.98%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 500 mg

**Amsacrine hydrochloride**

(m-AMSA hydrochloride; acridinyl aniside hydrochloride) Cat. No.: HY-13551A

**Bioactivity:** Amsacrine hydrochloride (mAMSA hydrochloride) is an inhibitor of **topoisomerase II**, and acts as an antineoplastic agent which can intercalates into the DNA of tumor cells.

**Purity:** >98%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

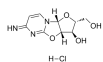
**Ancitabine hydrochloride** (Cyclocytidine hydrochloride;

Cyclo-CMP hydrochloride; Cyclo-C)

Cat. No.: HY-N0093

**Bioactivity:** Ancitabine (hydrochloride) is an important antileukemia drugs.

**Purity:** 98.59%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
 200 mg, 1 g

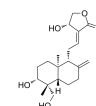
**Andrographolide**

(Andrographis)

Cat. No.: HY-N0191

**Bioactivity:** Andrographolide is a **NF-κB** inhibitor, which inhibits NF-κB activation through covalent modification of a cysteine residue on **p50** in endothelial cells without affecting IκBα degradation or p50/p65 nuclear translocation.

**Purity:** 97.46%  
**Clinical Data:** Phase 4  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
 100 mg, 500 mg

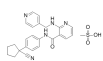
**Apatinib**

(YN968D1)

Cat. No.: HY-13342

**Bioactivity:** Apatinib is a highly selective **VEGFR2** inhibitor with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 1 nM. Apatinib also potently suppresses the activities of Ret, c-Kit and c-Src with **IC<sub>50</sub>s** of 13, 429 and 530 nM, respectively.

**Purity:** 99.93%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

**Apigenin** (4',5,7-Trihydroxyflavone; Apigenol; C.I. Natural

Yellow 1)

Cat. No.: HY-N1201

**Bioactivity:** Apigenin is a competitive **CYP2C9** inhibitor with a **K<sub>i</sub>** of 2 μM.

**Purity:** 98.0%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg

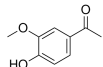
**Apocynin**

(Acetovanillone)

Cat. No.: HY-N0088

**Bioactivity:** Apocynin is a selective **NADPH-oxidase** inhibitor with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 10 μM.

**Purity:** 99.97%  
**Clinical Data:** Phase 1  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
 1 g, 5 g

**Arctigenin**

((-)-Arctigenin)

Cat. No.: HY-N0035

**Bioactivity:** Arctigenin is a lignan found in certain plants of the Asteraceae; it has shown antiviral and anticancer effects in glass; it is the aglycone of arctiin. **IC<sub>50</sub>** value: Target: anticancer agent Arctiin and its aglucone, arctigenin from the fruits of *Arctium lappa* L. showed potent in vitro antiviral...

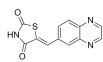
**Purity:** 99.63%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

**AS-605240**

Cat. No.: HY-10109

**Bioactivity:** AS-605240 is a specific and orally active inhibitor of the **PI3Kγ**, with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 8 nM, and a **K<sub>i</sub>** of 7.8 nM.

**Purity:** 98.0%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

**AS1842856**

Cat. No.: HY-100596

**Bioactivity:** AS1842856, a specific **Foxo1** inhibitor (**IC<sub>50</sub>**=30 nM), potently suppresses **autophagy** [1]. AS1842856 inhibits FoxO1 activity by suppressing the expression of SIRT1. AS1842856 only reduces the activity of FoxO1 by binding with it, without affect...

**Purity:** 98.09%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg



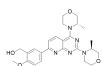
|  |   |
|--|---|
| <p><b>Aspirin</b><br/>(ASA; Acetylsalicylic Acid)</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Aspirin is a non-selective and irreversible inhibitor of <b>COX-1</b> and <b>COX-2</b> with <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b>s of 5 and 210 µg/mL.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.0%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br/><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>1 g, 5 g</p>   | <p><b>AT9283</b></p> <p><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-14654</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> AT9283 is a multitargeted kinase inhibitor which potently inhibits <b>aurora kinase A/B</b>, <b>JAK2/3</b> ( <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b>=1.2 nM, 1.1 nM).</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.13%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 2<br/><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>2 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>   |
| <p><b>Atorvastatin hemicalcium salt</b><br/>(CI-981; Atorvastatin hemicalcium)</p> <p><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-17379</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Atorvastatin hemicalcium salt is a potent <b>HMG-CoA reductase</b> inhibitor with an <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b> value of 8 nM.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.98%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br/><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg</p>   | <p><b>Atropine sulfate monohydrate</b><br/>(Atropine sulfate hydrate)</p> <p><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-B0394</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Atropine sulfate monohydrate is a competitive muscarinic acetylcholine receptor antagonist. Target: mAChR Atropine is a naturally occurring tropane alkaloid extracted from deadly nightshade (<i>Atropa belladonna</i>), Jimson weed (<i>Datura stramonium</i>), mandrake (<i>Mandragora officinarum</i>) and other...</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.62%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br/><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>100 mg</p>  |
| <p><b>Autophinib</b></p> <p><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-101920</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Autophinib is a potent <b>autophagy</b> inhibitor, which can inhibit autophagy induced by starvation or rapamycin by targeting the lipid kinase VPS34 with <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b>s of 90, 40 and 19 nM, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.06%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br/><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>2 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>    | <p><b>Avermectin B1</b><br/>(Abamectin; Avermectin B1a-Avermectin B1b mixt.)</p> <p><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-15311</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Avermectin B1 (Abamectin) is a widely used insecticide and anthelmintic. IC50 Value: N/A Target: Antiparasitic Avermectin B1 is a mixture of avermectins containing more than 80% avermectin B1a and less than 20% avermectin B1b. These two components, B1a and B1b have very similar biological and...</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 97.0%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 3<br/><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>100 mg</p>          |
| <p><b>AZ304</b></p> <p><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-117273</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> AZ304 is an ATP-competitive dual <b>BRAF</b> kinase inhibitor, potently inhibits wild type BRAF, V600E mutant BRAF and wild type CRAF, with <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b>s of 79 nM, 38 nM and 68 nM, respectively. AZ304 also has significant effect on other kinases, such...</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.39%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br/><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>  | <p><b>Azathramycin</b><br/>(Azaerythromycin A; Desmethyl Azithromycin)</p> <p><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-17442</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Azathramycin is an antibiotic.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 98.0%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br/><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 250 mg, 500 mg</p>    |
| <p><b>AZD 6482</b><br/>(KIN 193)</p> <p><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-10344</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> AZD 6482 is a potent and selective <b>p110β</b> inhibitor with <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b> of 0.69 nM.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.26%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 1<br/><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg</p>   | <p><b>AZD-3463</b><br/>(ALK/IGF1R inhibitor)</p> <p><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-15609</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> AZD-3463 is an ALK/IGF1R inhibitor which overcomes multiple mechanisms of acquired resistance to crizotinib. IC50 Value: Target: ALK/IGF1R</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 98.49%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br/><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>   |

**AZD-8055**

Cat. No.: HY-10422

**Bioactivity:** AZD-8055 is a novel ATP-competitive inhibitor of **mTOR** kinase with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 0.8 nM. AZD-8055 inhibits both **mTORC1** and **mTORC2**.

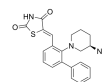
**Purity:** 98.60%  
**Clinical Data:** Phase 1  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg

**AZD1208**

Cat. No.: HY-15604

**Bioactivity:** AZD1208 is a novel, orally bioavailable, highly selective **PIM** kinases inhibitor.

**Purity:** 99.67%  
**Clinical Data:** Phase 1  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg

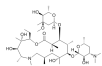
**Azithromycin**

(CP-62993)

Cat. No.: HY-17506

**Bioactivity:** Azithromycin is a macrolide antibiotic useful for the treatment of a number of bacterial infections.

**Purity:** 98.0%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg

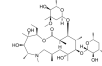
**Azithromycin hydrate**

(CP-62993 dihydrate)

Cat. No.: HY-17506A

**Bioactivity:** Azithromycin hydrate is a macrolide antibiotic useful for the treatment of a number of bacterial infections.

**Purity:** >98%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 50 mg, 100 mg

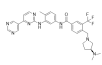
**Bafetinib**

(INNO-406; NS-187)

Cat. No.: HY-50868

**Bioactivity:** Bafetinib is a **Lyn** and **Bcr-Abl** tyrosine kinase inhibitor with potential antineoplastic activity.

**Purity:** 99.80%  
**Clinical Data:** Phase 2  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

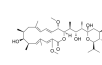
**Bafilomycin A1**

(-)-Bafilomycin A1

Cat. No.: HY-100558

**Bioactivity:** Bafilomycin A1, a macrolide antibiotic isolated from the *Streptomyces* species, is a specific inhibitor of **vacuolar-type H<sup>+</sup> ATPase (V-ATPase)**. Bafilomycin A1 inhibits **autophagy** <sup>[1]</sup>.

**Purity:** 99.0%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 100u g

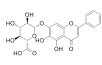
**Baicalin**

(Baicalein 7-O-β-D-glucuronide)

Cat. No.: HY-N0197

**Bioactivity:** Baicalin is a flavonoid glycoside isolated from *Scutellaria baicalensis*. Baicalin reduces the expression of **NF-κB**.

**Purity:** 98.01%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
 100 mg, 500 mg, 1 g, 5 g

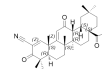
**Bardoxolone methyl**

(NSC 713200; RTA 402; CDDO Methyl ester)

Cat. No.: HY-13324

**Bioactivity:** Bardoxolone methyl (NSC 713200; RTA 402; CDDO Methyl ester) is a synthetic triterpenoid compound with potential antineoplastic and anti-inflammatory activities, acting as an activator of the **Nrf2** pathway and an inhibitor of the **NF-κB** pathway.

**Purity:** 99.72%  
**Clinical Data:** Phase 3  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg

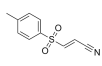
**BAY 11-7082**

(BAY 11-7821)

Cat. No.: HY-13453

**Bioactivity:** BAY 11-7082 is a **NF-κB** inhibitor which decreases NF-κB by inhibiting TNF-α-induced phosphorylation of IκB-α. BAY 11-7082 inhibits ubiquitin-specific protease **USP7** and **USP21** with **IC<sub>50</sub>s** of 0.19 μM and 0.96 μM, respectively.

**Purity:** 99.42%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

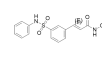
**Belinostat**

(PXD101; PX105684)

Cat. No.: HY-10225

**Bioactivity:** Belinostat is a potent **HDAC** inhibitor with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 27 nM in HeLa cell extracts.

**Purity:** 99.97%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg



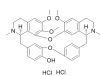


**Berberine dihydrochloride**

Cat. No.: HY-N0714A

**Bioactivity:** Berberine dihydrochloride is an inhibitor of **NF-κB** activity with remarkable anti-myeloma efficacy.

**Purity:** 95.98%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
200 mg, 500 mg

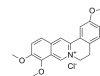
**Berberine chloride**

(Natural Yellow 18 (chloride))

Cat. No.: HY-18258

**Bioactivity:** Berberine chloride is an alkaloid isolated from the Chinese herbal medicine Huanglian, as an **antibiotic**. Berberine chloride induces reactive oxygen species ( **ROS**) generation and inhibits **DNA topoisomerase**. Antineoplastic properties [1]

**Purity:** >98%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 100 mg, 500 mg

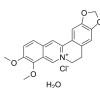
**Berberine chloride hydrate**

(Natural Yellow 18 (chloride hydrate))

Cat. No.: HY-17577

**Bioactivity:** Berberine chloride hydrate is an alkaloid isolated from the Chinese herbal medicine Huanglian, as an **antibiotic**. Berberine chloride hydrate induces reactive oxygen species ( **ROS**) generation and inhibits **DNA topoisomerase**. Antineoplastic properties [1].

**Purity:** 99.56%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 g

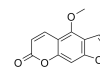
**Bergapten**

(5-Methoxypsoralen)

Cat. No.: HY-N0370

**Bioactivity:** Bergapten is a natural anti-inflammatory and anti-tumor agent isolated from bergamot essential oil, other citrus essential oils and grapefruit juice. Bergapten is inhibitory towards mouse and human **CYP** isoforms.

**Purity:** 99.96%  
**Clinical Data:** Phase 3  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
1 g, 5 g

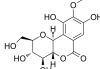
**Bergenin**

(Cuscutin)

Cat. No.: HY-N0017

**Bioactivity:** Bergenin, a polyphenol, is a potent antinarcotic agent with antioxidant action. IC50 value: < 2.5 μM (antiplasmodial) [3] Target: In vitro: The naloxone-precipitated withdrawal symptom (jumping frequency) was significantly ameliorated (50% of control group) by administration of bergenin (20 mg/kg) in...

**Purity:** 99.50%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
2 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg

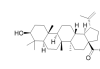
**Betulinic acid**

(Lupatic acid; Betulic acid)

Cat. No.: HY-10529

**Bioactivity:** Betulinic acid is a natural pentacyclic triterpenoid, acts as a eukaryotic **topoisomerase I** inhibitor, with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 5 μM, and possesses anti-HIV, anti-malarial, anti-inflammatory and anti-tumor properties.

**Purity:** 98.18%  
**Clinical Data:** Phase 2  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg

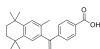
**Bexarotene**

(LGD1069)

Cat. No.: HY-14171

**Bioactivity:** Bexarotene (LGD1069) is a selective **retinoid X receptors (RXR)** agonist for the treatment of cutaneous T-cell lymphoma.

**Purity:** 99.81%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
50 mg, 100 mg, 500 mg

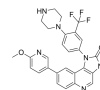
**BGT226**

(NVP-BGT226)

Cat. No.: HY-13334A

**Bioactivity:** BGT226 (NVP-BGT226) is a **PI3K** (with **IC<sub>50</sub>s** of 4 nM, 63 nM and 38 nM for **PI3Kα**, **PI3Kβ** and **PI3Kγ**) / **mTOR** dual inhibitor which displays potent growth-inhibitory activity against human head and neck cancer cells [1] [2].

**Purity:** >98%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg

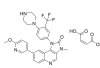
**BGT226 maleate**

(NVP-BGT226 (maleate))

Cat. No.: HY-13334

**Bioactivity:** BGT226 maleate (NVP-BGT226 maleate) is a **PI3K** (with **IC<sub>50</sub>s** of 4 nM, 63 nM and 38 nM for **PI3Kα**, **PI3Kβ** and **PI3Kγ**) / **mTOR** dual inhibitor which displays potent growth-inhibitory activity against human head and neck cancer cells [1] [2].

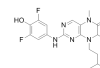
**Purity:** 99.76%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

**BI-D1870**



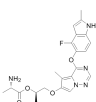






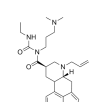
Cat. No.: HY-10510

**Bioactivity:** BI-D1870 is an ATP-competitive inhibitor of **RSK** isoforms, with **IC<sub>50</sub>s** of 31 nM/24 nM/18 nM/15 nM for RSK1/SK2/SK3/SK4, respectively.

**Purity:** 99.60%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
2 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg



|   |   |
|---|---|
| <p><b>Bicalutamide</b></p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-14249</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Bicalutamide is a non-steroidal <b>androgen receptor</b> inhibitor.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.61%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg, 1 g, 5 g</p>    | <p><b>Bicyclol</b><br/>(SY801)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-B0766</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Bicyclol(SY 801) is a anti-hepatitis drug. Target: HBV Oral administration of bicyclol normalized the elevated serum transaminases (ALT, AST) by approximately 50% in chronic viral hepatitis B and C, and also showed certain level of inhibiting HBV and HCV replication. No noticeable adverse reaction has...</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.97%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg</p>   |
| <p><b>BIIB021</b><br/>(CNF2024)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-10212</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> BIIB021 is an orally available, fully synthetic inhibitor of <b>HSP90</b> with <b>K<sub>i</sub></b> and <b>EC<sub>50</sub></b> of 1.7 nM and 38 nM, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.93%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 2</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg</p>  | <p><b>Bilobalide</b><br/>(-)-Bilobalide)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-N0076</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Bilobalide is a biologically active terpenic trilactone present in Ginkgo biloba. An increasing number of studies have demonstrated its neuroprotective effects. IC50 Value: 3.33 (pIC50 Value) [1] Target: neuroprotective in vitro: Inhibition by BB and GB was abolished in mutant receptors containing T6'S...</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 98.0%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>                               |
| <p><b>Binimetinib</b><br/>(MEK162; ARRY-162; ARRY-438162)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-15202</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Binimetinib (MEK162) is an oral and selective <b>MEK1/2</b> inhibitor with an <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b> of 12 nM.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 98.61%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 3</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg</p>                               | <p><b>Bisdemethoxycurcumin</b><br/>(Curcumin III; Didemethoxycurcumin)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-N0007</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Bisdemethoxycurcumin(Curcumin III; Didemethoxycurcumin) is a natural derivative of curcumin with anti-inflammatory and anti-cancer activities. IC50 value: Target: Anticancer natural compound in vitro: BDMC-induced apoptosis was mediated by a combinatory inhibition of cytoprotective proteins, such as...</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 98.0%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>  |
| <p><b>BIX-01294</b></p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-10587</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> BIX-01294 is an inhibitor of <b>G9a Histone Methyltransferase</b> with an <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b> of 1.9 μM. BIX-01294 also inhibits ATF3 expression.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 98.61%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>10 mg, 50 mg</p>                               | <p><b>Bortezomib</b> (PS-341; Brotezamide; DPBA; LDP 341; MG 341; Radiolol; NSC 681239)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-10227</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Bortezomib (PS-341) is a potent <b>20S proteasome</b> inhibitor with a <b>K<sub>i</sub></b> of 0.6 nM.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.97%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg</p>    |
| <p><b>Bosutinib</b><br/>(SKI-606)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-10158</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Bosutinib is a dual <b>Src/Abl</b> inhibitor with <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b>s of 1.2 nM and 1 nM, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.83%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg</p>   | <p><b>BRD5631</b></p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-125197</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> BRD5631 is an <b>autophagy</b> enhancer, enhances <b>autophagy</b> through an mTOR-independent pathway. BRD5631 affects several cellular disease phenotypes previously linked to autophagy, including protein aggregation, cell survival, bacterial replication, and inflammatory cytokine production [1].</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported</p> <p><b>Size:</b></p>    |

|   |  |
|---|--|
| <b>Brefeldin A</b><br><b>(BFA; Cyanein; Decumbin)</b><br><b>Cat. No.: HY-16592</b><br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Brefeldin A is a specific inhibitor of <b>protein trafficking</b> which blocks the protein transport from the endoplasmic reticulum to the Golgi complex.<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.79%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg                             | <b>Brivanib</b><br><b>(BMS-540215)</b><br><b>Cat. No.: HY-10337</b><br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Brivanib is an ATP-competitive inhibitor against <b>VEGFR2</b> with <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b> of 25 nM, and has moderate potency against VEGFR-1 and FGFR-1, but >240-fold against PDGFR-β.<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.37%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg    |
| <b>Brivanib alaninate</b><br><b>(BMS-582664)</b><br><b>Cat. No.: HY-10336</b><br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Brivanib alaninate is an ATP-competitive inhibitor against <b>VEGFR2</b> with an <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b> of 25 nM; has moderate potency against VEGFR-1 and FGFR-1, but more than 240-fold against PDGFRβ.<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.76%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 3<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg  | <b>Bromhexine hydrochloride</b><br><b>Cat. No.: HY-B0372A</b><br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Bromhexine Hydrochloride is a medication prescribed for coughs which works by dissolving hard phlegm. Target: Others<br>Bromhexine is a mucolytic agent used in the treatment of respiratory disorders associated with viscid or excessive mucus. In addition, bromhexine has antioxidant properties...<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.91%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 g, 10 g   |
| <b>Bromocriptine mesylate</b><br><b>(CB-154)</b><br><b>Cat. No.: HY-12705A</b><br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Bromocriptine mesylate is a potent <b>dopamine D2/D3 receptor</b> agonist, which binds D2 dopamine receptor with <b>pK<sub>i</sub></b> of 8.05±0.2.<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.98%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg   | <b>Butein</b><br><b>(2',3,4,4'-tetrahydroxy Chalcone)</b><br><b>Cat. No.: HY-16558</b><br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Butein, a plant polyphenol isolated from Rhus verniciflua, inhibit the activation of protein tyrosine kinase and EGFR. target: EGFR [1] In vitro: 1) Butein inhibited the activation of AKT, extracellular signal-regulated kinase (ERKs) and p38 kinases in the presence of cisplatin.[2] 2) FoxO3a and its...<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.95%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 2 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg  |
| <b>C646</b><br><b>Cat. No.: HY-13823</b><br><b>Bioactivity:</b> C646 is a selective and competitive <b>histone acetyltransferase p300</b> inhibitor with <b>K<sub>i</sub></b> of 400 nM, and is less potent for other acetyltransferases.<br><b>Purity:</b> 98.0%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 10 mg, 50 mg    | <b>CA-5f</b><br><b>Cat. No.: HY-112698</b><br><b>Bioactivity:</b> CA-5f is a potent late-stage <b>macroautophagy/autophagy</b> inhibitor via inhibiting autophagosome-lysosome fusion. CA-5f increases LC3B-II (a marker to monitor autophagy) and SQSTM1 protein both in A549 cells and HUVECs. Anti-tumor activity [1].<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.12%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg   |
| <b>Cabazitaxel</b><br><b>(XRP6258; RPR-116258A; taxoid XRP6258)</b><br><b>Cat. No.: HY-15459</b><br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Cabazitaxel is a semi-synthetic derivative of the natural taxoid 10-deacetylbaccatin III with potential antineoplastic activity.<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.96%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg   | <b>Cabergoline</b><br><b>(FCE-21336)</b><br><b>Cat. No.: HY-15296</b><br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Cabergoline is an ergot derived-dopamine D <sub>2</sub> -like receptor agonist that has high affinity for <b>D<sub>2</sub>, D<sub>3</sub>, and 5-HT<sub>2B</sub></b> receptors ( <b>K<sub>i</sub></b> =0.7, 1.5, and 1.2, respectively).<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.90%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg   |

### Calcineurin substrate

Cat. No.: HY-P0228

**Bioactivity:** Calcineurin substrate is a peptide from the regulatory RII subunit of cAMP-dependent protein kinase. It can be used in the calcineurin activity assay.

**Purity:** >98%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 500u g, 1 mg, 5 mg

OLDVPIPGFDRRVSVAE

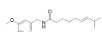
### Capsaicin

((E)-Capsaicin; 8-Methyl-N-vanillyl-trans-6-nonenamide)

Cat. No.: HY-10448

**Bioactivity:** Capsaicin is a **TRPV1** agonist with an **EC<sub>50</sub>** of 0.29  $\mu$ M in HEK293 cells.

**Purity:** 98.39%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
50 mg, 100 mg



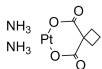
### Carboplatin

(NSC 241240)

Cat. No.: HY-17393

**Bioactivity:** Carboplatin (NSC 241240) is a **DNA synthesis** inhibitor which binds to DNA, inhibits replication and transcription and induces cell death. Carboplatin (NSC 241240) is a derivative of CDDP and a potent anti-cancer agent.

**Purity:** 99.93%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg



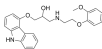
### Carvedilol

(BM 14190)

Cat. No.: HY-B0006

**Bioactivity:** Carvedilol(BM14190) is a non-selective beta blocker/alpha-1 blocker with an IC<sub>50</sub> of 3.8  $\mu$ M for inhibition of LDL oxidation. IC<sub>50</sub> Value: 3.8  $\mu$ M ( inhibition of LDL oxidation)  
Target: beta Adrenergic Receptor Carvedilol is a nonselective-blocking agent and is used in the treatment of...

**Purity:** 99.93%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
100 mg, 500 mg



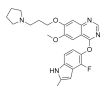
### Cediranib

(AZD2171)

Cat. No.: HY-10205

**Bioactivity:** Cediranib (AZD2171) is a highly potent, orally available **VEGFR** tyrosine kinase inhibitor with **IC<sub>50</sub>s** of <1, <3, 5, 5, 36, 2 nM for Flt1, KDR, Flt4, PDGFR $\alpha$ , PDGFR $\beta$ , c-Kit, respectively.

**Purity:** 99.58%  
**Clinical Data:** Phase 3  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg



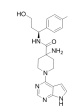
### Capivasertib

(AZD5363)

Cat. No.: HY-15431

**Bioactivity:** Capivasertib (AZD5363) is a potent **pan-AKT** kinase inhibitor with **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 3, 7 and 7 nM for **Akt1**, **Akt2** and **Akt3**, respectively.

**Purity:** 99.71%  
**Clinical Data:** Phase 2  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg



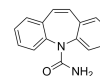
### Carbamazepine

(CBZ; NSC 169864)

Cat. No.: HY-B0246

**Bioactivity:** Carbamazepine, a sodium channel blocker, is an anticonvulsant drug. Target: Sodium channel Carbamazepine inhibits the binding of [3H]batrachotoxinin A 20- $\alpha$ -benzoate (BTX-B) to a receptor site of voltage-sensitive sodium channel with IC<sub>50</sub> of 131  $\mu$ M, to decrease the activation of sodium channel ion flux...

**Purity:** 99.35%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
100 mg, 500 mg



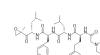
### Carfilzomib

(PR-171)

Cat. No.: HY-10455

**Bioactivity:** Carfilzomib is an irreversible **proteasome** inhibitor with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 5 nM in ANBL-6 and RPMI 8226 cells.

**Purity:** 99.96%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg

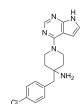


### CCT128930

Cat. No.: HY-13260

**Bioactivity:** CCT128930 is a potent and selective inhibitor of **Akt2** (**IC<sub>50</sub>** 6 nM) with 28-fold selectivity over the closely related PKA kinase (**IC<sub>50</sub>** 168 nM), as well as 20-fold selectivity over p70S6K (**IC<sub>50</sub>** 120 nM).

**Purity:** 99.15%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg



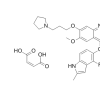
### Cediranib maleate

(AZD-2171 maleate)

Cat. No.: HY-13049

**Bioactivity:** Cediranib maleate (AZD-2171 maleate) is a highly potent, orally available **VEGFR** inhibitor with **IC<sub>50</sub>s** of <1, <3, 5, 5, 36, 2 nM for Flt1, KDR, Flt4, PDGFR $\alpha$ , PDGFR $\beta$ , c-Kit, respectively.

**Purity:** 96.67%  
**Clinical Data:** Phase 3  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg



|  |  |
|--|--|
| <b>CGI-1746</b><br>Cat. No.: HY-11999<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> CGI-1746 is a potent and highly selective inhibitor of the <b>Btk</b> with <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b> of 1.9 nM.<br><b>Purity:</b> 97.40%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br>5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg<br>   | <b>Chelerythrine Chloride</b><br>Cat. No.: HY-12048<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Chelerythrine Chloride is a potent, cell-permeable inhibitor of <b>protein kinase C</b> , with an <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b> of 660 nM.<br><b>Purity:</b> 98.0%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br>5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg<br>   |
| <b>CHIR-99021</b><br>(CT99021)<br>Cat. No.: HY-10182<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> CHIR-99021 is a <b>GSK-3<math>\alpha</math>/<math>\beta</math></b> inhibitor with an <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b> of 10 and 6.7 nM showing 500-fold selectivity over its closest homologs CDC2 and ERK2, as well as other protein kinases.<br><b>Purity:</b> 98.68%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br>5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg<br>  | <b>CHIR-99021 monohydrochloride</b><br>(CT99021 monohydrochloride)<br>Cat. No.: HY-10182A<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> CHIR-99021 monohydrochloride is a <b>GSK-3<math>\alpha</math>/<math>\beta</math></b> inhibitor with <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b> of 10 nM/6.7 nM; > 500-fold selectivity for GSK-3 versus its closest homologs CDC2 and ERK2, as well as other protein kinases.<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.93%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br>5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg<br>  |
| <b>CHIR-99021 trihydrochloride</b><br>(CT99021 trihydrochloride)<br>Cat. No.: HY-10182B<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> CHIR-99021 trihydrochloride is a <b>GSK-3<math>\alpha</math>/<math>\beta</math></b> inhibitor with <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b> of 10 nM/6.7 nM; > 500-fold selectivity for GSK-3 versus its closest homologs CDC2 and ERK2, as well as other protein kinases.<br><b>Purity:</b> 97.93%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br>5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg<br> | <b>Chloroquine diphosphate</b><br>Cat. No.: HY-17589<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Chloroquine (diphosphate) is an antimalarial and anti-inflammatory drug widely used to treat malaria and rheumatoid arthritis. Chloroquine is an inhibitor of <b>autophagy</b> and <b>toll-like receptors (TLRs)</b> .<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.94%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in Water,<br>100 mg<br>  |
| <b>Chlorpromazine hydrochloride</b><br>Cat. No.: HY-B0407A<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Chlorpromazine Hydrochloride is an antagonist of the <b>dopamine D2, 5HT2A, potassium channel</b> and <b>sodium channel</b> . Chlorpromazine binds with D2 and 5HT2A with <b>K<sub>i</sub>s</b> of 363 nM and 8.3 nM, respectively.<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.83%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 1 g, 5 g<br>   | <b>Ciclopirox</b><br>(HOE296b)<br>Cat. No.: HY-B0450<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Ciclopirox (Penlac) is a synthetic antifungal agent. Target: Antifungal Ciclopirox is a synthetic antifungal agent for topical dermatologic treatment of superficial mycoses. It is most useful against <i>Tinea versicolor</i> . The mechanism of action of ciclopirox is poorly understood [1]. However, loss of...<br><b>Purity:</b> 98.76%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br>50 mg, 100 mg<br>                                       |
| <b>Cilengitide</b><br>(EMD 121974)<br>Cat. No.: HY-16141<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Cilengitide is a potent and selective <b>integrin</b> inhibitor for $\alpha_v\beta_3$ and $\alpha_v\beta_5$ receptor, with <b>IC<sub>50</sub>s</b> of 4 and 79 nM, respectively.<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.06%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 3<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br>5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg<br>  | <b>Cilostazol</b><br>(OPC 13013; OPC 21)<br>Cat. No.: HY-17464<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Cilostazol(OPC 13013; OPC 21) is a potent inhibitor of PDE3A, the isoform of PDE 3 in the cardiovascular system (IC <sub>50</sub> =0.2 uM). IC <sub>50</sub> Value: 0.2 uM [1] Target: PDE3A in vitro: Cilostazol caused a concentration-dependent increase in the cAMP level in rabbit and human platelets with similar potency. Furthermore,...<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.34%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br>50 mg, 100 mg<br> |

### Cinobufagin

(Cinobufagine)

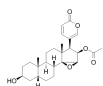
Cat. No.: HY-N0421

**Bioactivity:** Cinobufagin, a kind of Chinese materia medica with antitumor effect, is widely used in clinical practice, especially in anti-liver cancer. IC50 value: Target: In vitro: Cinobufagin inhibited proliferation of cancer cells at doses of 0.1, 1, or 10  $\mu$ M after 2–4 days of culture. Cytotoxicity of cinobufagin...

**Purity:** 98.05%

**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg



### Cisatracurium besylate

(51W89)

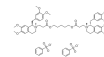
Cat. No.: HY-13596

**Bioactivity:** Cisatracurium Besylate (51W89) is a nondepolarizing neuromuscular blocking agent, antagonizing the action of acetylcholine by inhibiting neuromuscular transmission.

**Purity:** 98.0%

**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in Water,  
25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg



### Citalopram hydrobromide

((±)-Citalopram hydrobromide; Lu 10-171)

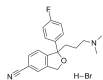
Cat. No.: HY-B1287

**Bioactivity:** Citalopram hydrobromide is an antidepressant drug of the selective serotonin reuptake inhibitor (SSRI) class. It has US FDA approval to treat major depression.

**Purity:** 99.0%

**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg



### Clarithromycin

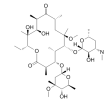
Cat. No.: HY-17508

**Bioactivity:** Clarithromycin is a macrolide antibiotic and a CYP3A4 inhibitor. Target: Antibacterial; CYP3A4 Clarithromycin is a macrolide antibiotic used to treat pharyngitis, tonsillitis, acute maxillary sinusitis, acute bacterial exacerbation of chronic bronchitis, pneumonia (especially atypical pneumonias...

**Purity:** 98.0%

**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg



### Clemastine fumarate

(HS-592 (fumarate); Mecloastine (fumarate))

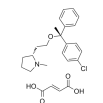
Cat. No.: HY-B0298A

**Bioactivity:** Clemastine (fumarate) (HS-592 (fumarate)) is a selective histamine H1 receptor antagonist with IC<sub>50</sub> of 3 nM.

**Purity:** 99.82%

**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg



### Clioquinol

(Iodochlorhydroxyquin)

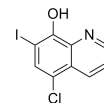
Cat. No.: HY-14603

**Bioactivity:** Clioquinol(Iodochlorhydroxyquin) is an antifungal drug and antiprotozoal compound that shows effectivity for Alzheimer's disease treatment and induce cancer cell death.

**Purity:** 98.0%

**Clinical Data:** Phase 3

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
1 g, 5 g



### Clofarabine

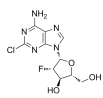
Cat. No.: HY-A0005

**Bioactivity:** Clofarabine(Clofar; Clofarex) inhibits the enzymatic activities of ribonucleotide reductase (IC<sub>50</sub> = 65 nM) and DNA polymerase. IC<sub>50</sub> Value: 65 nM Target: in vitro: Clofarabine is a second generation purine nucleoside analog with antineoplastic activity. It is phosphorylated intracellularly...

**Purity:** 98.0%

**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg, 50 mg



### Clotrimazole

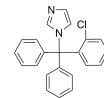
Cat. No.: HY-10882

**Bioactivity:** Clotrimazole is an imidazole derivative, an antifungal compound and is a CYP (cytochrome P450) inhibitor. Target: Antifungal; CYP Clotrimazole (brand name Canesten or Lotrimin) is an antifungal medication commonly used in the treatment of fungal infections (of both humans and other animals) such as...

**Purity:** 99.62%

**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
1 g



### Colchicine

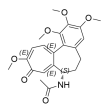
Cat. No.: HY-16569

**Bioactivity:** Colchicine is a **tubulin** inhibitor and a **microtubule** disrupting agent. Colchicine inhibits microtubule polymerization with an IC<sub>50</sub> of 3 nM.

**Purity:** 99.98%

**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
200 mg, 500 mg



### Colistin sulfate

(Polymyxin E Sulfate)

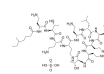
Cat. No.: HY-A0089

**Bioactivity:** Colistin sulfate is a polypeptide antibiotic which inhibits **gram-negative bacteria** by binding to lipopolysaccharides and phospholipids in the outer cell membrane of gram-negative bacteria.

**Purity:** 98.0%

**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in Water,  
100 mg, 500 mg



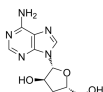
### Cordycepin

(3'-Deoxyadenosine)

Cat. No.: HY-N0262

**Bioactivity:** Cordycepin, which is a nucleoside derivative isolated from Cordyceps, inhibits IL-1 $\beta$ -induced **MMP-1** and **MMP-3** expression in rheumatoid arthritis synovial fibroblasts (RASFs) in a dose-dependent manner.

**Purity:** 99.0%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg



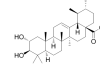
### Corosolic acid

(Colosolic acid; Corsolic acid; Glucosol)

Cat. No.: HY-N0280

**Bioactivity:** Corosolic acid isolated from the fruit of Cratoegus pinnatifida var. psilosa, was reported to have anticancer activity.

**Purity:** 98.0%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg

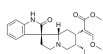


### Corynoxine

Cat. No.: HY-N0901

**Bioactivity:** Corynoxine is an enantiomer of Corynoxine B; induces autophagy in different neuronal cell lines, including N2a and SHSY-5Y cells.

**Purity:** 99.97%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg

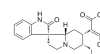


### Corynoxine B

Cat. No.: HY-N0901A

**Bioactivity:** Corynoxine B is an oxindole alkaloid isolated from Uncaria rhynchophylla (Miq.) Jacks (Gouteng in Chinese); a Beclin-1-dependent autophagy inducer.

**Purity:** 99.76%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg



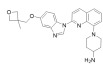
### Crenolanib

(CP-868596)

Cat. No.: HY-13223

**Bioactivity:** Crenolanib is a potent and selective inhibitor of wild-type and mutant isoforms of the class III receptor tyrosine kinases **FLT3** and **PDGFR $\alpha$ / $\beta$**  with **K<sub>d</sub>s** of 0.74 nM and 2.1 nM/3.2 nM, respectively.

**Purity:** 99.78%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

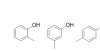


**Cresol** (Cresol mixture of isomers; Hydroxytoluene; Tricresol; Methylphenol)

Cat. No.: HY-B0969

**Bioactivity:** Cresol is organic compounds a widely occurring natural and manufactured group of aromatic organic compounds.

**Purity:** 98.0%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
1 g



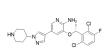
### Crizotinib

(PF-02341066)

Cat. No.: HY-50878

**Bioactivity:** Crizotinib is a potent inhibitor of **c-Met** and **ALK** with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 11 nM and 24 nM in cell-based assays, respectively.

**Purity:** 99.97%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg



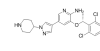
### Crizotinib hydrochloride

(PF-02341066 hydrochloride)

Cat. No.: HY-50878A

**Bioactivity:** Crizotinib hydrochloride is a potent inhibitor of **c-Met** and **ALK** with **IC<sub>50</sub>s** of 11 nM and 24 nM in cell-based assays, respectively.

**Purity:** 99.86%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg



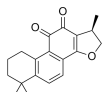
### Cryptotanshinone

(Cryptotanshinon; Tanshinone c)

Cat. No.: HY-N0174

**Bioactivity:** Cryptotanshinone is a natural compound extracted from the root of Salvia miltiorrhiza Bunge that shows antitumor activities. Cryptotanshinone inhibits **STAT3** with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 4.6  $\mu$ M.

**Purity:** 98.51%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg, 50 mg

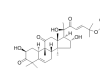


### Cucurbitacin B

Cat. No.: HY-N0416

**Bioactivity:** Cucurbitacin B belongs to a class of highly oxidized tetracyclic triterpenoids; could repress cancer cell progression. IC50 value: Target: anticancer natural compound in vitro: Cucurbitacin-B inhibited growth and modulated expression of cell-cycle regulators in SHSY5Y cells. At the...

**Purity:** 99.92%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg

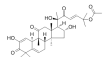


**Cucurbitacin E****( $\alpha$ -Elaterin;  $\alpha$ -Elaterine)**

Cat. No.: HY-N0417

**Bioactivity:** Cucurbitacin E is a natural compound which from the climbing stem of Cucurbit melo L. Cucurbitacin E significantly suppresses the activity of the **cyclin B1/ CDC2** complex.

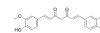
**Purity:** 99.30%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
 5 mg, 10 mg

**Curcumin****(Turmeric yellow; Natural Yellow 3; Diferuloylmethane)**

Cat. No.: HY-N0005

**Bioactivity:** Curcumin (Turmeric yellow) is a natural phenolic compound with diverse pharmacologic effects including anti-inflammatory, antioxidant, antiproliferative and antiangiogenic activities. Curcumin is an inhibitor of p300 histone acetyltransferase (**HATs**) and also shows inhibitory effects on **NF- $\kappa$ B** and...

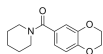
**Purity:** 99.66%  
**Clinical Data:** Phase 4  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
 100 mg, 500 mg

**CX546**

Cat. No.: HY-12505

**Bioactivity:** CX546 is a selective positive AMPAR modulator; the prototypical ampakine agent. IC50 value: Target: AMPAR agonist in vitro: Treatments with the ampakine CX614 markedly and reversibly increased brain-derived neurotrophic factor (BDNF) mRNA and protein levels in cultured rat entorhinal/hippocampal...

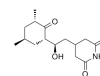
**Purity:** 99.50%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10 mg, 50 mg

**Cycloheximide****(Naramycin A; Actidione; CHX)**

Cat. No.: HY-12320

**Bioactivity:** Cycloheximide (Naramycin A) is an eukaryote **protein synthesis** inhibitor, with **IC<sub>50</sub>**s of 532.5 nM and 2880 nM for protein synthesis and RNA synthesis in vivo, respectively.

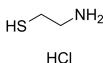
**Purity:** 99.45%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
 200 mg, 500 mg

**Cysteamine hydrochloride** ( $\beta$ -Mercaptoethylamine Hydrochloride; 2-Aminoethanethiol Hydrochloride; ...)

Cat. No.: HY-77591

**Bioactivity:** Cysteamine Hydrochloride is an agent for the treatment of nephropathic cystinosis and an antioxidant. Target: Others Cysteamine has been shown to increase intracellular glutathione levels in cystinotic cells, thus restoring the altered redox state of the cells. Also increased rates of...

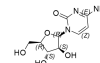
**Purity:** 98.0%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
 5 g

**Cytarabine** (Cytosine  $\beta$ -D-arabinofuranoside; Cytosine Arabinoside; Ara-C)

Cat. No.: HY-13605

**Bioactivity:** Cytarabine, a nucleoside analog, causes S phase cell cycle arrest and inhibits **DNA polymerase**. Cytarabine inhibits **DNA synthesis** with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 16 nM.

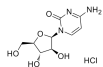
**Purity:** 99.99%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
 100 mg, 500 mg, 1 g

**Cytarabine hydrochloride** (Cytosine  $\beta$ -D-arabinofuranoside hydrochloride; Cytosine Arabinoside hydrochloride; ...)

Cat. No.: HY-13605A

**Bioactivity:** Cytarabine hydrochloride, a nucleoside analog, causes S phase cell cycle arrest and inhibits **DNA polymerase**. Cytarabine inhibits **DNA synthesis** with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 16 nM.

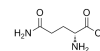
**Purity:** >98%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 100 mg, 500 mg

**D-Glutamine**

Cat. No.: HY-100587

**Bioactivity:** D-Glutamine is a cell-permeable D type stereoisomer of Glutamine.

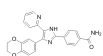
**Purity:** 98.0%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in Water,  
 50 mg, 100 mg

**D4476****(Casein Kinase I Inhibitor)**

Cat. No.: HY-10324

**Bioactivity:** D4476 is a potent, selective and cell-permeable inhibitor of casein kinase 1( **CK1**) with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** value of 0.3  $\mu$ M in vitro.

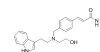
**Purity:** 99.64%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg

**Dacinostat****(NVP-LAQ824; LAQ824)**











Cat. No.: HY-13606

**Bioactivity:** Dacinostat is a potent **HDAC** inhibitor, with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 32 nM; Dacinostat also inhibits **HDAC1** with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 9 nM, and used in cancer research.

**Purity:** 98.0%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
 10 mg, 50 mg





|   |   |
|---|---|
| <b>Dactolisib</b><br><b>(BEZ235; NVP-BEZ235)</b><br><b>Cat. No.: HY-50673</b><br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Dactolisib (BEZ235) is a dual pan-class I <b>PI3K</b> and <b>mTOR</b> kinase inhibitor with <b>IC<sub>50</sub>s</b> of 4 nM/5 nM/7 nM/75 nM, and 20.7 nM for <b>p110α/ p110γ/ p110δ/ p110β</b> and <b>mTOR</b> , respectively. Dactolisib (BEZ235) inhibits both <b>mTORC1</b> and <b>mTORC2</b> .<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.13%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 2<br><b>Size:</b> 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg  | <b>Dactolisib Tosylate</b><br><b>(BEZ235 (Tosylate); NVP-BEZ 235 (Tosylate))</b><br><b>Cat. No.: HY-15174</b><br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Dactolisib (BEZ235) Tosylate is a dual <b>PI3K</b> and <b>mTOR</b> kinase inhibitor with <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b> values of 4, 75, 7, 5 nM for PI3Kα, β, γ, δ, respectively. Dactolisib (BEZ235) Tosylate inhibits <b>mTORC1</b> and <b>mTORC2</b> .<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.89%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 2<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg    |
| <b>Danshensu</b><br><b>(Dan shen suan A; Salviatic acid A)</b><br><b>Cat. No.: HY-N1913</b><br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Danshensu, an active ingredient of <i>Salvia miltiorrhiza</i> , shows wide cardiovascular benefit by activating <b>Nrf2</b> signaling pathway.<br><b>Purity:</b> 98.0%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in Water, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg   | <b>Danshensu sodium salt</b><br><b>(Sodium Danshensu; (±)-DanShenSu sodium sal)</b><br><b>Cat. No.: HY-N0106</b><br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Danshensu (sodium salt) is sodium salt of danshensu from the widely used Chinese herb Danshen. It can inhibit phenylephrine- and CaCl <sub>2</sub> -induced vasoconstriction in Ca <sup>2+</sup> -free medium. In vitro: Sodium danshensu showed a biphasic effects on vessel tension. While low dosage of sodium danshensu...<br><b>Purity:</b> 98.0%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in Water, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg  |
| <b>Danthron</b><br><b>(Danthron; Chrysazin; 1,8-Dihydroxyanthraquinone)</b><br><b>Cat. No.: HY-B0923</b><br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Danthron is a natural product extracted from the traditional Chinese medicine rhubarb. Danthron functions in regulating glucose and lipid metabolism by activating <b>AMPK</b> .<br><b>Purity:</b> 98.0%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 100 mg    | <b>Dantrolene sodium hemiheptahydrate</b><br><b>(Dantrolene sodium hydrate)</b><br><b>Cat. No.: HY-12542A</b><br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Dantrolene sodium hemiheptahydrate is a skeletal muscle relaxant which acts by blocking muscle contraction beyond the neuromuscular junction. Dantrolene sodium hemiheptahydrate is an inhibitor of calcium channel proteins, inhibiting the release of Ca <sup>2+</sup> from the sarcoplasm.<br><b>Purity:</b> 98.0%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg    |
| <b>Danusertib</b><br><b>(PHA-739358)</b><br><b>Cat. No.: HY-10179</b><br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Danusertib is a pyrrolo-pyrazole and <b>aurora kinase</b> inhibitor with <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b> of 13, 79, and 61 nM for Aurora A, B, and C, respectively.<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.44%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 2<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg   | <b>Daphnetin</b><br><b>(7,8-Dihydroxycoumarin)</b><br><b>Cat. No.: HY-N0281</b><br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Daphnetin (7,8-dihydroxycoumarin), one coumarin derivative isolated from plants of the Genus <i>Daphne</i> , is a <b>protein kinase</b> inhibitor, with <b>IC<sub>50</sub>s</b> of 7.67 μM, 9.33 μM and 25.01 μM for EGFR, PKA and PKC in vitro, respectively [1] [2]. Daphne...<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.55%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg   |
| <b>DAPT</b><br><b>(GSI-IX)</b><br><b>Cat. No.: HY-13027</b><br><b>Bioactivity:</b> DAPT is a <b>γ-secretase</b> inhibitor with <b>IC<sub>50</sub>s</b> of 115 and 200 nM for total Aβ and Aβ <sub>42</sub> , respectively.<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.97%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg    | <b>Dasatinib</b><br><b>(BMS-354825)</b><br><b>Cat. No.: HY-10181</b><br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Dasatinib (BMS-354825) is a dual <b>Bcr-Abl</b> and <b>Src</b> family tyrosine kinase inhibitor with <b>IC<sub>50</sub>s</b> of 0.6, 0.8, 79 and 37 nM for Abl, Src, c-Kit and c-Kit <sup>D816V</sup> , respectively.<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.84%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg    |

**Dasatinib hydrochloride**

(BMS 354825 hydrochloride)

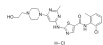
Cat. No.: HY-10181A

**Bioactivity:** Dasatinib hydrochloride is a potent and dual **Abl<sup>WT</sup>/ Src** inhibitor **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 0.6 nM/0.8 nM respectively; also inhibits **c-Kit<sup>WT</sup>/ c-Kit<sup>D816V</sup>** with **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 79 nM/37 nM.

**Purity:** 98.84%

**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg

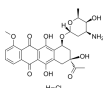
**Daunorubicin Hydrochloride (RP 13057 (Hydrochloride);****Daunomycin (Hydrochloride); Rubidomycin (Hydrochloride))** Cat. No.: HY-13062

**Bioactivity:** Daunorubicin Hydrochloride is a **topoisomerase II** inhibitor with potent antineoplastic activities. Daunorubicin Hydrochloride inhibits **DNA and RNA synthesis** in sensitive and resistant Ehrlich ascites tumor cells.

**Purity:** 99.27%

**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in Water,  
10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg

**Daunorubicin**

(RP 13057; Daunomycin; Rubidomycin)

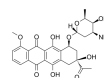
Cat. No.: HY-13062A

**Bioactivity:** Daunorubicin (RP 13057, Daunomycin, Rubidomycin) is a **topoisomerase II** inhibitor with potent antineoplastic activities. Daunorubicin inhibits **DNA and RNA synthesis** in sensitive and resistant Ehrlich ascites tumor cells.

**Purity:** >98%

**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 10 mg, 50 mg

**Daurisoline**

( (R,R)-Daurisoline)

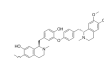
Cat. No.: HY-N0221

**Bioactivity:** Daurisoline is a **HERG** inhibitor and also an **autophagy** blocker.

**Purity:** 98.02%

**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg

**DBeQ**

(JRF 12)

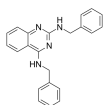
Cat. No.: HY-15945

**Bioactivity:** DBeQ is a selective, potent, reversible, and ATP-competitive **p97** inhibitor, with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** value of 1.5  $\mu$ M and 1.6  $\mu$ M for p97(wt) and p97(C522A), respectively; DBeQ also inhibits **Vps4** with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 11.5  $\mu$ M.

**Purity:** 98.84%

**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg

**DC661**

Cat. No.: HY-111621

**Bioactivity:** DC661 is a potent palmitoyl-protein thioesterase 1 ( **PPT1**) inhibitor, inhibits **autophagy**, and acts as an anti-lysosomal agent. Anti-cancer activity <sup>[1]</sup>.

**Purity:** 95.0%

**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
2 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

**Deferoxamine mesylate**

(Desferrioxamine B mesylate; DFOM)

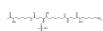
Cat. No.: HY-B0988

**Bioactivity:** Deferoxamine mesylate is an iron chelator that binds free iron in a stable complex, preventing it from engaging in chemical reactions.

**Purity:** 98.0%

**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in Water,  
100 mg, 500 mg

**Deforolimus**

(AP23573; MK-8669; Ridaforolimus)

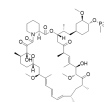
Cat. No.: HY-50908

**Bioactivity:** Deforolimus (AP23573; MK-8669) is a potent and selective **mTOR** inhibitor; inhibits ribosomal protein S6 phosphorylation with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 0.2 nM in HT-1080 cells.

**Purity:** 98.46%

**Clinical Data:** Phase 3

**Size:** 10 mg, 50 mg

**Degrasyn**

(WP1130)

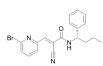
Cat. No.: HY-13264

**Bioactivity:** Degrasyn (WP1130) is a cell-permeable **deubiquitinase (DUB)** inhibitor, directly inhibiting DUB activity of USP9x, USP5, USP14, and UCH37. Degrasyn has been shown to downregulate the antiapoptotic proteins **Bcr-Abl** and **JAK2**.

**Purity:** 99.70%

**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

**Deguelin**

( (-)-Deguelin; (-)-cis-Deguelin)

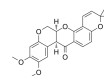
Cat. No.: HY-13425

**Bioactivity:** Deguelin, a naturally occurring rotenoid, is a potent **PI3K/AKT** inhibitor.

**Purity:** 99.56%

**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg



### Demethoxycurcumin

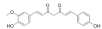
(Curcumin II; Desmethoxycurcumin; Monodemethoxycurcumin) Cat. No.: HY-N0006

**Bioactivity:** Demethoxycurcumin (Curcumin II) is a major active curcuminoid; possess anti-inflammatory properties; also exert cytotoxic effects in human cancer cells via induction of apoptosis. IC50 value: Target: in vitro: DMC significantly decreased NO secretion by 35-41% in our inflamed cell model. Decrease in NO...

**Purity:** 99.09%

**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg



### Dexamethasone

(Hexadecadrol; Prednisolone F)

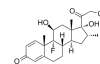
Cat. No.: HY-14648

**Bioactivity:** Dexamethasone is a **glucocorticoid receptor** agonist.

**Purity:** 99.86%

**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
1 g, 5 g



### Dexamethasone acetate

(Dexamethasone 21-acetate)

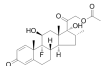
Cat. No.: HY-14648A

**Bioactivity:** Dexamethasone acetate is a **glucocorticoid receptor** agonist.

**Purity:** 97.68%

**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
1 g, 5 g



### Dexmedetomidine hydrochloride ((+)-Medetomidine

hydrochloride; (S)-Medetomidine hydrochloride)

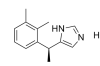
Cat. No.: HY-17034A

**Bioactivity:** Dexmedetomidine Hydrochloride is an agonist of adrenergic alpha-2 receptor, which is used in veterinary medicine for its analgesic and sedative properties. Target: Adrenergic alpha-2 Receptor Dexmedetomidine, acting at alpha(2A) adrenoceptors, must be present during the encoding process to decrease...

**Purity:** 98.0%

**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in Water,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg



### Diazoxide

(Sch-6783; SRG-95213)

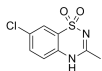
Cat. No.: HY-B1140

**Bioactivity:** Diazoxide is an ATP-sensitive **potassium channel** activator ; can be used to treat hyperinsulinism.

**Purity:** 99.99%

**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
100 mg



### Dienogest

(STS 557)

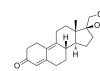
Cat. No.: HY-B0084

**Bioactivity:** Dienogest (STS-557) is a specific progesterone receptor agonist with potent oral endometrial activity and is used in the treatment of endometriosis. Target: progesterone receptor agonist Dienogest is an orally active synthetic progesterone (or progestin). It is available for use as an oral...

**Purity:** 99.70%

**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg



### Dihydroartemisinin

(Dihydroqinghaosu;  $\beta$ -Dihydroartemisinin; Arteminol)

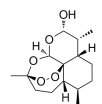
Cat. No.: HY-N0176

**Bioactivity:** Dihydroartemisinin is a potent **anti-malaria** agent.

**Purity:** 99.03%

**Clinical Data:** Phase 4

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg



### Dihydromyricetin

(Ampeloptin; Ampelopsin)

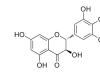
Cat. No.: HY-N0112

**Bioactivity:** Dihydromyricetin is a potent inhibitor with an IC<sub>50</sub> of 48  $\mu$ M on **dihydropyrimidinase**. Dihydromyricetin can activate autophagy through inhibiting **mTOR** signaling. Dihydromyricetin suppresses the formation of mTOR complexes ( **mTORC1/ 2** ).

**Purity:** 99.54%

**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg



### Dioscin

(Collettiside III; CCRIS 4123)

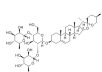
Cat. No.: HY-N0124

**Bioactivity:** Dioscin (CCRIS 4123; Collettiside III) is a natural steroid saponin derived from several plants, showing potent anti-cancer effect against a variety of tumor cell lines. IC50 value: Target: Anticancer agent in vitro: dioscin (1, 2 and 4  $\mu$ mol/L) could significantly inhibit the viability of LNCaP...

**Purity:** 98.0%

**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg



### DMH-1

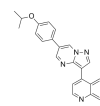
Cat. No.: HY-12273

**Bioactivity:** DMH-1 is a potent and selective **BMP** inhibitor with IC<sub>50</sub>s of 27/107.9/<5/47.6 nM for ALK1/ALK2/ALK3/ALK6, respectively.

**Purity:** 99.58%

**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg



### DMOG

(Dimethyloxallyl Glycine)

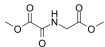
Cat. No.: HY-15893

**Bioactivity:** DMOG (Dimethyloxallyl Glycine) is a cell-permeable and competitive inhibitor of **HIF-1 $\alpha$  prolyl hydroxylase (HIF-PH)**.

**Purity:** 99.15%

**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg



### Dorsomorphin dihydrochloride

(BML-275 dihydrochloride; Compound C dihydrochloride)

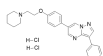
Cat. No.: HY-13418

**Bioactivity:** Dorsomorphin dihydrochloride (BML-275 dihydrochloride; Compound C dihydrochloride) is a potent, selective and ATP-competitive **AMPK** inhibitor, with a **K<sub>i</sub>** of 109 nM <sup>[1]</sup>. Dorsomorphin dihydrochloride inhibits BMP pathway by target...

**Purity:** 99.91%

**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in Water,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg



### Doxorubicin

(Hydroxydaunorubicin)

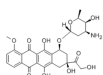
Cat. No.: HY-15142A

**Bioactivity:** Doxorubicin is a cytotoxic anthracycline antibiotic for the treatment of multiple cancers. The possible mechanisms by which doxorubicin acts in the cancer cell are intercalation into DNA and disruption of **topoisomerase-II**-mediated DNA repair.

**Purity:** >98%

**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg



### Dorsomorphin

(BML-275; Compound C)

Cat. No.: HY-13418A

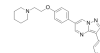
**Bioactivity:** Dorsomorphin (BML-275; Compound C) is a potent and selective **AMPK** inhibitor, that is competitive with ATP, with **K<sub>i</sub>**=109

nM in the absence of AMP <sup>[1]</sup>. Dorsomorphin inhibits BMP pathway by targeting the type I receptors **ALK2**, **ALK3**, ...

**Purity:** 99.65%

**Clinical Data:** Phase 1

**Size:** 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg



### Doxazosin mesylate

(UK 33274 mesylate)

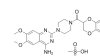
Cat. No.: HY-B0098A

**Bioactivity:** Doxazosin mesylate(UK 33274) is a quinazoline-derivative that selectively antagonizes postsynaptic  $\alpha$ 1-adrenergic receptors. Target:  $\alpha$ 1-adrenergic receptor Doxazosin (mesylate) is the mesylate salt form of doxazosin, which is a long-lasting inhibitor of  $\alpha$ 1-adrenoceptors that is widely used to treat...

**Purity:** 98.60%

**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
500 mg, 1 g



### Doxorubicin hydrochloride

(Hydroxydaunorubicin (hydrochloride))

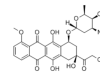
Cat. No.: HY-15142

**Bioactivity:** Doxorubicin hydrochloride is a cytotoxic anthracycline antibiotic for the treatment of multiple cancers. The possible mechanisms by which doxorubicin acts in the cancer cell are intercalation into DNA and disruption of **topoisomerase-II**-mediated DNA repair.

**Purity:** 99.47%

**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg, 1 g



### Dronedarone

(SR 33589)

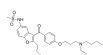
Cat. No.: HY-A0016

**Bioactivity:** Dronedarone (SR 33589) is a newer therapeutic agent with a structural resemblance to amiodarone and a better side effect profile; it is a multichannel blocker with antiadrenergic properties and has been evaluated in both rate and rhythm control strategies in the management of AF.

**Purity:** 99.49%

**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg, 50 mg



### Dronedarone Hydrochloride

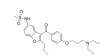
Cat. No.: HY-75839

**Bioactivity:** Dronedarone hydrochloride is a non-iodinated amiodarone derivative that inhibits **Na<sup>+</sup>**, **K<sup>+</sup>** and **Ca<sup>2+</sup>** currents.

**Purity:** 99.93%

**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg, 50 mg



### Dynasore

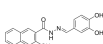
Cat. No.: HY-15304

**Bioactivity:** Dynasore is a cell-permeable **dynamain** inhibitor with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 15  $\mu$ M.

**Purity:** 99.61%

**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg, 50 mg



### E-64

(Proteinase inhibitor E 64)

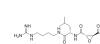
Cat. No.: HY-15282

**Bioactivity:** E-64 is a potent irreversible inhibitor against general **cysteine proteases** with **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 9 nM for **papain**.

**Purity:** 99.62%

**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg



|  |   |   |
|--|---|---|
| <b>Ebselen</b><br>(SPI-1005; PZ-51; CCG-39161)<br>Cat. No.: HY-13750                 | <b>Bioactivity:</b> Ebselen is a small-molecule capsid Inhibitor of HIV-1 replication. Target: Ebselen is an organoselenium compound, as an inhibitor of HIV-1 capsid CTD dimerization. Ebselen inhibits early viral postentry events of the HIV-1 life cycle by impairing the incoming capsid uncoating process. [1]...<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.58%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 3<br><b>Size:</b> 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg |      |
| <b>Efavirenz</b><br>(DMP 266; EFV; L-743726)<br>Cat. No.: HY-10572                   | <b>Bioactivity:</b> Efavirenz is a potent inhibitor of the wild-type <b>HIV-1 reverse transcriptase</b> with a $K_i$ of 2.93 nM and exhibits an $IC_{95}$ of 1.5 nM for the inhibition of HIV-1 replicative spread in cell culture.<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.99%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg   |    |
| <b>Elaiophyllin</b><br>(Azalomycin B; Gopalamicin; Efomycin E)<br>Cat. No.: HY-15184 | <b>Bioactivity:</b> Elaiophyllin (Azalomycin B; Gopalamicin; Efomycin E) is an <b>autophagy</b> inhibitor, exerts antitumor activity as a single agent in ovarian cancer cells [1].<br><b>Purity:</b> >98%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 1 mg  |      |
| <b>Emetine dihydrochloride hydrate</b><br>Cat. No.: HY-B14798                        | <b>Bioactivity:</b> Emetine dihydrochloride hydrate is an anti-protozoal drug previously used for intestinal and tissue amoebiasis.<br><b>Purity:</b> 98.48%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10 mg, 50 mg  |    |
| <b>Emodin</b><br>(Frangula emodin)<br>Cat. No.: HY-14393                             | <b>Bioactivity:</b> Emodin is a broad-spectrum anticancer agent. Emodin inhibits <b>casein kinase II (CKII)</b> activity with $IC_{50}$ of 2 $\mu$ M.<br><b>Purity:</b> 98.0%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg  |    |
| <b>Enalaprilat dihydrate</b><br>(MK-422)<br>Cat. No.: HY-B0231                       | <b>Bioactivity:</b> Enalaprilat (dihydrate) (MK-422) is an angiotensin-converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitor with $IC_{50}$ of 1.94 nM.<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.0%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 50 mg, 100 mg   |  |
| <b>Entinostat</b><br>(MS-275; SNDX-275)<br>Cat. No.: HY-12163                        | <b>Bioactivity:</b> Entinostat is an oral and selective class I <b>HDAC</b> inhibitor, with $IC_{50}$ s of 243 nM, 453 nM, and 248 nM for <b>HDAC1</b> , <b>HDAC2</b> , and <b>HDAC3</b> , respectively.<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.65%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 3<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg   |    |
| <b>Entrectinib</b><br>(NMS-E628; RXDX-101)<br>Cat. No.: HY-12678                     | <b>Bioactivity:</b> Entrectinib is a potent and orally available <b>Trk</b> , <b>ROS1</b> , and <b>ALK</b> inhibitor; inhibits TrkA, TrkB, TrkC, ROS1 and ALK with $IC_{50}$ values of 1, 3, 5, 12 and 7 nM, respectively.<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.61%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg  |  |
| <b>Enzalutamide</b><br>(MDV3100)<br>Cat. No.: HY-70002                               | <b>Bioactivity:</b> Enzalutamide (MDV3100) is an <b>androgen receptor (AR)</b> antagonist with an $IC_{50}$ of 36 nM in LNCaP prostate cells.<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.71%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg, 1 g, 2 g, 5 g  |    |
| <b>Enzastaurin</b><br>(LY317615)<br>Cat. No.: HY-10342                               | <b>Bioactivity:</b> Enzastaurin is a potent and selective <b>PKC<math>\beta</math></b> inhibitor with an $IC_{50}$ of 6 nM, showing 6- to 20-fold selectivity over PKC $\alpha$ , PKC $\gamma$ and PKC $\epsilon$ .<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.79%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 3<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg  |  |

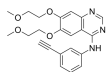
### Erlotinib

(CP-358774; NSC 718781; OSI-774)

Cat. No.: HY-50896

**Bioactivity:** Erlotinib is a medication for the treatment of non-small cell lung cancer. It inhibits purified **EGFR** kinase with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 2 nM.

**Purity:** 99.99%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
100 mg, 500 mg

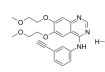


### Erlotinib Hydrochloride (CP-358774 (Hydrochloride); NSC 718781 (Hydrochloride); OSI-774 (Hydrochloride))

Cat. No.: HY-12008

**Bioactivity:** Erlotinib Hydrochloride inhibits purified **EGFR** kinase with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 2 nM.

**Purity:** 99.93%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
100 mg, 500 mg

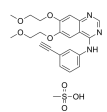


### Erlotinib mesylate (CP-358774 (mesylate); NSC 718781 (mesylate); OSI-774 (mesylate))

Cat. No.: HY-12008A

**Bioactivity:** Erlotinib mesylate inhibits purified **EGFR** kinase with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 2 nM.

**Purity:** >98%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 100 mg, 500 mg

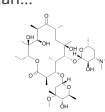


### Erythromycin

Cat. No.: HY-B0220

**Bioactivity:** Erythromycin, an oral macrolide antibiotic produced by *Streptomyces erythreus*, reversibly binds to the 50S ribosome of bacteria, and inhibits protein synthesis. Target: Antibacterial Erythromycin is a macrolide antibiotic that has an antimicrobial spectrum similar to or slightly wider than...

**Purity:** 98.0%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
1 g, 5 g, 10 g

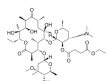


### Erythromycin Ethylsuccinate (Erythromycin ethyl succinate; EES)

Cat. No.: HY-B0957

**Bioactivity:** Erythromycin Ethylsuccinate is an antibiotic useful for the treatment of a number of bacterial infections, has an antimicrobial spectrum similar to or slightly wider than that of penicillin.

**Purity:** 98.0%  
**Clinical Data:** Phase 4  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
200 mg

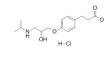


### Esmolol hydrochloride

Cat. No.: HY-B1392

**Bioactivity:** Esmolol Hydrochloride is a beta adrenergic receptor blocker. Target: Adrenergic receptor Esmolol Hydrochloride is the hydrochloride salt form of Esmolol, a short and rapid-acting beta adrenergic antagonist belonging to the class II anti-arrhythmic drugs and devoid of intrinsic sympathomimetic...

**Purity:** 99.77%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

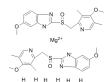


### Esomeprazole Magnesium trihydrate ((S)-Omeprazole magnesium trihydrate)

Cat. No.: HY-17022

**Bioactivity:** Esomeprazole Magnesium trihydrate is a proton pump inhibitor which reduces acid secretion through inhibition of the H<sup>+</sup> / K<sup>+</sup> ATPase in gastric parietal cells. IC<sub>50</sub> value: Target: proton pump Esomeprazole sodium (Nexium) is the S-isomer of omeprazole and acts as a proton pump inhibitor and gastric...

**Purity:** 95.0%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg



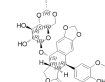
### Etoposide

(VP-16; VP-16-213)

Cat. No.: HY-13629

**Bioactivity:** Etoposide (VP-16; VP-16-213), a chemotherapy medication used for the treatments of a number of types of cancer, inhibits **DNA synthesis** by forming a complex with topoisomerase II and DNA. Etoposide arrests cell cycle in G2 and induces apoptos...

**Purity:** 99.65%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg

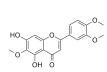


### Eupatilin

Cat. No.: HY-N0783

**Bioactivity:** Eupatilin, a lipophilic flavonoid isolated from *Artemisia* species, is a **PPARα** agonist, and possesses anti-apoptotic, anti-oxidative and anti-inflammatory activities.

**Purity:** 99.01%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg



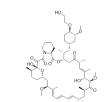
### Everolimus

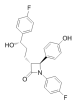
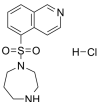



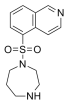
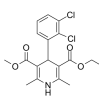



(RAD001; SDZ-RAD)

Cat. No.: HY-10218

**Bioactivity:** Everolimus (RAD001) is a potent **mTOR** inhibitor that binds to FKBP-12 to generate an immunosuppressive complex.

**Purity:** 98.79%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

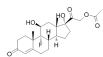


|  |   |   |
|--|---|---|
| <b>Ezetimibe</b><br>(SCH 58235) Cat. No.: HY-17376   | <b>Bioactivity:</b> Ezetimibe (SCH 58235) is a Niemann-Pick C1-like1 ( <b>NPC1L1</b> ) inhibitor, and is a potent <b>Nrf2</b> activator. Ezetimibe (SCH 58235) is a potent cholesterol absorption inhibitor.  |      |
| <b>Purity:</b> 99.76%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br>10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg      |   |   |
| <b>Fasudil Hydrochloride</b><br>(HA-1077 (Hydrochloride); AT-877 (Hydrochloride)) Cat. No.: HY-10341                                     | <b>Bioactivity:</b> Fasudil Hydrochloride (HA-1077 Hydrochloride; AT-877 Hydrochloride), a potent inhibitor of <b>ROCK</b> with a <b>K<sub>i</sub></b> of 0.33 μM for ROCK1, which is also a potent <b>Ca<sup>2+</sup> channel</b> antagonist and vasodilator.  |      |
| <b>Purity:</b> 99.91%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br>200 mg, 500 mg                            |   |   |
| <b>Fenofibrate</b><br>Cat. No.: HY-17356   | <b>Bioactivity:</b> Fenofibrate is a <b>PPARα</b> agonist with an <b>EC<sub>50</sub></b> of 30 μM.  |    |
| <b>Purity:</b> 99.92%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br>5 g, 10 g                                 |   |   |
| <b>FIPI</b><br>(5-Fluoro-2-indolyl deschlorhalopemide) Cat. No.: HY-12807  | <b>Bioactivity:</b> FIPI is a derivative of halopemide which potently inhibits both <b>PLD1</b> and <b>PLD2</b> with <b>IC<sub>50</sub>s</b> of 25 nM and 20 nM, respectively.  |    |
| <b>Purity:</b> 99.49%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br>5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg |   |   |
| <b>Flavopiridol Hydrochloride</b> (HL 275; NSC 649890; MDL 107826A;<br>FLAVOPIRIDOL HCL; Alvocidib Hydrochloride) Cat. No.: HY-10006     | <b>Bioactivity:</b> Flavopiridol Hydrochloride is a broad inhibitor of <b>CDK</b> , competing with ATP to inhibit CDKs including CDK1, CDK2, CDK4 with <b>IC<sub>50</sub>s</b> of 30, 170, 100 nM, respectively.  |    |
| <b>Purity:</b> 99.00%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 2<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in Water,<br>5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg                |   |   |
| <b>Fasudil</b><br>(HA-1077; AT877) Cat. No.: HY-10341A   | <b>Bioactivity:</b> Fasudil (HA-1077; AT877), a potent inhibitor of <b>ROCK</b> with a <b>K<sub>i</sub></b> of 0.33 μM for ROCK1, which is also a potent <b>Ca<sup>2+</sup> channel</b> antagonist and vasodilator.   |    |
| <b>Purity:</b> >98%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg   |   |   |
| <b>Felodipine</b><br>Cat. No.: HY-B0309  | <b>Bioactivity:</b> Felodipine is a long-acting 1,4-dihydropyridine calcium channel blocker. Target: Calcium Channel Felodipine is a long-acting 1,4-dihydropyridine calcium channel blocker (CCB)b. It acts primarily on vascular smooth muscle cells by stabilizing voltage-gated L-type calcium channels in their... |    |
| <b>Purity:</b> 99.75%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br>10 mg, 50 mg                              |   |   |
| <b>Fenretinide</b><br>(4-HPR) Cat. No.: HY-15373   | <b>Bioactivity:</b> Fenretinide is a synthetic retinoid derivative, binding to the retinoic acid receptors ( <b>RAR</b> ) at concentrations necessary to induce cell death.   |  |
| <b>Purity:</b> 99.41%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 3<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br>10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg                       |   |   |
| <b>Flavopiridol</b><br>(L868275; HMR-1275; Alvocidib) Cat. No.: HY-10005   | <b>Bioactivity:</b> Flavopiridol is a broad spectrum and competitive inhibitor of <b>CDKs</b> , inhibiting CDK1, CDK2, CDK4 with <b>IC<sub>50</sub>s</b> of 30, 170, 100 nM, respectively.  |  |
| <b>Purity:</b> 99.70%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 2<br><b>Size:</b> 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg  |   |   |
| <b>Flubendazole</b><br>Cat. No.: HY-B0294  | <b>Bioactivity:</b> Flubendazole is a potent broad spectrum anthelmintic. Target: Antiparasitic Flubendazole is an anthelmintic. It is also available for human use to treat worm infections[1].  |  |
| <b>Purity:</b> 99.09%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br>100 mg, 500 mg             |   |   |

**Fludrocortisone acetate**(9 $\alpha$ -Fludrocortisone acetate; 9 $\alpha$ -Fluorocortisol acetate)

Cat. No.: HY-B1203A

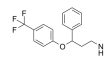
**Bioactivity:** Fludrocortisone Acetate is a synthetic mineralocorticoid, used to control the amount of sodium and fluids in your body. It is used to treat Addison's disease by decreasing the amount of sodium that is lost (excreted) in your urine also used to increase blood pressure.

**Purity:** 99.45%**Clinical Data:** Launched**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
100 mg**Fluoxetine**

(LY-110140 (free base))

Cat. No.: HY-B0102

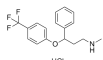
**Bioactivity:** Fluoxetine (LY-110140 free base) is a selective serotonin reuptake inhibitor (**SSRI**) class used for antidepressant research.

**Purity:** >98%**Clinical Data:** Launched**Size:** 50 mg, 100 mg, 500 mg**Fluoxetine hydrochloride**

(LY-110140)

Cat. No.: HY-B0102A

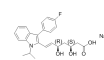
**Bioactivity:** Fluoxetine hydrochloride is an antidepressant and a selective **serotonin reuptake** inhibitor.

**Purity:** 99.86%**Clinical Data:** Launched**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
50 mg, 100 mg, 500 mg**Fluvastatin sodium**

(XU 62320 sodium)

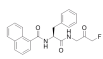
Cat. No.: HY-14664A

**Bioactivity:** Fluvastatin (XU 62320) sodium is a competitive inhibitor of hydroxymethylglutaryl-coenzyme A reductase (HMGCR), used to treat hypercholesterolemia and to prevent cardiovascular disease.

**Purity:** 98.0%**Clinical Data:** Launched**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in Water,  
50 mg, 100 mg**FMK 9a**

Cat. No.: HY-100522

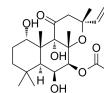
**Bioactivity:** FMK 9a is an **autophagin-1** inhibitor with **IC<sub>50</sub>** values of 80 and 73  $\mu$ M in FRET and LRA assay.

**Purity:** 95.0%**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
1 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg**Forskolin**

(Coleonol; Colforsin)

Cat. No.: HY-15371

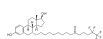
**Bioactivity:** Forskolin is a potent **adenylate cyclase** activator, with **IC<sub>50</sub>** and **EC<sub>50</sub>** of 41 nM and 0.5  $\mu$ M for **type I adenylyl cyclase**, respectively.

**Purity:** 98.52%**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg**Fulvestrant**

(ICI 182780; ZD 9238; ZM 182780)

Cat. No.: HY-13636

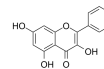
**Bioactivity:** Fulvestrant is a potent **Estrogen Receptor** antagonist with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 9.4 nM.

**Purity:** 99.99%**Clinical Data:** Launched**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg**Galangin**

(Norizalpinin; 3,5,7-Trihydroxyflavone)

Cat. No.: HY-N0382

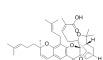
**Bioactivity:** Galangin is an agonist/antagonist of the arylhydrocarbon receptor, and also shows inhibition of **CYP1A1** activity.

**Purity:** 99.96%**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg**Gambogic Acid**

(Beta-Guttiferin)

Cat. No.: HY-N0087

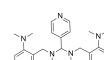
**Bioactivity:** Gambogic acid is derived from the gamboges resin of the tree *Garcinia hanburyi*. Gambogic acid inhibits **Bcl-X<sub>L</sub>**, **Bcl-2**, **Bcl-W**, **Bcl-B**, **Bfl-1** and **Mcl-1** with **IC<sub>50</sub>**s of 1.47  $\mu$ M, 1.21  $\mu$ M, 2.02  $\mu$ M, 0.66  $\mu$ M, 1.06  $\mu$ M and 0.79  $\mu$ M.

**Purity:** 95.06%**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg**GANT 61**






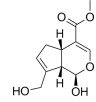



(NSC 136476)

Cat. No.: HY-13901

**Bioactivity:** GANT 61 is an inhibitor of **Gli1** and **Gli2** targeting the Hedgehog/GLI pathway.

**Purity:** 99.87%**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg



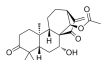
|   |   |
|---|---|
| <p><b>GDC-0349</b></p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-15248</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> GDC-0349 is a potent and selective ATP-competitive <b>mTOR</b> inhibitor with a <math>K_i</math> of 3.8 nM. GDC-0349 inhibits of both <b>mTORC1</b> and <b>mTORC2</b> complexes.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 98.20%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 1</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg</p>    | <p><b>Gefitinib</b><br/>(ZD1839)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-50895</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Gefitinib (ZD1839) is a <b>EGFR tyrosine kinase</b> inhibitor, with <math>IC_{50}</math> of 2-37 nM in NR6wtEGFR cells.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.70%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 100 mg, 500 mg, 1 g, 5 g</p>    |
| <p><b>Gemcitabine</b><br/>(NSC 613327; LY188011)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-17026</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Gemcitabine (NSC 613327;LY188011) is a <b>DNA synthesis</b> inhibitor which inhibits the growth of BxPC-3, Mia Paca-2, PANC-1, PL-45 and AsPC-1 cells with <math>IC_{50}</math>s of 37.6, 42.9, 92.7, 89.3 and 131.4 nM, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.92%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg, 1 g</p>    | <p><b>Gemcitabine elaidate</b><br/>(CP-4126; CO-101; Gemcitabine 5'-elaidate)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-13538</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Gemcitabine elaidate(CP-4126; CO-101) is a lipophilic, unsaturated fatty acid ester derivative of gemcitabine (dFdC), an antimetabolite deoxynucleoside analogue, with potential antineoplastic activity. IC50 value: Target: Gemcitabine analog Upon hydrolysis intracellularly by esterases, the...</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.24%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 2</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg</p>  |
| <p><b>Gemcitabine Hydrochloride</b><br/>(LY 188011 hydrochloride)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-B0003</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Gemcitabine hydrochloride is a <b>DNA synthesis</b> inhibitor with <math>IC_{50}</math>s of 37.6, 42.9, 92.7, 89.3 and 131.4 nM in BxPC-3, Mia Paca-2, PANC-1, PL-45 and AsPC-1 cells, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.93%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in Water, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg, 1 g</p>    | <p><b>Genipin</b><br/>(+)-Genipin)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-17389</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Genipin is a natural water soluble crosslinking reagent.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.40%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>   |
| <p><b>Genistein</b><br/>(NPI 031L)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-14596</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Genistein, a soy isoflavone, is a multiple <b>tyrosine kinases</b> inhibitor which acts as a chemotherapeutic agent against different types of cancer, mainly by altering apoptosis, the cell cycle, and angiogenesis and inhibiting metastasis.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.68%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 4</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 100 mg, 500 mg</p>    | <p><b>Genistin</b> (Genistine; Genistoxide; Genistein 7-O-β-D-glucopyranoside)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-N0595</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Genistin is the major isoflavonoid of soybeans and soy products.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 98.0%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg</p>   |
| <p><b>Ginsenoside Rb1</b><br/>(Gypenoside III)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-N0039</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Ginsenoside Rb1, a main constituent of the root of Panax ginseng, inhibits <math>Na^+</math>, <math>K^+</math>-ATPase activity with an <math>IC_{50}</math> of <math>6.3 \pm 1.0 \mu M</math>. Ginsenoside also inhibits <b>IRAK-1</b> activation and phosphorylation of <b>NF-κB p65</b>.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 98.0%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg</p>  | <p><b>Ginsenoside Rh4</b></p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-N0905</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Ginsenoside Rh4 is a rare saponin obtained from Panax notoginseng. Ginsenoside Rh4 activates <b>Bax</b>, <b>caspase 3</b>, <b>caspase 8</b>, and <b>caspase 9</b>. Ginsenoside Rh4 also induces <b>autophagy</b>.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 98.40%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg</p>   |

## Glaucocalyxin B

Cat. No.: HY-N2113

**Bioactivity:** Glaucocalyxin B is an ent kaurane diterpenoid isolated from the Chinese traditional medicine Rabdosia japonica with anticancer and antitumor activity; decreases the growth of HL-60 cells with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of approximately 5.86  $\mu$ M at 24 h.

**Purity:** 99.39%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg



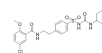
## Glibenclamide

(Glyburide)

Cat. No.: HY-15206

**Bioactivity:** Glibenclamide is a selective inhibitor of **ATP-sensitive K<sup>+</sup> channel**.

**Purity:** 98.0%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
1 g, 5 g

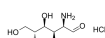


## Glucosamine hydrochloride (D-(+)-Glucosamine hydrochloride; Chitosamine hydrochloride)

Cat. No.: HY-N0733

**Bioactivity:** Glucosamine (hydrochloride) is a natural product. IC<sub>50</sub> value: Target: In vitro: Glucosamine hydrochloride exhibited dose-dependent DPPH antioxidant activity [1]. Short-term (4 h) glucosamine hydrochloride treatment inhibited HIF-1 $\alpha$  at the protein level, decreased phosphorylation of p70S6K and S6,...

**Purity:** 98.0%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in Water,  
50 mg

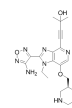


## GSK-690693

Cat. No.: HY-10249

**Bioactivity:** GSK-690693 is an ATP-competitive **pan-Akt** inhibitor with **IC<sub>50</sub>s** of 2, 13, 9 nM for Akt1, Akt2 and Akt3, respectively.

**Purity:** 97.52%  
**Clinical Data:** Phase 1  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

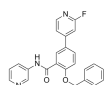


## GSK2578215A

Cat. No.: HY-13237

**Bioactivity:** GSK2578215A is a potent and highly selective **LRRK2** inhibitor, which exhibits **IC<sub>50</sub>s** of around 10 nM against both wild-type LRRK2 and the G2019S mutant.

**Purity:** 99.86%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

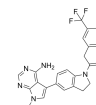


## GSK2606414

Cat. No.: HY-18072

**Bioactivity:** GSK2606414 is a cell-permeable and orally available **protein kinase R-like endoplasmic reticulum (ER) kinase (PERK)** inhibitor with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 0.4 nM.

**Purity:** 99.38%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg

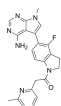


## GSK2656157

Cat. No.: HY-13820

**Bioactivity:** GSK2656157 is a selective and ATP-competitive inhibitor of protein kinase R (PKR)-like endoplasmic reticulum kinase (**PERK**) with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 0.9 nM.

**Purity:** 99.66%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg



## GSK343

Cat. No.: HY-13500

**Bioactivity:** GSK343 is a highly potent and selective **EZH2** inhibitor with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 4 nM.

**Purity:** 98.49%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg



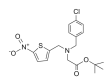
## GSK4112

(SR6452)

Cat. No.: HY-14414

**Bioactivity:** GSK4112 is a Rev-erb $\alpha$  agonist with EC<sub>50</sub> of 0.4  $\mu$ M, also is a small molecule chemical probe for the cell biology of the nuclear heme receptor Rev-erb $\alpha$ . IC<sub>50</sub> value: 0.4  $\mu$ M (EC<sub>50</sub>) Target: Rev-erb $\alpha$  in vitro: GSK4112 profiled as a Rev-erb agonist in cells to inhibit expression of the circadian target...

**Purity:** 98.0%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg



## GW 501516

(GW 1516; GSK-516)

Cat. No.: HY-10838

**Bioactivity:** GW 501516 is a **PPAR $\delta$**  agonist with an **EC<sub>50</sub>** of 1.1 nM.

**Purity:** 99.27%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg



### H 89

(Protein kinase inhibitor H-89)

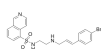
Cat. No.: HY-15979

**Bioactivity:** H-89 is a potent inhibitor of cyclic AMP-dependent protein kinase ( **protein kinase A**) with **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 48 nM and has weak inhibition on PKG, PKC, Casein Kinase, and others kinases.

**Purity:** >98%

**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported

**Size:** 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg



### H-89 dihydrochloride

(Protein kinase inhibitor H-89 dihydrochloride)

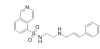
Cat. No.: HY-15979A

**Bioactivity:** H-89 dihydrochloride is a potent inhibitor of protein kinase A ( **PKA**) with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 48 nM and has weak inhibition on PKG, PKC, Casein Kinase.

**Purity:** 98.94%

**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg



### Hemin

(Hemin chloride)

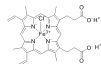
Cat. No.: HY-19424

**Bioactivity:** Hemin is an iron-containing porphyrin. Hemin is an **Heme oxygenase (HO)-1** inducer.

**Purity:** 98.0%

**Clinical Data:** Phase 2

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
1 g, 5 g



### Heparin

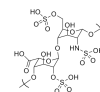
Cat. No.: HY-17567

**Bioactivity:** Heparin is a highly sulfated glycosaminoglycan, that is widely used as an injectable anticoagulant, and has the highest negative charge density of any known biological molecule (50-400 U/Kg).

**Purity:** >98%

**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 100 mg, 500 mg



### Heparin Lithium salt

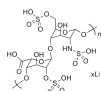
Cat. No.: HY-17567B

**Bioactivity:** Heparin Lithium salt is an anticoagulant which binds reversibly to **antithrombin III (ATIII)** (50-400 U/Kg).

**Purity:**

**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in Water,  
100 mg, 500 mg



### Heparin sodium salt

(Sodium heparinate)

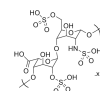
Cat. No.: HY-17567A

**Bioactivity:** Heparin sodium salt is an anticoagulant which binds reversibly to **antithrombin III (ATIII)** and greatly accelerates the rate at which ATIII inactivates coagulation enzymes **thrombin factor IIa** and **factor Xa** (50-400 U/Kg).

**Purity:** 98.0%

**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 100 mg, 500 mg, 1 g



### Hesperadin

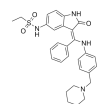
Cat. No.: HY-12054

**Bioactivity:** Hesperadin is an ATP-competitive inhibitor of **aurora B** kinase with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 250 nM.

**Purity:** 98.48%

**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg



### Hesperidin

(Hesperetin 7-rutinoside)

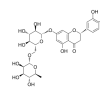
Cat. No.: HY-15337

**Bioactivity:** Hesperidin (HP) is a bioflavonoid that plays a role in plant defense and is abundant in citrus species, such as grapefruit, lemon and orange. Hesperidin is used effectively as a supplemental agent in complementary therapy protocols, since it possesses biological and pharmacological properties as an...

**Purity:** 97.00%

**Clinical Data:** Phase 3

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg, 1 g



### Hoechst 33342

(bisBenzimide H 33342; HOE 33342)

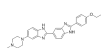
Cat. No.: HY-15559

**Bioactivity:** Hoechst 33342 is a DNA minor groove binder used fluorochrome for visualizing cellular **DNA**.

**Purity:** 98.75%

**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported

**Size:** 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg



### Hoechst 33342 trihydrochloride (bisBenzimide H 33342

trihydrochloride; HOE 33342 trihydrochloride)

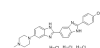
Cat. No.: HY-15559A

**Bioactivity:** Hoechst 33342 trihydrochloride is a membrane permeant blue fluorescent **DNA** stain.

**Purity:** 99.87%

**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported

**Size:** 10 mg, 50 mg



|   |  |
|---|--|
| <b>Honokiol</b><br>(NSC 293100)<br><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-N0003<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Honokiol is a bioactive, biphenolic phytochemical that possesses potent antioxidative, anti-inflammatory, antiangiogenic, and anticancer activities by targeting a variety of signaling molecules. It inhibits the activation of <b>Akt</b> and enhances the phosphorylation of <b>ERK1/ERK2</b> .<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.90%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg<br> | <b>Hydroxychloroquine sulfate</b><br>(HCQ sulfate)<br><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-B1370<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Hydroxychloroquine sulfate is a synthetic <b>antimalarial</b> drug which can also inhibit <b>Toll-like receptor 7/9 (TLR7/9)</b> signaling.<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.99%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in Water, 50 mg<br>  |
| <b>Hydroxyurea</b><br>(Hydroxycarbamide)<br><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-B0313<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Hydroxyurea is a cell apoptosis inducer that inhibit <b>DNA</b> synthesis through inhibition of <b>ribonucleotide reductase</b> .<br><b>Purity:</b> 98.0%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 1 g, 5 g<br>  | <b>Icariin</b><br>(Icariline)<br><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-N0014<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Icariin is a flavonol glycoside. Icariin inhibits <b>PDE5</b> and <b>PDE4</b> activities with <b>IC<sub>50</sub>s</b> of 432 nM and 73.50 μM, respectively. Icariin also is a <b>PPARα</b> activator.<br><b>Purity:</b> 98.75%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 3<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg<br>  |
| <b>Icaritin</b><br>(Anhydroicaritin)<br><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-N0678<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Icaritin(Anhydroicaritin) is a component of Epimedium flavonoid isolated from Herba Epimedii; enhances osteoblastic differentiation of mesenchymal stem cells (MSCs) while it inhibits adipogenic differentiation of MSCs by inhibiting PPAR-γ pathway. IC50 value: Target: in vitro: Icaritin was...<br><b>Purity:</b> 98.81%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 2<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg<br>                 | <b>Idarubicin hydrochloride</b><br>(4-Demethoxydaunorubicin hydrochloride)<br><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-17381<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Idarubicin hydrochloride is an anthracycline antileukemic drug. It inhibits the <b>topoisomerase II</b> interfering with the replication of DNA and RNA transcription.<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.62%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg<br>                           |
| <b>Idelalisib</b><br>(CAL-101; GS-1101)<br><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-13026<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Idelalisib (CAL-101) is a highly selective and orally bioavailable <b>p110δ</b> inhibitor with an <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b> of 2.5 nM, showing 40- to 300-fold selectivity for p110δ over other PI3K class I enzymes.<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.98%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg<br>   | <b>IITZ-01</b><br><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-112897<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> IITZ-01 is a potent lysosomotropic <b>autophagy</b> inhibitor with single-agent antitumor activity, with an <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b> of 2.62 μM for PI3Kγ.<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.80%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg<br>  |
| <b>Imatinib</b><br>(STI571; CGP-57148B)<br><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-15463<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Imatinib (STI571) is a tyrosine kinases inhibitor that inhibits <b>c-Kit</b> , <b>Bcr-Abl</b> , and <b>PDGFR</b> ( <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b> =100 nM) tyrosine kinases.<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.80%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 200 mg, 500 mg, 1 g, 5 g<br>   | <b>Imatinib Mesylate</b><br>(STI571 (Mesylate); CGP-57148B (Mesylate))<br><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-50946<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Imatinib Mesylate (STI571 Mesylate) is a tyrosine kinases inhibitor that inhibits <b>c-Kit</b> , <b>Bcr-Abl</b> , and <b>PDGFR</b> ( <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b> =100 nM) tyrosine kinases.<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.91%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg, 1 g, 5 g<br> |

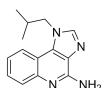
**Imiquimod**

(R 837)

Cat. No.: HY-B0180

**Bioactivity:** Imiquimod (R 837) is an immune response modifier that acts as a **toll-like receptor 7** agonist.

**Purity:** 99.37%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg

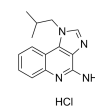
**Imiquimod hydrochloride**

(R 837 hydrochloride)

Cat. No.: HY-B0180A

**Bioactivity:** Imiquimod hydrochloride is an immune response modifier that acts as a **toll-like receptor 7** agonist.

**Purity:** >98%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg

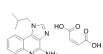
**Imiquimod maleate**

(R 837 maleate)

Cat. No.: HY-B0180B

**Bioactivity:** Imiquimod maleate is an immune response modifier that acts as a **toll-like receptor 7** agonist.

**Purity:** >98%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg

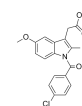
**Indomethacin**

(Indometacin)

Cat. No.: HY-14397

**Bioactivity:** Indomethacin is a potent and nonselective inhibitor of **COX1** and **COX2**, with **IC<sub>50</sub>s** of 18 nM and 26 nM for human COX-1 and COX-2, respectively, in CHO cells.

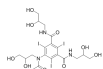
**Purity:** 98.0%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
 1 g, 5 g

**Iohexol**

Cat. No.: HY-B0594

**Bioactivity:** Iohexol is a contrast agent. Target: Others Iohexol is a contrast agent. The osmolality of iohexol ranges from 322 mOsm/kg-approximately 1.1 times that of blood plasma-to 844 mOsm/kg, almost three times that of blood. Despite this difference, iohexol is still considered a low-osmolality...

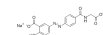
**Purity:** 98.0%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
 100 mg, 500 mg

**Ipsalazide**

Cat. No.: HY-101744

**Bioactivity:** Ipsalazide is a novel sulfasalazine analog designed to release 5-aminosalicylic acid and a nontoxic carrier molecule in the gastrointestinal tract.

**Purity:** >98%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 1 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg, 20 mg

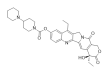
**Irinotecan**

((+)-Irinotecan; CPT-11)

Cat. No.: HY-16562

**Bioactivity:** Irinotecan is a water soluble **topoisomerase I** inhibitor, preventing religation of the DNA strand by binding to topoisomerase I-DNA complex.

**Purity:** 99.84%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg

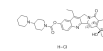
**Irinotecan hydrochloride**

(CPT-11 hydrochloride; Camptothecin 11 hydrochloride)

Cat. No.: HY-16562A

**Bioactivity:** Irinotecan hydrochloride is a water soluble **topoisomerase I** inhibitor mainly used to treat colon cancer and rectal cancer.

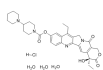
**Purity:** 99.75%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg

**Irinotecan hydrochloride trihydrate**

Cat. No.: HY-16568

**Bioactivity:** Irinotecan hydrochloride trihydrate is a water soluble **topoisomerase I** inhibitor with antitumor activity.

**Purity:** 99.78%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg

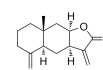
**Isoalantolactone**

((+)-Isoalantolactone; Isohelenin)

Cat. No.: HY-N0780

**Bioactivity:** Isoalantolactone is an **apoptosis** inducer, which also acts as an alkylating agent.

**Purity:** 99.99%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
 10 mg, 50 mg



**Isobavachalcone**

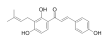
(Corylifolinin; Isobacachalcone)

Cat. No.: HY-13065

**Bioactivity:** Isobavachalcone(Corylifolinin) is a chalcone constituent of Angelica keiskei, induces apoptosis in neuroblastoma. IC50 value: Target: Isobavachalcone inhibits platelet aggregation. Inhibitor of Epstein-Barr virus early antigen (EBV-EA) induction. Isobavachalcone exhibits potent inhibitory effect...

**Purity:** 99.21%**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg

**Isoliquiritigenin**

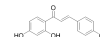
(GU17; ISL; Isoliquiritigen)

Cat. No.: HY-N0102

**Bioactivity:** Isoliquiritigenin is an anti-tumor flavonoid from the root of Glycyrrhiza glabra, which inhibits **aldose reductase** with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 320 nM.

**Purity:** 98.24%**Clinical Data:** Phase 1

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg

**Isoniazid**

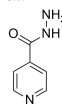
(INH; Isonicotinic acid hydrazide; Isonicotinic hydrazide)

Cat. No.: HY-B0329

**Bioactivity:** Isoniazid is an antibacterial agent used primarily as a tuberculostatic. Target: Antibacterial Isoniazid is a prodrug and must be activated by a bacterial catalase-peroxidase enzyme that in M. tuberculosis is called KatG [1]. KatG couples the isonicotinic acyl with NADH to form isonicotinic...

**Purity:** 99.0%**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in Water,  
100 mg

**Isosorbide**

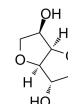
(D-Isosorbide; Dianhydro-D-glucitol)

Cat. No.: HY-B1469

**Bioactivity:** Isosorbide is used as a diuretic used mainly to treat hydrocephalus and is also used to treat glaucoma.

**Purity:** 98.0%**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in Water,  
5 g

**Isosorbide mononitrate**

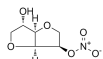
(Isosorbide-5-mononitrate)

Cat. No.: HY-B0642

**Bioactivity:** Isosorbide mononitrate(Isosorbide-5-mononitrate) is a nitrate-class compound used for angina pectoris; acts by dilating the blood vessels so as to reduce the blood pressure.

**Purity:** 98.0%**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
1 g, 5 g

**Isradipine**

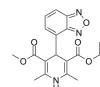
(PN 200-110)

Cat. No.: HY-B0233

**Bioactivity:** Isradipine(Dynacirc) is a calcium channel blocker with an IC50 of 34±8 μM. Target: Calcium Channel Isradipine(Dynacirc) is a calcium channel blocker with an IC50 of 34±8 μM.It is usually prescribed for the treatment of high blood pressure in order to reduce the risk of stroke and heart attack[1]. Isradipine...

**Purity:** 99.24%**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

**Itraconazole**

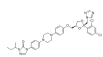
(R51211)

Cat. No.: HY-17514

**Bioactivity:** Itraconazole is a triazole antifungal agent. IC50 Value: N/A Target: antifungal in vitro: Itraconazole is pharmacologically distinct from otherazole antifungal agents in that it is the only inhibitor in this class that has been shown to inhibit both the hedgehog signaling pathway and angiogenesis[1, 2]....

**Purity:** 99.55%**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
100 mg, 500 mg

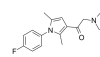
**IU1**

Cat. No.: HY-13817

**Bioactivity:** IU1 is a special **Usp14** inhibitor with **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 4-5 μM.

**Purity:** 98.0%**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg

**Ivermectin**

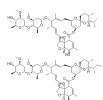
(MK-933)

Cat. No.: HY-15310

**Bioactivity:** Ivermectin (MK-933) is a widely used antiparasitic agent in human and veterinary medicine. It is a positive allosteric effector of **P2X<sub>4</sub>** and the α7 neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptor ( **nAChRs**).

**Purity:** 98.0%**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
500 mg, 1 g

**Ixazomib**

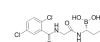
(MLN2238)

Cat. No.: HY-10453

**Bioactivity:** Ixazomib (MLN2238) is a selective, potent, and reversible **proteasome** inhibitor, which inhibits the chymotrypsin-like proteolytic (B5) site of the 20S proteasome with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 3.4 nM ( **K<sub>i</sub>** of 0.93 nM).

**Purity:** 98.0%**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg



|  |   |
|--|---|
| <b>Ixazomib citrate</b><br>(MLN9708)<br><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-10452<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Ixazomib citrate (MLN9708) is a reversible inhibitor of the chymotrypsin-like proteolytic $\beta 5$ site of the <b>20S proteasome</b> with an $IC_{50}$ of 3.4 nM and a $K_i$ of 0.93 nM.<br><b>Purity:</b> 98.0%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg  |      |
| <b>JPH203 Dihydrochloride</b><br><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-U00445<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> JPH203 Dihydrochloride is a tyrosine analog, acts as a selective inhibitor of L-type amino acid transporter 1 ( <b>LAT1</b> ), and is used in cancer research.<br><b>Purity:</b> 98.35%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg  |      |
| <b>Kaempferol</b><br>(Robigenin; Kempferol)<br><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-14590<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Kaempferol inhibits <b>estrogen receptor <math>\alpha</math></b> expression in breast cancer cells and induces apoptosis in glioblastoma cells and lung cancer cells by activation of MEK-MAPK.<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.47%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg  |    |
| <b>Ketanserin tartrate</b><br>(R41468 tartrate)<br><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-10562A<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Ketanserin tartrate is a selective <b>5-HT receptor</b> antagonist. Ketanserin tartrate also blocks hERG current ( $I_{hERG}$ ) in a concentration-dependent manner ( $IC_{50}=0.11 \mu M$ ).<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.97%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 50 mg, 100 mg  |    |
| <b>L-779450</b><br><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-12787<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> L-779450 is a potent and selective <b>B-Raf</b> kinase inhibitor with a $K_d$ of 2.4 nM.<br><b>Purity:</b> 98.75%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg  |    |
| <b>JPH203</b><br>(KYT-0353)<br><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-100868<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> JPH203 is a potent and selective L-type amino acid transporter 1 ( <b>LAT-1</b> ) inhibitor.<br><b>Purity:</b> 98.67%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 2 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg  |    |
| <b>Kaempferide</b><br>(Kaempferol 4'-O-methyl ether)<br><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-15449<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Kaempferide is an O-methylated flavonol, a type of chemical compound. It can be found in Kaempferia galanga (aromatic ginger). The enzyme kaempferol 4'-O-methyltransferase uses S-adenosyl-L-methionine and kaempferol to produce S-adenosyl-L-homocysteine and kaempferide. P-glycoproteins.<br><b>Purity:</b> 98.50%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg |    |
| <b>Ketanserin</b><br>(R41468)<br><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-10562<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Ketanserin is a selective <b>5-HT receptor</b> antagonist. Ketanserin also blocks hERG current ( $I_{hERG}$ ) in a concentration-dependent manner ( $IC_{50}=0.11 \mu M$ ).<br><b>Purity:</b> 98.86%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 50 mg, 100 mg   |  |
| <b>KU-55933</b><br><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-12016<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> KU-55933 is a potent <b>ATM</b> inhibitor with an $IC_{50}$ and $K_i$ of 12.9 and 2.2 nM, respectively, and is highly selective for ATM as compared to DNA-PK, PI3K/PI4K, ATR and mTOR.<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.88%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg   |  |
| <b>Lamotrigine</b><br>(LTG; BW430C)<br><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-B0495<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Lamotrigine(BW430C) is a novel anticonvulsant drug for inhibition of 5-HT and sodium channel Target: Sodium Channel Lamotrigine stabilises presynaptic neuronal membranes by blockade of voltage-dependent sodium channels, thus preventing the release of excitatory neurotransmitters, particularly...<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.94%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 1 g, 5 g                                 |  |

### Lanatoside C

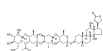
Cat. No.: HY-B1030

**Bioactivity:** Lanatoside C is a cardiac glycoside, can be used in the treatment of congestive heart failure and cardiac arrhythmia. Lanatoside C has an  $IC_{50}$  of 0.19  $\mu$ M for dengue virus infection in HuH-7 cells. Target: in vitro: Dose-dependent reduction in dengue viral RNA and viral...

**Purity:** 98.10%

**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg



### Lapatinib ditosylate

(GW-572016 ditosylate)

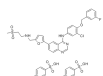
Cat. No.: HY-50898A

**Bioactivity:** Lapatinib ditosylate is a potent **EGFR** and **ErbB2** inhibitor with  $IC_{50}$  of 10.2 and 9.8 nM, respectively.

**Purity:** 98.58%

**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
50 mg, 100 mg, 500 mg, 1 g



### Lapatinib

(GW572016)

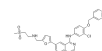
Cat. No.: HY-50898

**Bioactivity:** Lapatinib (GW572016) is a potent **EGFR** and **ErbB2** inhibitor with  $IC_{50}$ s of 10.2 and 9.8 nM, respectively.

**Purity:** 99.83%

**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
50 mg, 100 mg, 500 mg, 1 g



### Lasalocid

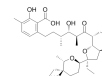
(Antibiotic X-537A; Lasalocid-A; X-537A; Ionophore X-537A) Cat. No.: HY-B1071

**Bioactivity:** Lasalocid is an antibacterial agent and a coccidiostat, used in the feed additives

**Purity:** 98.03%

**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg



### Lasalocid sodium

(Sodium lasalocid)

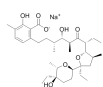
Cat. No.: HY-B1071A

**Bioactivity:** In vitro: Lasalocid sodium treatment led to an increase in cell wall thickness, whilst the quantity and sugar composition of the cell wall remained unchanged in BY-2 cells. Lasalocid sodium treatment enhances enzymatic saccharification efficiency in both BY-2 cells and Arabidopsis plants. [1]

**Purity:** 97.17%

**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported

**Size:** 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg



### Latrepidine dihydrochloride

(Dimebolin dihydrochloride)

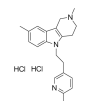
Cat. No.: HY-14537

**Bioactivity:** Latrepirdine dihydrochloride is a neuroactive compound with antagonist activity at histaminergic,  $\alpha$ -adrenergic, and serotonergic receptors. Latrepirdine stimulates amyloid precursor protein (APP) catabolism and **amyloid- $\beta$  (A $\beta$ )** secretion.

**Purity:** 99.75%

**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg



### Leonurine

(SCM-198)

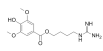
Cat. No.: HY-N0741

**Bioactivity:** Leonurine is an alkaloid isolated from Herba leonuri, with anti-oxidative and anti-inflammatory.

**Purity:** 99.45%

**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg



### Leonurine hydrochloride

(SCM-198 hydrochloride)

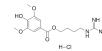
Cat. No.: HY-N0741A

**Bioactivity:** Leonurine hydrochloride is an alkaloid isolated from Herba leonuri, with anti-oxidative and anti-inflammatory.

**Purity:** 99.32%

**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg



### Letrozole

(CGS 20267)

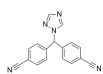
Cat. No.: HY-14248

**Bioactivity:** Letrozole is an **aromatase** inhibitor with an  $IC_{50}$  of 1-13 nM.

**Purity:** 99.91%

**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg



### Levobupivacaine hydrochloride

((S)-(-)-Bupivacaine monohydrochloride)

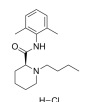
Cat. No.: HY-B0653A

**Bioactivity:** Levobupivacaine hydrochloride is a local anaesthetic compound belonging to the amino amide group; long-acting local anesthetic.

**Purity:** 99.85%

**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg





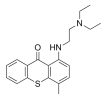
|  |  |   |
|--|--|---|
| <b>Levosimendan</b><br>(OR1855; OR1259) Cat. No.: HY-14286   | <b>Bioactivity:</b> Levosimendan (OR1259) is a calcium sensitizer used in the management of acutely decompensated congestive heart failure.  |      |
| <b>Purity:</b> 98.0%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br>100 mg, 500 mg                             |  |   |
| <b>Ligustilide</b><br>Cat. No.: HY-N0401   | <b>Bioactivity:</b> Ligustilide is an effective constituent extracted from Angelica sinensis. IC50 value: Target: In vitro: To investigate the neuroprotective of ligustilide (LIG) against glutamate-induced apoptosis of PC12 cells, cell viability were examined by MTT assay. Pretreatment with ligustilide (1, 5, 15... |      |
| <b>Purity:</b> 98.49%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg                                 |  |   |
| <b>Linifanib</b><br>(ABT-869; AL-39324) Cat. No.: HY-50751   | <b>Bioactivity:</b> Linifanib (ABT-869) is a multi-targeted inhibitor of <b>VEGF</b> and <b>PDGFR</b> receptor family with <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b> s of 3, 4, 66, 4 nM for KDR, Flt-1, PDGFRβ and FLT3, respectively.   |    |
| <b>Purity:</b> 99.60%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 3<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br>5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg |  |   |
| <b>Lomustine</b><br>(CCNU; NSC 79037) Cat. No.: HY-13669   | <b>Bioactivity:</b> Lomustine (CCNU) is a <b>DNA alkylating</b> agent, with antitumor activity.  |    |
| <b>Purity:</b> 98.0%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br>200 mg, 500 mg                             |  |   |
| <b>Loperamide hydrochloride</b><br>(R-18553 (hydrochloride)) Cat. No.: HY-B0418A   | <b>Bioactivity:</b> Loperamide (hydrochloride) (R-18553 (hydrochloride)) is an <b>opioid receptor</b> agonist for the treatment of diarrhea.   |    |
| <b>Purity:</b> 99.69%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br>100 mg, 500 mg                            |  |   |
| <b>Licochalcone A</b><br>(Licochalcone-A) Cat. No.: HY-N0372   | <b>Bioactivity:</b> Licochalcone A, a flavonoid isolated from the famous Chinese medicinal herb Glycyrrhiza uralensis Fisch, presents obvious anti-cancer effects. The IC50 value is 0.97 μM for UGT1A1.   |    |
| <b>Purity:</b> 99.72%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br>5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg |  |   |
| <b>Linagliptin</b><br>(BI 1356) Cat. No.: HY-10284   | <b>Bioactivity:</b> Linagliptin is a highly potent, selective <b>DPP-4</b> inhibitor with <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b> of 1 nM.  |    |
| <b>Purity:</b> 99.80%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br>5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 250 mg, 1 g   |  |   |
| <b>Lithocholic acid</b><br>(3α-Hydroxy-5β-cholanic acid) Cat. No.: HY-B0172  | <b>Bioactivity:</b> Lithocholic acid is a toxic secondary bile acid, causes intrahepatic cholestasis, has tumor-promoting activity. Target: Others Lithocholic acid has been used in a study to assess cholestasis and its action on several organs and tissues in rats. It has also been used in a study to...              |  |
| <b>Purity:</b> 98.00%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br>1 g, 5 g                   |  |   |
| <b>Lonafarnib</b><br>(Sch66336) Cat. No.: HY-15136   | <b>Bioactivity:</b> Lonafarnib is an orally bioavailable farnesyl protein transferase ( <b>FPTase</b> ) inhibitor for H-ras, K-ras and N-ras with <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b> of 1.9 nM, 5.2 nM and 2.8 nM, respectively.   |  |
| <b>Purity:</b> 98.67%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 3<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br>5 mg, 10 mg                                |  |   |
| <b>Losmapimod</b><br>(GSK-AHAB; GW856553X; SB856553) Cat. No.: HY-10402  | <b>Bioactivity:</b> Losmapimod is a selective, potent, and orally active <b>p38 MAPK</b> inhibitor with <b>pK<sub>i</sub></b> s of 8.1 and 7.6 for p38α and p38β, respectively.  |  |
| <b>Purity:</b> 97.08%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 3<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br>10 mg, 50 mg                               |  |   |

### Lucanthone

Cat. No.: HY-B2098

**Bioactivity:** Lucanthone is an endonuclease inhibitor of Apurinic endonuclease-1 ( **APE-1**).

**Purity:** 98.47%  
**Clinical Data:** Phase 2  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
1 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg, 20 mg



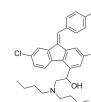
### Lumefantrine

(Benflumetol)

Cat. No.: HY-B0803

**Bioactivity:** Lumefantrine is an antimalarial drug, used in combination with Artemether. The artemether-lumefantrine (AL) as the first- and second-line anti-malarial drugs.

**Purity:** 97.29%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 500 mg



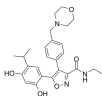
### Luminespib

(NVP-AUY922; AUY922; VER-52296)

Cat. No.: HY-10215

**Bioactivity:** Luminespib (NVP-AUY922) is a potent **HSP90** inhibitor with **IC<sub>50</sub>s** of 7.8 and 21 nM for HSP90α and HSP90β, respectively.

**Purity:** 99.14%  
**Clinical Data:** Phase 2  
**Size:** 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg



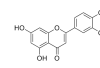
### Luteolin

(Luteolol; Digitoflavone; Luteoline)

Cat. No.: HY-N0162

**Bioactivity:** Luteolin (Luteolol) is a falconoid compound, which exhibits anticancer properties.

**Purity:** 98.14%  
**Clinical Data:** Phase 2  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 500 mg

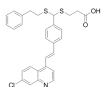


### LV-320

Cat. No.: HY-112711

**Bioactivity:** LV-320 is a potent **ATG4B** inhibitor with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 24.5μM.

**Purity:** 95.0%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg

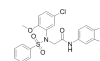


### LX2343

Cat. No.: HY-111383

**Bioactivity:** LX2343 is a **BACE1** enzyme inhibitor with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** value of 11.43±0.36 μM. LX2343 acts as a non-ATP competitive **PI3K** inhibitor with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 15.99±3.23 μM. LX2343 stimulates **autophagy** in its promotion of **Aβ** clearance.

**Purity:** 99.86%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

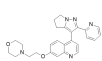


### LY2109761

Cat. No.: HY-12075

**Bioactivity:** LY2109761 is an orally active, selective **TGF-β receptor type I/II** inhibitor with **K<sub>i</sub>s** of 38 nM and 300 nM, respectively.

**Purity:** 99.95%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg



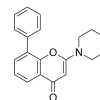
### LY294002

(NSC 697286; SF 1101)

Cat. No.: HY-10108

**Bioactivity:** LY294002 is a broad-spectrum inhibitor of **PI3K** with **IC<sub>50</sub>s** of 0.5, 0.57, and 0.97 μM for **PI3Kα**, **PI3Kδ** and **PI3Kβ**, respectively [1]. LY294002 also inhibits **CK2** with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 98 nM [2].

**Purity:** 99.95%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg



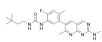
### LY3009120

(DP-4978)

Cat. No.: HY-12558

**Bioactivity:** LY3009120 is a pan **RAF** inhibitor which inhibits BRAF<sup>V600E</sup>, BRAF<sup>WT</sup> and CRAF<sup>WT</sup> with **IC<sub>50</sub>s** of 5.8, 9.1 and 15 nM, respectively.

**Purity:** 98.66%  
**Clinical Data:** Phase 1  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

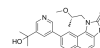


### LY3023414

Cat. No.: HY-12513

**Bioactivity:** LY3023414 potently and selectively inhibits **class I PI3K** isoforms, **DNA-PK**, and **mTORC1/2** with **IC<sub>50</sub>s** of 6.07 nM, 77.6 nM, 38 nM, 23.8 nM, 4.24 nM and 165 nM for PI3Kα, PI3Kβ, PI3Kδ, PI3Kγ, DNA-PK and mTOR, respectively. LY3023414 potently inhibits **mTORC1/2** at low nanomolar...

**Purity:** 99.77%  
**Clinical Data:** Phase 2  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg



### Lycorine hydrochloride

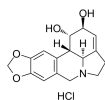
Cat. No.: HY-N0289

**Bioactivity:** Lycorine (hydrochloride) is VE-cadherin inhibitor, and has IC50 of 1.2 μM in Hey1B cell. IC50: 1.2 μM (Hey1B cell)[2] In vitro: Lycorine (hydrochloride) executed an anti-melanoma vasculogenic effect by inhibiting VE-cadherin gene expression in C8161 cells and caused a decrease in cell surface exposure...

**Purity:** >98%

**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported

**Size:** 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg



### LYN-1604 hydrochloride

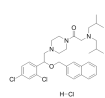
Cat. No.: HY-101923A

**Bioactivity:** LYN-1604 hydrochloride is a potent **ULK1** activator with an **EC<sub>50</sub>** of 18.94 nM.

**Purity:** 99.80%

**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg



### Magnolol

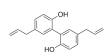
Cat. No.: HY-N0163

**Bioactivity:** Magnolol, a natural lignan isolated from the stem bark of Magnolia officinalis, is a dual agonist of both **RXRα** and **PPARγ**, with **EC<sub>50</sub>** values of 10.4 μM and 17.7 μM, respectively.

**Purity:** 99.72%

**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg



### Matrine

(Matridin-15-one; Vegard; α-Matrine)

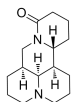
Cat. No.: HY-N0164

**Bioactivity:** Matrine (Matridin-15-one) is an alkaloid found in plants from the Sophora genus. It has a variety of pharmacological effects, including anti-cancer effects, and action as a kappa opioid receptor and u-receptor agonist.

**Purity:** 98.0%

**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg



### Megestrol Acetate

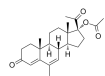
Cat. No.: HY-13676

**Bioactivity:** Megestrol Acetate is a synthetic progesterone agent with an IC50 of 260 μM for the inhibition of Hcg2. Target: Progesterone Receptor Megestrol acetate, also known as 17α-acetoxy-6-dehydro-6-methylprogesterone, and sometimes abbreviated as MGA or MA, is a steroidal progestin and...

**Purity:** 98.0%

**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
1 g, 5 g



### LYN-1604

(LYN1604; LYN 1604)

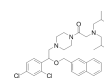
Cat. No.: HY-101923

**Bioactivity:** LYN-1604 is a potent UNC-51-like kinase 1 (**ULK1**) agonist with an **EC<sub>50</sub>** of 18.94 nM.

**Purity:** >98%

**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported

**Size:** 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg



### Lys01 trihydrochloride

(Lys05)

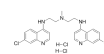
Cat. No.: HY-12855A

**Bioactivity:** Lys01 trihydrochloride (Lys05) is a novel **lysosomal autophagy** inhibitor with **IC<sub>50</sub>** values of 3.6, 3.8, 6 and 7.9 μM for 1205Lu, c8161, LN229 and HT-29 cell line in the MTT assay.

**Purity:** 98.0%

**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg



### Maprotiline hydrochloride

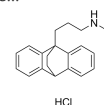
Cat. No.: HY-B0444

**Bioactivity:** Maprotiline HCl is a selective noradrenalin re-uptake inhibitor and a tetracyclic antidepressant. Target: Others Maprotiline (sold as Deprilept, Ludiomil, Pymion) is a tetracyclic antidepressant (TeCA). However, Maprotiline's fourth ring is spurious, as formed by a bridge across the...

**Purity:** 99.97%

**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
100 mg, 500 mg



### Mefloquine hydrochloride

(Mefloquin hydrochloride)

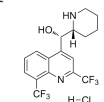
Cat. No.: HY-17437A

**Bioactivity:** Mefloquine hydrochloride is a quinoline antimalarial drug that is structurally related to the antiarrhythmic agent quinidine. IC50 Value: 1 microM ( for K<sup>+</sup> channel) [1] Target: Antiparasitic Mefloquine is widely used in both the treatment and prophylaxis of Plasmodium falciparum malaria. MQ can...

**Purity:** 99.96%

**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
100 mg, 500 mg



### Melatonin

(N-Acetyl-5-methoxytryptamine)

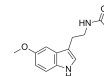
Cat. No.: HY-B0075











**Bioactivity:** Melatonin is a hormone made by the pineal gland that can activates **melatonin receptor**. Melatonin plays a role in sleep and possesses important antioxidative and anti-inflammatory properties.



**Purity:** 98.95%

**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
1 g, 5 g



|  |   |
|--|---|
| <b>Meloxicam</b><br>Cat. No.: HY-B0261<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Meloxicam is a non-steroidal antiinflammatory agent, inhibits <b>COX</b> activity, with <b>IC<sub>50</sub>s</b> of 0.49 $\mu$ M and 36.6 $\mu$ M for COX-2 and COX-1, respectively.<br><b>Purity:</b> 98.07%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 100 mg, 500 mg<br>   | <b>Memantine hydrochloride</b><br><b>(D-145 (hydrochloride))</b><br>Cat. No.: HY-B0365A<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Memantine (hydrochloride) (D-145 (hydrochloride)), an amantadine derivative with low to moderate-affinity for NMDA receptors, inhibit CYP2B6 and CYP2D6 with <b>K<sub>i</sub></b> of 0.51 nM and 94.9 $\mu$ M, respectively.<br><b>Purity:</b> 98.0%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 1 g, 5 g<br>   |
| <b>Meprednisone</b><br>Cat. No.: HY-B0243<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Meprednisone is a glucocorticoid and a methylated derivative of prednisone. Target: Glucocorticoid Receptor Meprednisone is a glucocorticoid and a methylated derivative of prednisone. The methylprednisone to MPL area under the curve ratio decreased from 0.19 +/- 0.04 in control to 0.14 +/- 0.03 in...<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.36%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10 mg, 100 mg<br>   | <b>Metformin hydrochloride</b><br><b>(1,1-Dimethylbiguanide hydrochloride)</b><br>Cat. No.: HY-17471A<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Metformin (hydrochloride) is an FDA approved first-line drug for the treatment of type 2 diabetes. Metformin decreases hepatic glucose production, mostly through a mild and transient inhibition of the mitochondrial respiratory-chain complex 1.<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.98%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in Water, 10 g, 50 g<br>                        |
| <b>Methylprednisolone</b><br><b>(U 7532)</b><br>Cat. No.: HY-B0260<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Methylprednisolone is a synthetic corticosteroid with anti-inflammatory and immunomodulating properties. Target: Glucocorticoid Receptor Methylprednisolone is typically used for its anti-inflammatory effects. Common uses include arthritis therapy and short-term treatment of bronchial...<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.67%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 100 mg, 500 mg<br>   | <b>Metyrapone</b><br><b>(Su-4885)</b><br>Cat. No.: HY-B1232<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Metyrapone is an inhibitor of cytochrome P450-mediated $\omega/\omega$ -1 hydroxylase activity and CYP11B1. Target: CYP11B1 Metyrapone is a drug used in the diagnosis of adrenal insufficiency and occasionally in the treatment of Cushing's syndrome (hypercortisolism). Metyrapone blocks cortisol synthesis by...<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.83%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in Water, 500 mg<br> |
| <b>Mevastatin</b><br><b>(Compactin; ML236B)</b><br>Cat. No.: HY-17408<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Mevastatin (Compactin; ML236B) inhibits HMGCR (HMG-CoA reductase) (K <sub>i</sub> for acid form is 1 nM) which in turn inhibits isoprenoid biosynthesis and therefore blocks protein isoprenylation and reduces plasma cholesterol levels in humans. IC <sub>50</sub> value: 1 nM (K <sub>i</sub> ) Target: HMGCR Mevastatin induces...<br><b>Purity:</b> 98.45%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 10 mg, 50 mg<br> | <b>MG-132</b><br>Cat. No.: HY-13259<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> MG-132 is a potent, reversible, and cell-permeable <b>20S proteasome</b> inhibitor which inhibits proteasomal chymotrypsin-like peptidase activity with an <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b> of 24.2 nM.<br><b>Purity:</b> 98.0%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg<br>   |
| <b>MHY1485</b><br>Cat. No.: HY-B0795<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> MHY1485 is a cell-permeable <b>mTOR</b> activator. MHY1485 has an inhibitory effect on the autophagic process by inhibition of fusion between autophagosomes and lysosomes.<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.05%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg<br>  | <b>Mifepristone</b><br><b>(RU486; RU 38486)</b><br>Cat. No.: HY-13683<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Mifepristone is a <b>progesterone receptor (PR)</b> and <b>glucocorticoid receptor (GR)</b> antagonist with <b>IC<sub>50</sub>s</b> of 0.2 nM and 2.6 nM in in vitro assay.<br><b>Purity:</b> 98.17%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 100 mg, 500 mg<br>   |

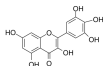
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|--|--|
| <p><b>Milciclib</b><br/>(PHA-848125)</p> <p><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-10424</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Milciclib (PHA-848125) is a potent, dual inhibitor of <b>CDK</b> and <b>Tropomyosin receptor kinase (TRK)</b>, with <b>IC<sub>50</sub>s</b> of 45, 150, 160, 363, 398 nM and 53 nM for cyclin A/CDK2, cyclin H/CDK7, cyclin D1/CDK4, cyclin E/CDK2, cyclin B/CDK1 and TRKA, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 98.61%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 2</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>   | <p><b>Mitomycin C</b><br/>(Ametycine)</p> <p><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-13316</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Mitomycin C is an antitumor drug and antibiotic that shows extraordinary ability to inhibit <b>DNA synthesis</b>. Mitomycin C is a DNA cross-linking agent, which induces DNA damaging.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.45%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg</p>   |
| <p><b>MK 2206 dihydrochloride</b></p> <p><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-10358</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> MK 2206 dihydrochloride is an orally active allosteric <b>Akt</b> inhibitor with <b>IC<sub>50</sub>s</b> of 5, 12 and 65 nM for <b>Akt1</b>, <b>Akt2</b> and <b>Akt3</b>, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.47%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 2</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg</p>    | <p><b>MK-5108</b><br/>(VX-689)</p> <p><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-13252</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> MK-5108 is a highly potent and specific inhibitor of <b>Aurora A kinase</b> with an <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b> value of 0.064 nM.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.11%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 1</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>   |
| <p><b>Mocetinostat</b><br/>(MGCD0103)</p> <p><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-12164</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Mocetinostat (MGCD0103) is a potent, orally active and isotype-selective <b>HDAC (Class I/IV)</b> inhibitor with <b>IC<sub>50</sub>s</b> of 0.15, 0.29, 1.66 and 0.59 <math>\mu</math>M for <b>HDAC1</b>, <b>HDAC2</b>, <b>HDAC3</b> and <b>HDAC11</b>, respectively. Mocetinostat shows no inhibition on HDAC4, HDAC5, HDAC6, HDAC7, or HDAC8.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.81%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 2</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>  | <p><b>Momelotinib</b><br/>(CYT387)</p> <p><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-10961</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Momelotinib (CYT387) is an ATP-competitive inhibitor of <b>JAK1/JAK2</b> with <b>IC<sub>50</sub>a</b> of 11 nM and 18 nM, respectively. CYT387 shows much less activity against JAK3.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 98.11%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 3</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg</p>   |
| <p><b>Momelotinib Mesylate</b><br/>(CYT387 (Mesylate))</p> <p><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-10963</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Momelotinib Mesylate (CYT387 Mesylate) is an ATP-competitive inhibitor of <b>JAK1/JAK2</b> with <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b> of 11 nM/18 nM, appr 10-fold selectivity versus JAK3.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 3</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>   | <p><b>Momelotinib sulfate</b><br/>(CYT387 (sulfate salt))</p> <p><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-10962</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Momelotinib sulfate (CYT387 sulfate) is an ATP-competitive inhibitor of <b>JAK1/JAK2</b> with <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b> of 11 nM/18 nM, 10-fold selectivity versus JAK3 (<b>IC<sub>50</sub></b>=155 nM).</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 96.0%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 3</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>                         |
| <p><b>Montelukast sodium</b><br/>(MK0476)</p> <p><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-13315</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Montelukast (sodium) (MK0476) is a potent, selective <b>CysLT<sub>1</sub></b> receptor antagonist.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.82%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in Water, 50 mg, 100 mg, 500 mg</p>    | <p><b>MRT67307</b></p> <p><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-13018</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> MRT67307 is a dual inhibitor of the <b>IKK<math>\epsilon</math></b> and <b>TBK-1</b> with <b>IC<sub>50</sub>s</b> of 160 and 19 nM, respectively. MRT67307 also inhibits ULK1 and ULK2 with <b>IC<sub>50</sub>s</b> of 45 and 38 nM, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.00%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>  |

**Myricetin**  
(Cannabiscetin)

Cat. No.: HY-15097

**Bioactivity:** Myricetin is a common plant-derived flavonoid with a wide range of activities including strong anti-oxidant, anticancer, antidiabetic and anti-inflammatory activities.

**Purity:** 99.41%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg

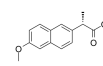


**Naproxen**  
(S)-Naproxen

Cat. No.: HY-15030

**Bioactivity:** Naproxen is a **COX-1** and **COX-2** inhibitor with **IC<sub>50</sub>s** of 8.72 and 5.15  $\mu$ M, respectively in cell assay.

**Purity:** 99.66%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 g, 10 g

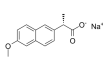


**Naproxen sodium**

Cat. No.: HY-15030A

**Bioactivity:** Naproxen sodium is a **COX-1** and **COX-2** inhibitor with **IC<sub>50</sub>s** of 8.72 and 5.15  $\mu$ M, respectively in cell assay.

**Purity:** 99.98%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 g, 10 g

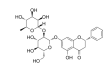


**Naringin**  
(Naringoside)

Cat. No.: HY-N0153

**Bioactivity:** Naringin is a major flavanone glycoside obtained from tomatoes, grapefruits, and many other citrus fruits. Naringin exhibits biological properties such as antioxidant, anti-inflammatory, and antiapoptotic activities.

**Purity:** 99.79%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
200 mg, 10 g

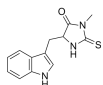


**Necrostatin-1**  
(Nec-1)

Cat. No.: HY-15760

**Bioactivity:** Necrostatin-1 (Nec-1) is a potent, selective and cell-permeable **necroptosis** inhibitor with an **EC<sub>50</sub>** of 490 nM in Jurkat cells. It acts by inhibiting the death domain kinase RIP ( **RIP1**) in the necroptosis pathway.

**Purity:** 99.20%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

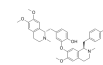


**Neferine**  
(-)-Neferine

Cat. No.: HY-N0441

**Bioactivity:** Neferine is a major bisbenzylisoquinoline alkaloid. Neferine strongly inhibits **NF- $\kappa$ B** activation.

**Purity:** 99.92%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg



**Niacin**  
(Nicotinic acid; Vitamin B3)

Cat. No.: HY-B0143

**Bioactivity:** Niacin (Vitamin B3) is a water-soluble vitamin and is part of the vitamin B group. Target: Others Niacin (also known as vitamin B3 and nicotinic acid) is an organic compound with the formula C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>NO<sub>2</sub> and, depending on the definition used, one of the 20 to 80 essential human nutrients. Not enough niacin in...

**Purity:** 99.0%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in Water,  
1 g, 5 g

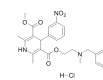


**Nicardipine Hydrochloride**  
(YC-93 Hydrochloride)

Cat. No.: HY-12515A

**Bioactivity:** Nicardipine Hydrochloride (YC-93 Hydrochloride) is a calcium channel blocker that has been widely used to control blood pressure in severe hypertension following events such as ischemic stroke, traumatic brain injury, and intracerebral hemorrhage.

**Purity:** 99.85%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
1 g, 5 g

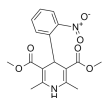


**Nifedipine**  
(BAY-a-1040)

Cat. No.: HY-B0284

**Bioactivity:** Nifedipine (BAY-a-1040) is a potent **calcium channel** blocker and drug of choice for cardiac insufficiencies.

**Purity:** 97.64%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
1 g, 5 g, 10 g

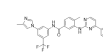


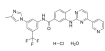
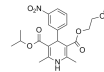
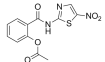
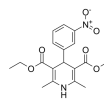
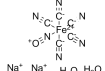
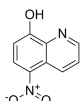
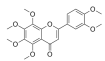
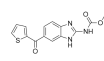
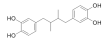
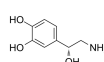
**Nilotinib**  
(AMN107)

Cat. No.: HY-10159

**Bioactivity:** Nilotinib is an orally available **Bcr-Abl** tyrosine kinase inhibitor with antineoplastic activity.

**Purity:** 99.94%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg



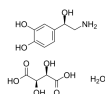
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| <p><b>Nilotinib monohydrochloride monohydrate</b><br/>(AMN107 (monohydrochloride monohydrate))</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Nilotinib monohydrochloride monohydrate is a second generation tyrosine kinase inhibitor (TKI), is significantly more potent against <b>BCR-ABL</b> than Imatinib, and is active against many Imatinib-resistant BCR-ABL mutants.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.97%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg</p>  | <p><b>Nimodipine</b><br/>(BAY-e 9736)</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Nimodipine(Nimotop) is a dihydropyridine derivative and an analogue of the calcium channel blocker nifedipine, with antihypertensive activity.Nimodipine decreases intracellular free Ca<sup>2+</sup>,Beclin-1 and autophagy. Target: Calcium Channel</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.87%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>100 mg, 500 mg</p>    |
| <p><b>Nitazoxanide</b><br/>(NTZ; NSC 697855)</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Nitazoxanide is a synthetic nitrothiazolyl-salicylamide derivative and an antiprotozoal agent. (IC<sub>50</sub> for canine influenza virus ranges from 0.17 to 0.21 μM). Target: Others</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 95.24%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>    | <p><b>Nitrendipine</b><br/>(BAY-E-5009)</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Nitrendipine is a calcium channel blocker with marked vasodilator action. Target: Calcium Channel</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.29%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg, 1 g</p>    |
| <p><b>Nitroprusside disodium dihydrate</b> (Sodium nitroprusside dihydrate; Sodium Nitroferricyanide(III) Dihydrate)</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Nitroprusside disodium dihydrate is a potent vasodilator working through releasing NO spontaneously in blood. Target: Others</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>10 g</p>    | <p><b>Nitroxoline</b><br/>(8-Hydroxy-5-nitroquinoline; 5-Nitro-8-quinolinol)</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Nitroxoline is an antibiotic that has proven to be very effective at combating biofilm infections. Nitroxoline functions by chelating Fe<sup>2+</sup> and Zn<sup>2+</sup> ions from the biofilm matrix.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 98.0%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>1 g</p>   |
| <p><b>Nobiletin</b></p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Nobiletin is a citrus flavonoid with anti-inflammatory, anti-cancer, cholesterol lowering, memory protection activities.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.04%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>   | <p><b>Nocodazole</b><br/>(Oncodazole; R17934)</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Nocodazole is a rapidly-reversible inhibitor of <b>microtubule</b>. Nocodazole binds to β-tubulin and disrupts microtubule assembly/disassembly dynamics, which prevents mitosis and induces apoptosis in tumor cells. Nocodazole inhibits <b>Bcr-Abl</b>, activates <b>CRISPR/Cas9</b>.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 98.68%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>  |
| <p><b>Nordihydroguaiaretic acid</b><br/>(NDGA)</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Nordihydroguaiaretic acid is a <b>5-lipoxygenase ( 5LOX )</b> (IC<sub>50</sub>=8±3 μM) and tyrosine kinase inhibitor.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.78%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 2</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>100 mg, 500 mg</p>   | <p><b>Norepinephrine</b><br/>(Levarterenol; L-Noradrenaline)</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Norepinephrine (Levarterenol; L-Noradrenaline) is a <b>β<sub>1</sub>-selective adrenergic receptor</b> agonist with EC<sub>50</sub> of 5.37 μM.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 500 mg</p>   |

**Norepinephrine bitartrate monohydrate (Levarterenol  
(bitartrate monohydrate); ...)**

Cat. No.: HY-13715B

**Bioactivity:** Norepinephrine bitartrate monohydrate (Levarterenol bitartrate monohydrate; L-Noradrenaline bitartrate monohydrate) is a  $\beta_1$ -selective **adrenergic receptor** agonist with  $EC_{50}$  of 5.37  $\mu$ M.

**Purity:** 99.75%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
500 mg, 1 g, 5 g

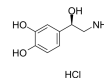


**Norepinephrine hydrochloride (Levarterenol (hydrochloride);  
L-Noradrenaline (hydrochloride))**

Cat. No.: HY-13715A

**Bioactivity:** Norepinephrine hydrochloride (Levarterenol hydrochloride; L-Noradrenaline hydrochloride) is a  $\beta_1$ -selective **adrenergic receptor** agonist with  $EC_{50}$  of 5.37  $\mu$ M.

**Purity:** >98%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 500 mg, 1 g, 5 g



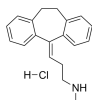
**Nortriptyline hydrochloride**

(Desmethyramitriptyline hydrochloride)

Cat. No.: HY-B1417

**Bioactivity:** Nortriptyline hydrochloride is a tricyclic antidepressant used to relieve the symptoms of depression.

**Purity:** 99.96%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
50 mg



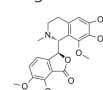
**Noscapine**

((S,R)-Noscapine)

Cat. No.: HY-13716

**Bioactivity:** Noscapine is an orally administrable drug used worldwide for cough suppression, primarily mediated by its  $\sigma$ -receptor agonist activity, and possess anticancer activity. Target:  $\sigma$ -receptor in vitro: Noscapine is a phthalideisoquinoline alkaloid from opium, is a recently discovered anticancer drug...

**Purity:** 97.80%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
100 mg



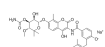
**Novobiocin Sodium**

(Albamycin; Cathomycin)

Cat. No.: HY-B0425A

**Bioactivity:** Novobiocin Sodium is an antibiotic compound derived from Streptomyces niveus. Target: Antibacterial Novobiocin, also known as albamycin or cathomycin, is an aminocoumarin antibiotic that is produced by the actinomycete Streptomyces niveus, which has recently been identified as a subjective...

**Purity:** 95.0%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
100 mg, 500 mg

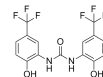


**NS1643**

Cat. No.: HY-16916

**Bioactivity:** NS1643 is a potent human ether-a-go-go related gene (hERG) KV11.1 channel activator ( $EC_{50}$  = 10.5  $\mu$ M).  $IC_{50}$  value: Target: HERG activator in vitro: NS1643 enhanced the magnitude of wild-type hERG current in a concentration- and voltage-dependent manner with an  $EC_{50}$  of 10.4 microM at -10...

**Purity:** 96.85%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

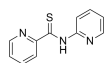


**NSC 185058**

Cat. No.: HY-125169

**Bioactivity:** NSC 185058 is an inhibitor of **ATG4B**, a major **cysteine protease**. NSC185058 markedly attenuates **autophagic** activity [1].

**Purity:** >98%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg



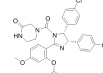
**Nutlin 3a**

(Nutlin-3a chiral)

Cat. No.: HY-10029

**Bioactivity:** Nutlin 3a is an active enantiomer of Nutlin-3, acts as a murine double minute (**MDM2**) antagonist that inhibits **MDM2-p53** interactions and stabilizes the p53 protein, and thereby induces cell cycle arrest and apoptosis.

**Purity:** 98.11%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg



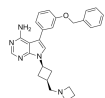
**NVP-AEW541**

(AEW541)

Cat. No.: HY-50866

**Bioactivity:** NVP-AEW541 is a potent inhibitor of **IGF-1R** with  $IC_{50}$  of 0.15  $\mu$ M, also inhibits **InsR**, with  $IC_{50}$  of 0.14  $\mu$ M.

**Purity:** 98.76%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
2 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg



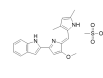
**Obatoclax**

(Obatoclax Mesylate; GX15-070)

Cat. No.: HY-10969

**Bioactivity:** Obatoclax is an inhibitor of the **BCL-2** family proteins. It binds to **BCL-2** with a  $K_i$  of 220 nM.

**Purity:** 99.20%  
**Clinical Data:** Phase 3  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg





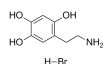
|   |   |
|---|---|
| <b>Olanzapine</b><br>(LY170053)<br><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-14541<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Olanzapine(LY170053) is a high affinity for 5-HT <sub>2</sub> serotonin and D <sub>2</sub> dopamine receptor antagonist. IC <sub>50</sub> Value: Target: 5-HT Receptor Olanzapine is a thienobenzodiazepine that blocks especially the serotonin (5-hydroxytryptamine [5-HT]) 5-HT <sub>2A</sub> and the dopamine D <sub>2</sub> receptors (K <sub>i</sub> values are 4 and 11 nM...<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.94%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 50 mg, 100 mg, 500 mg |      |
| <b>Oleonic Acid</b><br>(Oleic acid; Caryophyllin)<br><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-N0156<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Oleonic acid (Caryophyllin) is a natural compound from plants with anti-tumor activities.<br><b>Purity:</b> 98.0%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 1<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 100 mg, 500 mg   |      |
| <b>Omipalisib</b><br>(GSK2126458; GSK458)<br><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-10297<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Omipalisib (GSK2126458) is a highly selective and potent inhibitor of <b>PI3K</b> with K <sub>i</sub> s of 0.019 nM/0.13 nM/0.024 nM/0.06 nM and 0.18 nM/0.3 nM for p110α/β/δ/γ, mTORC1/2, respectively.<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.31%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 1<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg   |    |
| <b>Oroxylin A</b><br>(Baicalein 6-methyl ether; 6-Methoxybaicalein)<br><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-N0560<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Oroxylin A is a natural active flavonoid with strong anticancer effects. IC <sub>50</sub> value: Target: In vitro: Oroxylin A suppressed the MDM2-mediated degradation of p53 via downregulating MDM2 transcription in wt-p53 cancer cells [1]. Oroxylin A remarkably reduced the generation of lactate and...<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.90%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg                              |    |
| <b>Ouabain Octahydrate</b><br>(Acocantherine; G-Strophanthin)<br><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-B0542<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Ouabain Octahydrate is an inhibitor of <b>Na<sup>+</sup>/K<sup>+</sup>-ATPase</b> , used for the treatment of congestive heart failure.<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.91%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 100 mg   |    |
| <b>Olaparib</b><br>(AZD2281; KU0059436)<br><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-10162<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Olaparib (AZD2281;KU0059436) is a potent and oral <b>PARP</b> inhibitor with IC <sub>50</sub> s of 5 and 1 nM for <b>PARP1</b> and <b>PARP2</b> , respectively.<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.98%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg, 1 g, 2 g   |    |
| <b>Omeprazole</b><br>(H 16868)<br><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-B0113<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Omeprazole (H 16868) is a proton pump inhibitor used in the treatment of dyspepsia.<br><b>Purity:</b> 97.06%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 100 mg, 500 mg  |    |
| <b>Oprozomib</b><br>(ONX 0912; PR-047)<br><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-12113<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Oprozomib (ONX 0912; PR047) is an orally bioavailable inhibitor for CT-L activity of 20S proteasome β5/LMP7 with IC <sub>50</sub> of 36 nM/82 nM. IC <sub>50</sub> value: 36 nM/82 nM(20S proteasome β5/LMP7) [1] Target: 20S proteasome The anti-MM activity of Oprozomib is associated with activation of caspase-8,...<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.60%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 2<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg   |  |
| <b>OSI-027</b><br><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-10423<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> OSI-027 is an ATP-competitive <b>mTOR</b> kinase activity inhibitor with an IC <sub>50</sub> of 4 nM. OSI-027 targets both <b>mTORC1</b> and <b>mTORC2</b> with IC <sub>50</sub> s of 22 nM and 65 nM, respectively.<br><b>Purity:</b> 98.60%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 1<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg  |  |
| <b>Oxaliplatin</b><br><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-17371<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Oxaliplatin is a <b>DNA synthesis</b> inhibitor. It causes DNA crosslinking damage, prevents DNA replication and transcription and causes cell death.<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.86%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg   |  |

### Oxidopamine hydrobromide

(6-Hydroxydopamine hydrobromide; 6-OHDA hydrobromide) Cat. No.: HY-B1081A

**Bioactivity:** Oxidopamine (hydrobromide), an antagonist of the **neurotransmitter dopamine**, is a widely used neurotoxin that selectively destroys dopaminergic neurons.

**Purity:** 98.0%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg, 1 g

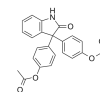


### Oxyphenisatin acetate

Cat. No.: HY-101714

**Bioactivity:** Oxyphenisatin acetate, the pro-drug of oxyphenisatin, is used to be a laxative.

**Purity:** 98.0%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg



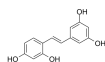
### Oxyresveratrol

(trans-Oxyresveratrol)

Cat. No.: HY-N1430

**Bioactivity:** Oxyresveratrol is neuroprotective and inhibits the apoptotic cell death in transient cerebral ischemia. It effectively scavenges H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>, NO (IC<sub>50</sub> = 45.3 μM), and the artificial free radical 2,2-diphenyl-1-picrylhydrazyl (IC<sub>50</sub> = 28.9 μM) In vitro: 1)oxyresveratrol exhibited more than 50% inhibition at...

**Purity:** 99.91%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
50 mg, 100 mg, 500 mg, 1 g



### PAC-1

(Procaspase activating compound 1)

Cat. No.: HY-13523

**Bioactivity:** PAC-1 is an activator of **procaspase-3** induces apoptosis in cancer cells with **EC<sub>50</sub>** of 2.08 μM.

**Purity:** 95.98%  
**Clinical Data:** Phase 1  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg, 50 mg



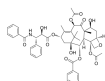
### Paclitaxel

(Taxol)

Cat. No.: HY-B0015

**Bioactivity:** Paclitaxel (Taxol), a naturally occurring antineoplastic agent, stabilizes **tubulin polymerization**, resulting in arrest at the G<sub>2</sub>/M phase of the cell cycle and apoptotic cell death [1] [2].

**Purity:** 99.97%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
50 mg, 100 mg, 500 mg



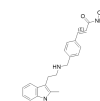
### Panobinostat

(LBH589; NVP-LBH589)

Cat. No.: HY-10224

**Bioactivity:** Panobinostat is a non-selective histone deacetylase ( **HDAC**) inhibitor.

**Purity:** 98.42%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg



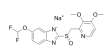
### Pantoprazole sodium

(BY1023 (sodium); SKF96022 (sodium))

Cat. No.: HY-17507A

**Bioactivity:** Pantoprazole sodium salt(SKF96022; Protonix) is a proton pump inhibitor drug used for short-term treatment of erosion and ulceration of the esophagus caused by gastroesophageal reflux disease. IC<sub>50</sub> value: Target: proton pump inhibitor

**Purity:** 98.0%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in Water,  
100 mg, 500 mg



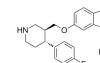
### Paroxetine hydrochloride

(BRL29060 hydrochloride; BRL29060A)

Cat. No.: HY-B0492

**Bioactivity:** Paroxetine hydrochloride is a potent selective **serotonin-reuptake** inhibitor, commonly prescribed as an antidepressant and has GRK2 inhibitory ability with **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 14μM.

**Purity:** 99.0%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
100 mg, 500 mg

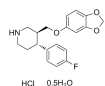


### Paroxetine hydrochloride hemihydrate (BRL29060 hydrochloride hemihydrate; BRL29060A hemihydrate)

Cat. No.: HY-B0492A

**Bioactivity:** Paroxetine hydrochloride hemihydrate is a potent selective **serotonin-reuptake** inhibitor, commonly prescribed as an antidepressant and has GRK2 inhibitory ability with **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 14μM.

**Purity:** >98%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 100 mg, 500 mg



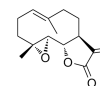
### Parthenolide

(-)-Parthenolide)

Cat. No.: HY-N0141

**Bioactivity:** Parthenolide is a sesquiterpene lactone found in the medicinal herb Feverfew. Parthenolide exhibits anti-inflammatory activity by inhibiting **NF-κB** activation; also inhibits **HDAC1** protein without affecting other class I/II HDACs.

**Purity:** 99.88%  
**Clinical Data:** Phase 2  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg



|  |   |   |   |
|--|---|---|---|
| <b>Pazopanib</b><br>(GW786034)<br><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-10208<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Pazopanib (GW786034) is a novel multi-target inhibitor of <b>VEGFR1</b> , <b>VEGFR2</b> , <b>VEGFR3</b> , <b>PDGFRβ</b> , <b>c-Kit</b> , <b>FGFR1</b> , and <b>c-Fms</b> with <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b> s of 10, 30, 47, 84, 74, 140 and 146 nM, respectively.<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.68%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg   |    | <b>Pazopanib Hydrochloride</b><br>(GW786034 (Hydrochloride))<br><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-12009<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Pazopanib Hydrochloride (GW786034 Hydrochloride) is a novel multi-target inhibitor of <b>VEGFR1</b> , <b>VEGFR2</b> , <b>VEGFR3</b> , <b>PDGFRβ</b> , <b>c-Kit</b> , <b>FGFR1</b> , and <b>c-Fms</b> with an <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b> of 10, 30, 47, 84, 74, 140 and 146 nM, respectively.<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.92%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg |    |
| <b>PD 169316</b><br><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-10578<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> PD 169316 is a potent, cell-permeable and selective <b>p38 MAP kinase</b> inhibitor, with <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b> of 89 nM.<br><b>Purity:</b> 98.33%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 10 mg, 50 mg   |    | <b>PD-166866</b><br><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-101296<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> PD166866 is a selective <b>FGFR1</b> tyrosine kinase inhibitor with an <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b> of 52.4 nM.<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.68%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg   |    |
| <b>PD0325901</b><br>(PD325901)<br><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-10254<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> PD0325901 is a selective and cell permeable <b>MEK</b> inhibitor with an <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b> of 0.33 nM.<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.95%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 2<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg   |  | <b>PD146176</b><br>(NSC168807)<br><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-103157<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> PD146176 (NSC168807) is a <b>15-Lipoxygenase (15-LO)</b> inhibitor, which inhibits rabbit reticulocyte 15-LO with a <b>K<sub>i</sub></b> of 197 nM. PD146176 (NSC168807) has a dramatic effect in reducing atherogenesis <sup>[1]</sup> .<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.0%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 5 mg   |  |
| <b>PD168393</b><br><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-13896<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> PD168393 is a potent, cell-permeable, irreversible EGFR inhibitor with IC <sub>50</sub> of 0.70 nM, irreversibly alkylate Cys-773, inactive against insulin, PDGFR, FGFR and PKC. target: EGFR IC 50: 0.7 nM [1] (1) PD 168393 inhibite EGFr autophosphorylation in A431 human epidermoid carcinoma cells with >9-fold...<br><b>Purity:</b> 98.87%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 2 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg      |  | <b>PD98059</b><br><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-12028<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> PD98059 is a potent, selective and cell-permeable <b>MEK1</b> and <b>MEK2</b> inhibitor with <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b> s of 4 μM and 50 μM respectively.<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.33%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg   |  |
| <b>Peiminine</b><br>(Verticinone; Raddeanine)<br><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-N0213<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Peiminine(Verticinone; Raddeanine) is a natural compound with anti-inflammatory activity. IC50 value: Target: Peiminine and DXS significantly reduced alveolar inflammation and pulmonary interstitial inflammation in rats with bleomycin-induced lung injury. peiminine inhibits lung inflammation and pulmonary...<br><b>Purity:</b> 98.0%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg |  | <b>Pemetrexed</b><br>(LY231514)<br><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-10820<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Pemetrexed is a novel <b>antifolate</b> , the <b>K<sub>i</sub></b> values of the pentaglutamate of LY231514 are 1.3, 7.2, and 65 nM for inhibits thymidylate synthase ( <b>TS</b> ), dihydrofolate reductase ( <b>DHFR</b> ), and glycinamide ribonucleotide formyltransferase ( <b>GARFT</b> ), respectively.<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.30%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 50 mg, 100 mg                               |  |

|   |   |
|---|---|
| <b>Pemetrexed disodium</b><br>(LY231514 disodium) Cat. No.: HY-10820A   | <b>Pemetrexed disodium hemipenta hydrate</b><br>(LY231514 (disodium hemipenta hydrate)) Cat. No.: HY-13781  |
| <b>Bioactivity:</b> Pemetrexed disodium is a novel <b>antifolate</b> that inhibits the folate-dependent enzymes <b>thymidylate synthase</b> , <b>dihydrofolate reductase</b> , and <b>glycinamide ribonucleotide formyltransferase</b> with $K_i$ s of 1.3, 7.2, and 65 nM, respectively.<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.77%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in Water, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg         | <b>Bioactivity:</b> Pemetrexed disodium hemipenta hydrate is a novel <b>antifolate</b> , the $K_i$ values of the pentaglutamate of LY231514 are 1.3, 7.2, and 65 nM for inhibits thymidylate synthase ( <b>TS</b> ), dihydrofolate reductase ( <b>DHFR</b> ), and glycinamide ribonucleotide formyltransferase ( <b>GARFT</b> ), respectively.<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.78%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in Water, 100 mg, 500 mg                               |
| <b>Penfluridol</b><br>(R-16341) Cat. No.: HY-B1077  | <b>Pentoxifylline</b><br>(BL-191; PTX; Oxpentifylline) Cat. No.: HY-B0715   |
| <b>Bioactivity:</b> Penfluridol is a highly potent, first generation diphenylbutylpiperidine antipsychotic.<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.84%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 50 mg, 100 mg  | <b>Bioactivity:</b> Pentoxifylline is a competitive nonselective phosphodiesterase inhibitor. Target: PDE Pentoxifylline is a competitive nonselective phosphodiesterase inhibitor which raises intracellular cAMP, activates PKA, inhibits TNF and leukotriene synthesis, and reduces inflammation and innate...<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.91%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 1 g  |
| <b>Pepstatin</b><br>(Pepstatin A) Cat. No.: HY-P0018  | <b>Perifosine</b><br>(KRX-0401; NSC 639966; D21266) Cat. No.: HY-50909  |
| <b>Bioactivity:</b> Pepstatin is a specific <b>aspartic protease</b> inhibitor produced by actinomycetes, with $IC_{50}$ s of 4.5 nM, 6.2 nM, 150 nM, 290 nM, 520 nM and 260 nM for hemoglobin-pepsin, hemoglobin-proctase, casein-pepsin, casein-proctase, casein-acid protease and hemoglobin-acid protease,...<br><b>Purity:</b> 98.0%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10 mg, 50 mg | <b>Bioactivity:</b> Perifosine is an oral <b>Akt</b> inhibitor which inhibits proliferation of different tumor cell lines with $IC_{50}$ s of 0.6-8.9 $\mu$ M.<br><b>Purity:</b> 98.0%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 3<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in Water, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg   |
| <b>PF-04691502</b><br>Cat. No.: HY-15177  | <b>PF-4708671</b><br>Cat. No.: HY-15773   |
| <b>Bioactivity:</b> PF-04691502 is a potent and selective inhibitor of <b>PI3K</b> and <b>mTOR</b> . PF-04691502 binds to human PI3K $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\delta$ , $\gamma$ and mTOR with $K_i$ s of 1.8, 2.1, 1.6, 1.9 and 16 nM, respectively.<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.49%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 2<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg   | <b>Bioactivity:</b> PF-4708671 is a potent cell-permeable <b>S6K1</b> inhibitor with a $K_i$ of 20 nM and $IC_{50}$ of 160 nM.<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.96%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg   |
| <b>PFI-1</b><br>Cat. No.: HY-16586  | <b>PFK-015</b><br>Cat. No.: HY-12204  |
| <b>Bioactivity:</b> PFI-1 is a selective <b>BET</b> (bromodomain-containing protein) inhibitor for BRD4 with $IC_{50}$ of 0.22 $\mu$ M in a cell-free assay.<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.80%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg   | <b>Bioactivity:</b> PFK-015 is an effective inhibitor of PFKFB3 with $IC_{50}$ of 110 nM (recombinant PFKFB3) and inhibits PFKFB3 activity in cancer cells with $IC_{50}$ of 20 nM. $IC_{50}$ value: 110 nM (recombinant PFKFB3)[1] Target: PFKFB3 PFK-015 possesses compelling in vitro properties, has satisfactory PK properties in rodents,...<br><b>Purity:</b> 98.95%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg |

|   |  |
|---|--|
| <b>PFK-158</b><br>Cat. No.: HY-12203<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> PFK-158 is a potent and selective inhibitor of PFKFB3 that is currently being investigated in a phase I study in patients with advanced solid malignancies. Target: PFKFB3 in vitro: PFK-158 is the first 6-phosphofructo-2-kinase/fructose-2,6-biphosphatase 3 (PFKFB3)...<br><b>Purity:</b> 98.85%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 1<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg   | <b>PHA-665752</b><br>Cat. No.: HY-11107<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> PHA-665752 is a potent, selective and ATP-competitive <b>c-Met</b> inhibitor with an <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b> of 9 nM.<br><b>Purity:</b> 96.50%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg    |
| <b>Phenformin hydrochloride</b><br>(Phenethylbiguanide hydrochloride)<br>Cat. No.: HY-16397A<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Phenformin (hydrochloride) is a hydrochloride salt of phenformin that is an anti-diabetic drug from the biguanide class, can activate <b>AMPK</b> activity.<br><b>Purity:</b> 98.0%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 1<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 1 g, 5 g    | <b>PI-103</b><br>Cat. No.: HY-10115<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> PI-103 is a potent <b>PI3K</b> and <b>mTOR</b> inhibitor with <b>IC<sub>50</sub>s</b> of 8 nM, 88 nM, 48 nM, 150 nM, 20 nM, and 83 nM for <b>p110α</b> , <b>p110β</b> , <b>p110δ</b> , <b>p110γ</b> , <b>mTORC1</b> , and <b>mTORC2</b> . PI-103 also inhibits <b>DNA-PK</b> with an <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b> of 2 nM.<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.86%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg    |
| <b>PI-103 Hydrochloride</b><br>Cat. No.: HY-10115A<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> PI-103 Hydrochloride is a dual <b>PI3K</b> and <b>mTOR</b> inhibitor with <b>IC<sub>50</sub>s</b> of 8 nM, 88 nM, 48 nM, 150 nM, 20 nM, and 83 nM for <b>p110α</b> , <b>p110β</b> , <b>p110δ</b> , <b>p110γ</b> , <b>mTORC1</b> , and <b>mTORC2</b> . PI-103 also inhibits <b>DNA-PK</b> with an <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b> of 2 nM.<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.78%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg  | <b>Piceatannol</b><br>(Astringenin; trans-Piceatannol)<br>Cat. No.: HY-13518<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Piceatannol is a selective inhibitor of protein tyrosine kinase Syk. It could inhibit ICa <sub>L</sub> , I <sub>to</sub> , I <sub>Kr</sub> , Ca <sup>2+</sup> transients and Na <sup>+</sup> -Ca <sup>2+</sup> exchange except I <sub>K1</sub> . Shows multiple biological activities such as anti-inflammatory, antiproliferative and immunomodulatory effects. In vitro: The treatment of human...<br><b>Purity:</b> 98.10%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg  |
| <b>Pictilisib</b><br>(GDC-0941)<br>Cat. No.: HY-50094<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Pictilisib (GDC-0941) is a potent inhibitor of <b>PI3Kα/δ</b> with an <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b> of 3 nM, with modest selectivity against p110β (11-fold) and p110γ (25-fold).<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.62%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 2<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg   | <b>Pictilisib dimethanesulfonate</b><br>(GDC-0941 (dimethanesulfonate) ; GDC-0941 (2 MeSO <sub>3</sub> H salt)) Cat. No.: HY-20180<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Pictilisib dimethanesulfonate (GDC-0941 dimethanesulfonate) is a potent inhibitor of <b>PI3Kα/δ</b> with <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b> of 3 nM, with modest selectivity against p110β (11-fold) and p110γ (25-fold).<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.12%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 2<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg    |
| <b>Pifithrin-μ</b><br>(PFTμ; 2-Phenylethynesulfonamide)<br>Cat. No.: HY-10940<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Pifithrin-μ is an inhibitor of <b>p53</b> and <b>HSP70</b> , with antitumor and neuroprotective activity.<br><b>Purity:</b> 98.31%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 10 mg   | <b>Pinocembrin</b><br>((+)-Pinocembrin; Dihydrochrysin; Galangin flavanone) Cat. No.: HY-N0575<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Pinocembrin ((+)-Pinocembrin) is a flavonoid found in propolis, acts as a competitive inhibitor of <b>histidine decarboxylase</b> , and is an effective anti-allergic agent, with antioxidant, antimicrobial and anti-inflammatory properties [1].<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.26%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg   |

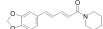
### Piperine

(Biopterine; 1-Piperoylpiperidine)

Cat. No.: HY-N0144

**Bioactivity:** Piperine, a natural alkaloid isolated from *Piper nigrum* L, inhibits **P-glycoprotein** and **CYP3A4** activities with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** value of 61.94±0.054 µg/mL in HeLa cell.

**Purity:** 98.76%  
**Clinical Data:** Phase 2  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
200 mg, 1 g, 5 g



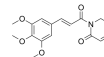
### Piperlongumine

(Piplartine)

Cat. No.: HY-N2329

**Bioactivity:** Piperlongumine is a natural alkaloid isolated from *Piper longum* Linn <sup>[1]</sup>, possesses ant-inflammatory, antibacterial, antiangiogenic, antioxidant, antitumor, and antidiabetic activities <sup>[2]</sup>. Piperlongumine induces ROS, ...

**Purity:** 99.19%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg



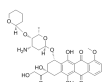
### Pirarubicin

(THP)

Cat. No.: HY-13725

**Bioactivity:** Pirarubicin is an anthracycline antibiotics, acts as a **topoisomerase II** inhibitor, and is a widely used for treatment of various cancers, in particular, solid tumors.

**Purity:** 99.02%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg



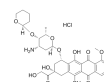
### Pirarubicin Hydrochloride

(THP Hydrochloride)

Cat. No.: HY-13725A

**Bioactivity:** Pirarubicin Hydrochloride is an anthracycline antibiotics, acts as a **topoisomerase II** inhibitor, and is a widely used for treatment of various cancers, in particular, solid tumors.

**Purity:** 96.90%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg



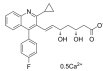
### Pitavastatin Calcium

(Pitavastatin (hemicalcium); NK-104 (hemicalcium))

Cat. No.: HY-B0144

**Bioactivity:** Pitavastatin Calcium is a potent **hydroxymethylglutaryl-CoA (HMG-CoA) reductase** inhibitor. Pitavastatin inhibits cholesterol synthesis from acetic acid with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 5.8 nM in HepG2 cells.

**Purity:** 99.94%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg



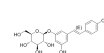
### Polydatin

(Piceid)

Cat. No.: HY-N0120A

**Bioactivity:** Polydatin (Piceid), extracted from the roots of *Polygonum cuspidatum* Sieb, a widely used traditional Chinese remedies, possesses anti-inflammatory activity in several experimental models.

**Purity:** 98.42%  
**Clinical Data:** Phase 2  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg



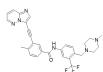
### Ponatinib

(AP24534)

Cat. No.: HY-12047

**Bioactivity:** Ponatinib is a potent, orally available multi-targeted kinase inhibitor with **IC<sub>50</sub>s** of 0.37 nM, 1.1 nM, 1.5 nM, 2.2 nM, and 5.4 nM for **Abl**, **PDGFRα**, **VEGFR2**, **FGFR1**, and **Src**, respectively.

**Purity:** 98.96%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

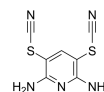


### PR-619

Cat. No.: HY-13814

**Bioactivity:** PR-619 is a broad-range **DUB** inhibitor with **EC<sub>50</sub>** of 3.93, 4.9, 6.86, 7.2, and 8.61 µM for **USP4**, **USP8**, **USP7**, **USP2**, and **USP5**, respectively.

**Purity:** 98.81%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg, 50 mg

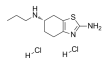


### Pramipexole dihydrochloride

Cat. No.: HY-17355

**Bioactivity:** Pramipexole 2HCl is a partial/full D2S, D2L, D3, D4 receptor agonist with a **K<sub>i</sub>** of 3.9, 2.2, 0.5 and 5.1 nM for D2S, D2L, D3, D4 receptor, respectively. **IC50 Value:** 3.9 nM(D2S); 2.2 nM(D2L); 0.5 nM(D3); 5.1 nM(D4) **Target:** Dopamine Receptor  
Pramipexole dihydrochloride is a dopamine receptor agonist...

**Purity:** 98.0%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in Water,  
10 mg, 50 mg

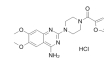


### Prazosin hydrochloride

Cat. No.: HY-B0193A

**Bioactivity:** Prazosin is an alpha-adrenergic blocker and is a sympatholytic drug used to treat high blood pressure and anxiety, PTSD, and panic disorder. **Target:** Adrenergic Receptor  
Prazosin, is a sympatholytic drug used to treat high blood pressure and anxiety, PTSD, and panic disorder. It is an alpha-adrenergic...

**Purity:** 99.73%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg



|   |  |
|---|--|
| <p><b>Pregnenolone</b><br/>(Arthenolone; 3<math>\beta</math>-Hydroxy-5-pregnen-20-one) Cat. No.: HY-B0151</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Pregnenolone acts as a signaling-specific inhibitor of <b>cannabinoid CB1 receptor</b>, reduces several effects of tetrahydrocannabinol (THC).</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 98.0%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 4<br/><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 1 g, 5 g</p>    | <p><b>Pregnenolone monosulfate</b><br/>(Pregn-5-en-20-on-3<math>\beta</math>-yl sulfuric acid) Cat. No.: HY-B1739</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Pregnenolone monosulfate acts as a signaling-specific inhibitor of <b>cannabinoid CB1 receptor</b>, reduces several effects of tetrahydrocannabinol (THC).</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br/><b>Size:</b> 50 mg</p>    |
| <p><b>PRIMA-1</b><br/>(NSC-281668) Cat. No.: HY-19980A</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> PRIMA-1 (NSC-281668) is a mutant <b>p53</b> reactivator, restores the sensitivity of TP53 mutant-type thyroid cancer cells to the histone methylation inhibitor 3-Deazaneplanocin A.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 98.0%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br/><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg</p>              | <p><b>PRIMA-1Met</b><br/>(APR-246) Cat. No.: HY-19980</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> PRIMA-1MET restores wild-type conformation and function to mutant <b>p53</b>, and triggers apoptosis in tumor cells. PRIMA-1MET also targets the selenoprotein thioredoxin reductase 1 (<b>TrxR1</b>), a key regulator of cellular redox balance.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.0%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br/><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in Water, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>  |
| <p><b>Procainamide hydrochloride</b><br/>Cat. No.: HY-A0084</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Procainamide hydrochloride is an anti-arrhythmic agent and is used to treat cardiac arrhythmia; induces rapid block of the batrachotoxin(BTX)-activated sodium channels of the heart muscle and acts as antagonist to long gating closures.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 98.0%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br/><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 100 mg</p>  | <p><b>Proflavine hemisulfate</b><br/>(Proflavin hemisulfate; 3,6-Diaminoacridine hemisulfate) Cat. No.: HY-B0883</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Proflavine hemisulfate is an Acridine derivative, which is a slow-acting disinfectant with bacteriostatic action against many Gram-positive bacteria but less effective against Gram-negative organisms.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.13%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 2<br/><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in Water, 100 mg</p>                        |
| <p><b>Propranolol hydrochloride</b><br/>Cat. No.: HY-B0573</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Propranolol hydrochloride is a nonselective <math>\beta</math>-adrenergic receptor (<b>BAR</b>) antagonist with an <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b> of 12 nM.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.92%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br/><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 100 mg, 500 mg, 1 g</p>   | <p><b>PTC-209</b><br/>Cat. No.: HY-15888</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> PTC-209 is a specific <b>BMI-1</b> inhibitor with an <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b> of 0.5 <math>\mu</math>M.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.87%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br/><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>    |
| <p><b>PTC-209 hydrobromide</b><br/>Cat. No.: HY-15888A</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> PTC-209 hydrobromide is a specific <b>BMI-1</b> inhibitor with <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b> of 0.5 <math>\mu</math>M in both GEMS reporter and ELISA assays.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br/><b>Size:</b> 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>   | <p><b>Pterostilbene</b><br/>Cat. No.: HY-N0828</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Pterostilbene is a stilbenoid isolated from blueberries and Pterocarpus marsupium <sup>[1]</sup>. Shows anti-oxidant, anti-inflammatory, anti-carcinogenic, anti-diabetic and anti-obesity properties <sup>[1]</sup> [4]. Pterostilbene blocks ...</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.79%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br/><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 25 mg</p>                                  |

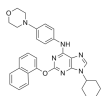
**Purmorphamine**

(Shh Signaling Antagonist VI)

Cat. No.: HY-15108

**Bioactivity:** Purmorphamine is a **smoothened receptor** agonist with an **EC<sub>50</sub>** of 1  $\mu$ M.

**Purity:** 99.89%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg

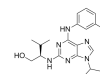
**Purvalanol A**

(NG-60)

Cat. No.: HY-18299A

**Bioactivity:** Purvalanol A is a potent **CDK** inhibitor, which inhibits cdc2-cyclin B, cdk2-cyclin A, cdk2-cyclin E, cdk4-cyclin D1, and cdk5-p35 with **IC<sub>50</sub>s** of 4, 70, 35, 850, 75 nM, respectively.

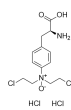
**Purity:** 98.66%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

**PX-478**

Cat. No.: HY-10231

**Bioactivity:** PX-478 is an antitumor inhibitor of hypoxia-inducible factor-1 $\alpha$  (**HIF-1 $\alpha$** ).

**Purity:** 98.0%  
**Clinical Data:** Phase 1  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in Water,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

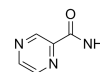
**Pyrazinamide**

(Pyrazinecarboxamide; Pyrazinoic acid amide)

Cat. No.: HY-B0271

**Bioactivity:** Pyrazinamide is a pyrazine that is used therapeutically as an antitubercular agent. Target: Antibacterial Pyrazinamide is a prodrug that stops the growth of Mycobacterium tuberculosis. Pyrazinoic acid was thought to inhibit the enzyme fatty acid synthase (FAS) I, which is required by the bacterium to...

**Purity:** 99.37%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 g, 50 g

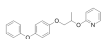
**Pyriproxyfen**

(S-31183)

Cat. No.: HY-B2031

**Bioactivity:** Pyriproxyfen is a juvenile hormone analog, preventing larvae from developing into adulthood and thus rendering them unable to reproduce. Pyriproxyfen is a pyridine-based pesticide which is found to be effective against a variety of arthropoda.

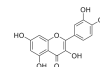
**Purity:** 99.74%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 g

**Quercetin**

Cat. No.: HY-18085

**Bioactivity:** Quercetin, a natural flavonoid, is a stimulator of recombinant **SIRT1** and also a **PI3K** inhibitor with **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 2.4 $\pm$ 0.6  $\mu$ M, 3.0 $\pm$ 0.0  $\mu$ M and 5.4 $\pm$ 0.3  $\mu$ M for PI3K  $\gamma$ , PI3K  $\delta$  and PI3K  $\beta$ , respectively.

**Purity:** 98.0%  
**Clinical Data:** Phase 4  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
1 g, 5 g

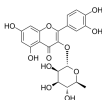
**Quercitrin**

(Quercetin 3-rhamnoside)

Cat. No.: HY-N0418

**Bioactivity:** Quercitrin is a natural compound found in Tartary buckwheat with a potential anti-inflammation effect that is used to treat heart and vascular conditions. IC<sub>50</sub> value: Target: In vitro: There were significant increases in caspase-3 activity, loss of MMP, and increases in the apoptotic cell population in...

**Purity:** 99.12%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

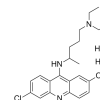
**Quinacrine dihydrochloride**

(Mepacrine dihydrochloride; SN-390)

Cat. No.: HY-13735A

**Bioactivity:** Quinacrine is a fluorescent probe for the conformational transitions of the cholinergic receptor protein. Quinacrine shows activity in the low  $\mu$ M range with a mean IC<sub>50</sub> of 2.30  $\mu$ M. In the patient AML cells. IC<sub>50</sub> value: 2.30  $\mu$ M (for AML cells). Target: in vitro: Quinacrine is a fluorescent probe for the...

**Purity:** 98.05%  
**Clinical Data:** Phase 2  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
100 mg, 500 mg

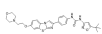
**Quizartinib**

(AC220)

Cat. No.: HY-13001

**Bioactivity:** Quizartinib (AC220) is a potent **Flt3** tyrosine kinase inhibitor with a **K<sub>d</sub>** of 1.6 $\pm$ 0.7 nM.

**Purity:** 99.34%  
**Clinical Data:** Phase 3  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg

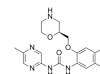
**Rabusertib**

(LY2603618; IC-83)


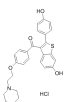






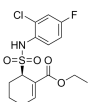

Cat. No.: HY-14720

**Bioactivity:** Rabusertib (LY2603618) is a potent and selective inhibitor of **Chk1** with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 7 nM.

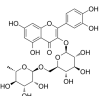
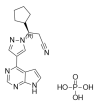
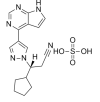
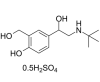
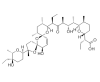

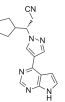
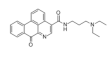
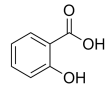
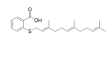
**Purity:** 99.69%  
**Clinical Data:** Phase 2  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg





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| <p><b>RAF265</b><br/>(CHIR-265)<br/>Cat. No.: HY-10248</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> RAF265 is a potent <b>RAF/ VEGFR2</b> inhibitor.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.72%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 2<br/><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg</p>   | <p><b>Raloxifene hydrochloride</b><br/>(LY156758 hydrochloride; LY139481 hydrochloride)<br/>Cat. No.: HY-13738A</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Raloxifene hydrochloride(LY156758 hydrochloride) is a second generation selective estrogen receptor antagonist. Target: Estrogen receptor Approved: September 14, 2007 Raloxifene activates TGF beta 3 promoter as a full agonist at nanomolar concentrations, and raloxifene inhibits the estrogen response...</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.64%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br/><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>50 mg, 100 mg</p>  |
| <p><b>Ranolazine dihydrochloride</b><br/>(CVT 303 (dihydrochloride); RS 43285)<br/>Cat. No.: HY-17401</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Ranolazine dihydrochloride (RS-43285) is an antianginal agent with antiarrhythmic properties that achieves its effects via a novel mechanism of action (inhibition of the late phase of the inward sodium current), without affecting heart rate or blood pressure (BP). IC50 value: Target: sodium-dependent calcium...</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.92%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br/><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in Water,<br/>100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg, 1 g, 5 g</p>  | <p><b>Rapamycin</b><br/>(Sirolimus; AY 22989)<br/>Cat. No.: HY-10219</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Rapamycin (Sirolimus; AY 22989) is a potent and specific <b>mTOR</b> inhibitor with an <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b> of 0.1 nM in HEK293 cells. Rapamycin binds to FKBP12 and specifically acts as an allosteric inhibitor of <b>mTORC1</b> <sup>[1]</sup>. Rapamycin is...</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.93%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br/><b>Size:</b> 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg, 1 g, 2 g, 5 g</p>   |
| <p><b>Rasagiline mesylate</b><br/>(AGN1135 (mesylate); TVP1012 (mesylate))<br/>Cat. No.: HY-14605</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Rasagiline Mesylate is a new MAO-B inhibitor for the treatment of idiopathic Parkinson's disease. Target: Monoamine Oxidase (MAO)-B Rasagiline (N-propargyl-1-(R)-aminoindan) is a novel, highly potent irreversible monoamine oxidase (MAO)-B inhibitor, anti-Parkinsonian drug. Rasagiline is effective as...</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 97.56%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br/><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in Water,<br/>50 mg, 100 mg</p>                                | <p><b>Regorafenib</b><br/>(BAY 73-4506)<br/>Cat. No.: HY-10331</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Regorafenib (BAY 73-4506) is a multi-targeted receptor tyrosine kinase inhibitor with <b>IC<sub>50</sub>s</b> of 13/4.2/46, 22, 7, 1.5 and 2.5 nM for <b>VEGFR1/2/3</b>, <b>PDGFRβ</b>, <b>Kit</b>, <b>RET</b> and <b>Raf-1</b>, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.96%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br/><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg</p>   |
| <p><b>Regorafenib Hydrochloride</b><br/>(BAY73-4506 hydrochloride)<br/>Cat. No.: HY-13308</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Regorafenib Hydrochloride is a multi-target inhibitor for <b>VEGFR1/2/3</b>, <b>PDGFRβ</b>, <b>Kit</b>, <b>RET</b> and <b>Raf-1</b> with <b>IC<sub>50</sub>s</b> of 13/4.2/46, 22, 7, 1.5 and 2.5 nM, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.58%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br/><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>    | <p><b>Regorafenib monohydrate</b><br/>(BAY 73-4506 monohydrate)<br/>Cat. No.: HY-10331A</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Regorafenib monohydrate is a multi-target inhibitor for <b>VEGFR1/2/3</b>, <b>PDGFRβ</b>, <b>Kit</b>, <b>RET</b> and <b>Raf-1</b> with <b>IC<sub>50</sub>s</b> of 13/4.2/46, 22, 7, 1.5 and 2.5 nM, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.96%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br/><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg</p>   |
| <p><b>Resatorvid</b><br/>(TAK-242; CLI-095)<br/>Cat. No.: HY-11109</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Resatorvid (TAK-242) is a potent <b>TLR4</b> signaling inhibitor which selectively inhibits the TLR4-mediated production of cytokines and nitric oxide.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.95%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 3<br/><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>    | <p><b>Reserpine</b><br/>Cat. No.: HY-N0480</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Reserpine is an inhibitor of the <b>vesicular monoamine transporter 2 ( VMAT2)</b>.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.83%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br/><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>100 mg</p>    |

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| <p><b>Reversine</b></p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-14711</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Reversine is a novel class of ATP-competitive <b>Aurora kinase</b> inhibitor with <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b>s of 400, 500 and 400 nM for <b>Aurora A</b>, <b>Aurora B</b> and <b>Aurora C</b>, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.25%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>   | <p><b>Rhein</b></p> <p>(Rheic Acid; Rhubarb yellow; Monorhein)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-N0105</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Rhein is a lipophilic anthraquinone extensively found in medicinal herbs, and has many pharmacological effects, including epatoprotective, nephroprotective, anti-inflammatory, antioxidant, anticancer, and antimicrobial activities. IC50 value: Target: In vitro: Rhein (0.1 and 1...</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.0%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg</p>    |
| <p><b>RITA</b></p> <p>(NSC 652287)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-13424</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> RITA is an inhibitor of <b>p53-HDM-2 interaction</b>, binds to p53dN, with a <b>K<sub>d</sub></b> of 1.5 nM, and also induces <b>DNA-DNA cross-links</b>.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.57%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg</p>   | <p><b>ROC-325</b></p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-103706</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> ROC-325 is a novel inhibitor of <b>autophagy</b>.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 98.0%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>    |
| <p><b>Rosiglitazone</b></p> <p>(BRL49653)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-17386</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Rosiglitazone (BRL49653) is a selective <b>PPAR<math>\gamma</math></b> agonist with <b>EC<sub>50</sub></b>s of 30 nM, 100 nM and 60 nM for <b>PPAR<math>\gamma</math>1</b>, <b>PPAR<math>\gamma</math>2</b>, and <b>PPAR<math>\gamma</math></b>, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.21%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 50 mg, 200 mg</p>   | <p><b>Rosiglitazone maleate</b></p> <p>(BRL 49653C)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-14600</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Rosiglitazone maleate is a potent and selective activator of <b>PPAR<math>\gamma</math></b>, with <b>EC<sub>50</sub></b>s of 30 nM, 100 nM and 60 nM for <b>PPAR<math>\gamma</math>1</b>, <b>PPAR<math>\gamma</math>2</b>, and <b>PPAR<math>\gamma</math></b>, respectively, and a <b>K<sub>d</sub></b> of appr 40 nM for <b>PPAR<math>\gamma</math></b>; Rosiglitazone maleate is also an modulator of ...</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.25%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 100 mg, 500 mg</p>  |
| <p><b>Rosuvastatin Calcium</b></p> <p>(Rosuvastatin hemicalcium; ZD 4522 Calcium)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-17504</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Rosuvastatin Calcium is a competitive inhibitor of HMG-CoA reductase with IC50 of 11 nM. IC50 Value: 11 nM [1] Target: HMG-CoA reductase in vitro: Rosuvastatin is relatively hydrophilic and is highly selective for hepatic cells; its uptake is mediated by the liver-specific organic anion...</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 97.73%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg</p>    | <p><b>Rotenone</b></p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-B1756</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Rotenone is an <b>mitochondrial electron transport chain complex I</b> inhibitor.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 98.0%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 1 g, 5 g</p>   |
| <p><b>Rottlerin</b></p> <p>(Mallotoxin; NSC 56346; NSC 94525)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-18980</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Rottlerin, a natural product purified from Mallotus Philippinensis, is a specific <b>PKC</b> inhibitor, with <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b> values for PKC<math>\delta</math> of 3-6 <math>\mu</math>M, PKC<math>\alpha</math>,<math>\beta</math>,<math>\gamma</math> of 30-42 <math>\mu</math>M, PKC<math>\epsilon</math>,<math>\eta</math>,<math>\zeta</math> of 80-100 <math>\mu</math>M. Rottlerin acts as a direct mitochondrial uncoupler, and stimulates autophagy by targeting a signaling cascade upstream...</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 95.0%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10 mg, 25 mg</p>  | <p><b>Rupatadine Fumarate</b></p> <p>(UR-12592 (Fumarate))</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-13511A</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Rupatadine Fumarate (UR-12592 Fumarate) is a potent dual PAF/H1 antagonist with Ki of 0.55/0.1 uM(rabbit platelet membranes/guinea pig cerebellum membranes). IC50 value: Target: PAF/H1 antagonist in vitro: Rupatadine competitively inhibited histamine-induced guinea pig ileum contraction (pA2...</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.34%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 100 mg, 500 mg</p>    |

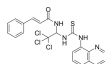
|  |   |   |
|--|---|---|
| <b>Rutin</b><br>(Rutoside; Quercetin 3-O-rutinoside)<br>Cat. No.: HY-N0148   | <b>Bioactivity:</b> Rutin, a naturally occurring flavonoid glycoside, has antioxidant, anti-inflammatory, anti-allergic, anti-angiogenic and antiviral properties.  |      |
| <b>Purity:</b> 98.0%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br>5 g, 10 g  |   |   |
| <b>Ruxolitinib phosphate</b><br>(INCB018424 phosphate)<br>Cat. No.: HY-50858   | <b>Bioactivity:</b> Ruxolitinib phosphate is a potent <b>JAK1/2</b> inhibitor with <b>IC<sub>50</sub>s</b> of 3.3 nM/2.8 nM, respectively, showing more than 130-fold selectivity over JAK3.  |      |
| <b>Purity:</b> 99.89%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br>5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg, 1 g |   |   |
| <b>Ruxolitinib sulfate</b><br>(INCB018424 sulfate)<br>Cat. No.: HY-50859   | <b>Bioactivity:</b> Ruxolitinib sulfate is the first potent, selective <b>JAK1/2</b> inhibitor to enter the clinic with <b>IC<sub>50</sub>s</b> of 3.3 nM/2.8 nM, and has > 130-fold selectivity for JAK1/2 versus JAK3.  |    |
| <b>Purity:</b> >98%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg   |   |   |
| <b>Salbutamol hemisulfate</b><br>(Albuterol (hemisulfate); AH-3365 (hemisulfate))<br>Cat. No.: HY-B0436  | <b>Bioactivity:</b> Salbutamol Hemisulfate is a short-acting $\beta_2$ adrenergic receptor agonist Target: $\beta_2$ Adrenergic Receptor Salbutamol is a short-acting, selective beta2-adrenergic receptor agonist used in the treatment of asthma and COPD. All the effects of R,S-salbutamol on guinea-pig skeletal muscles are due to the... |    |
| <b>Purity:</b> 98.0%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in Water,<br>100 mg, 500 mg                                  |   |   |
| <b>Salinomycin</b><br>(Procoxacin)<br>Cat. No.: HY-15597   | <b>Bioactivity:</b> Salinomycin is an anticoccidial drug with potent <b>anti-bacterial</b> activity and an novel anticancer agent targeting human cancer stem cells.  |    |
| <b>Purity:</b> 98.0%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br>5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg                |   |   |
| <b>Ruxolitinib</b><br>(INCB018424)<br>Cat. No.: HY-50856   | <b>Bioactivity:</b> Ruxolitinib is a potent and selective <b>JAK1/2</b> inhibitor with <b>IC<sub>50</sub>s</b> of 3.3 nM and 2.8 nM in cell-free assays, and has 130-fold selectivity for JAK1/2 over JAK3.   |    |
| <b>Purity:</b> 99.99%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br>5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg, 1 g |   |   |
| <b>Ruxolitinib S enantiomer</b><br>(S-Ruxolitinib; INCB18424)<br>Cat. No.: HY-50856A   | <b>Bioactivity:</b> Ruxolitinib S enantiomer is the S-enantiomer of Ruxolitinib. Ruxolitinib is the first potent, selective <b>JAK1/2</b> inhibitor to enter the clinic with <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b> of 3.3 nM/2.8 nM in cell-free assays.   |    |
| <b>Purity:</b> 99.88%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br>1 mg, 5 mg                       |   |   |
| <b>S130</b><br>Cat. No.: HY-112818   | <b>Bioactivity:</b> S130 is a high affinity, selective inhibitor of <b>ATG4B</b> (a major cysteine protease) with an <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b> of 3.24 $\mu$ M. S130 suppresses autophagy flux <sup>[1]</sup> .  |  |
| <b>Purity:</b> >98%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 250 mg, 100 mg, 500 mg                                    |   |   |
| <b>Salicylic acid</b><br>(2-Hydroxybenzoic acid)<br>Cat. No.: HY-B0167   | <b>Bioactivity:</b> Salicylic acid inhibits cyclo-oxygenase-2 ( <b>COX-2</b> ) activity independently of transcription factor (NF- $\kappa$ B) activation.  |  |
| <b>Purity:</b> 98.0%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br>10 g, 50 g                                       |   |   |
| <b>Salirasib</b> (S-Farnesylthiosalicylic acid; Farnesyl Thiosalicylic Acid; FTS)<br>Cat. No.: HY-14754  | <b>Bioactivity:</b> Salirasib is a <b>Ras</b> inhibitor that inhibits specifically both oncogenically activated Ras and growth factor receptor-mediated Ras activation, resulting in the inhibition of Ras-dependent tumor growth.  |  |
| <b>Purity:</b> 98.72%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 2<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br>10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg                             |   |   |

## Salubrinol

Cat. No.: HY-15486

**Bioactivity:** Salubrinol is a cell-permeable and selective inhibitor of **elF2 $\alpha$**  **dephosphorylation**.

**Purity:** 99.58%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg



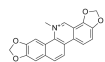
## Sanguinarine

(Pseudocheilerythrine; Sanguinarin)

Cat. No.: HY-N0052

**Bioactivity:** Sanguinarine, a benzophenanthridine alkaloid derived from the root of Sanguinaria Canadensis, can stimulate **apoptosis** via activating the production of reactive oxygen species (ROS). Sanguinarine-induced apoptosis is associated with the activation of JNK and NF- $\kappa$ B.

**Purity:** >98%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 5 mg, 10 mg



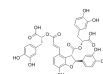
## Salvianolic acid B

(Dan Shen Suan B; Lithospermic acid B)

Cat. No.: HY-N1362

**Bioactivity:** Salvianolic acid B is an active ingredient of Salvia miltiorrhiza, which has been widely applied in China for the management of various microcirculation-related disorders, such as cardiovascular disease, cerebrovascular disease, and diabetic vascular complication. IC50 value: Target: In vitro:...

**Purity:** 99.93%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg



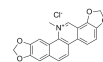
## Sanguinarine chloride

(Pseudocheilerythrine chloride; Sanguinarium chloride)

Cat. No.: HY-N0052A

**Bioactivity:** Sanguinarine chloride, a benzophenanthridine alkaloid derived from the root of Sanguinaria Canadensis, can stimulate **apoptosis** via activating the production of reactive oxygen species (ROS). Sanguinarine-induced apoptosis is associated with the activation of JNK and NF- $\kappa$ B.

**Purity:** 99.80%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg



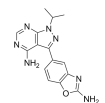
## Sapanisertib

(INK-128; MLN0128)

Cat. No.: HY-13328

**Bioactivity:** Sapanisertib (INK-128) is an orally available, ATP-dependent **mTOR1/2** inhibitor with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 1 nM for mTOR kinase.

**Purity:** 99.06%  
**Clinical Data:** Phase 2  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg



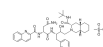
## Saquinavir Mesylate

(Ro 31-8959/003)

Cat. No.: HY-17003

**Bioactivity:** Saquinavir mesylate is an HIV Protease Inhibitor used in antiretroviral therapy. IC50 Value: Target: HIV Protease  
Saquinavir is a protease inhibitor. Proteases are enzymes that cleave protein molecules into smaller fragments. HIV protease is vital for both viral replication within the cell and...

**Purity:** 99.79%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

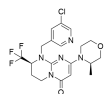


## SAR405

Cat. No.: HY-12481

**Bioactivity:** SAR405 is a **PIK3C3/ Vps34** inhibitor with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 1.2 nM. SAR405 prevents autophagy and synergizes with MTOR inhibition in tumor cells.

**Purity:** 99.94%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
2 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg



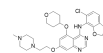
## Saracatinib

(AZD0530)

Cat. No.: HY-10234

**Bioactivity:** Saracatinib (AZD0530) is a potent **Src** family inhibitor with **IC<sub>50</sub>s** of 2.7 to 11 nM for c-Src, Lck, c-YES, Lyn, Fyn, Fgr, and Blk and shows high selectivity over other tyrosine kinases.

**Purity:** 99.88%  
**Clinical Data:** Phase 3  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

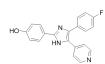


## SB 202190

Cat. No.: HY-10295

**Bioactivity:** SB 202190 is a cell-permeable **p38 MAP kinase** inhibitor with **IC<sub>50</sub>s** of 50 nM and 100 nM for p38 and p38 $\beta$ 2, respectively.

**Purity:** 99.89%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg



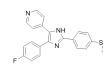
## SB 203580

(RWJ 64809)

Cat. No.: HY-10256

**Bioactivity:** SB 203580 (RWJ 64809) is a widely used **p38 MAPK** inhibitor with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 0.3-0.5  $\mu$ M. SB 203580 (RWJ 64809) shows more than 100-fold selectivity over Akt (PKB), LCK, and GSK-3 $\beta$ .

**Purity:** 99.92%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg



**SB 203580 hydrochloride**

(RWJ 64809 hydrochloride)

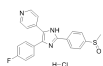
Cat. No.: HY-10256A

**Bioactivity:** SB 203580 hydrochloride (RWJ 64809 hydrochloride) is a widely used **p38 MAPK** inhibitor with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 0.3-0.5  $\mu$ M. SB 203580 hydrochloride shows more than 100-fold selectivity over Akt (PKB), LCK, and GSK-3 $\beta$ .

**Purity:** 99.71%

**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg

**SB 216763**

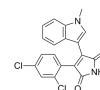
Cat. No.: HY-12012

**Bioactivity:** SB 216763 is potent, selective and ATP-competitive **GSK-3** inhibitor with **IC<sub>50</sub>**s of 34.3 nM for both GSK-3 $\alpha$  and GSK-3 $\beta$ .

**Purity:** 96.90%

**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported

**Size:** 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

**SBC-115076**

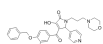
Cat. No.: HY-12402

**Bioactivity:** SBC-115076 is an anti-proprotein convertase subtilisin kexin type 9 (anti-PCSK9) compounds, for the treatment and/or prevention of cardiovascular diseases. Target: PCSK9 in vivo: SBC-115076 lowers cholesterol levels in mice that are fed high fat diet.

**Purity:** 98.25%

**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

**SBE13**

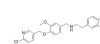
Cat. No.: HY-15158A

**Bioactivity:** SBE13 is a potent and selective **Plk1** inhibitor, with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 200 pM; SBE13 poorly inhibits Plk2 (**IC<sub>50</sub>**>66  $\mu$ M) or Plk3 (**IC<sub>50</sub>**=875 nM).

**Purity:** >98%

**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported

**Size:** 10 mg, 50 mg

**SBE13 Hydrochloride**

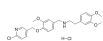
Cat. No.: HY-15158

**Bioactivity:** SBE13 Hydrochloride is a potent and selective **Plk1** inhibitor, with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 200 pM; SBE13 Hydrochloride poorly inhibits Plk2 (**IC<sub>50</sub>**>66  $\mu$ M) or Plk3 (**IC<sub>50</sub>**=875 nM).

**Purity:** 98.61%

**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg, 50 mg

**Schisandrin (Schizandrol; Schizandrol-A; Wuweizi alcohol-A; Wuweizichun-A)**

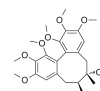
Cat. No.: HY-N0691

**Bioactivity:** Schisandrin has various therapeutic effects on a range of medical conditions such as anti-asthmatic, anti-cancer, and anti-inflammatory effects. IC50 value: Target: in vitro: Sch inhibited the pro-fibrotic activity of TGF- $\beta$ 1 in AML12 cells; thus, it suppressed the accumulation of ECM proteins. Also,...

**Purity:** 99.62%

**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported

**Size:** 10 mg, 50 mg

**Schisandrin A**

(Schizandrin-A; Wuweizisu-A; Deoxyschizandrin)

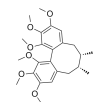
Cat. No.: HY-N0693

**Bioactivity:** Schisandrin A inhibits **CYP3A** activity with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 6.60  $\mu$ M and **K<sub>i</sub>** of 5.83  $\mu$ M, respectively.

**Purity:** 99.67%

**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg

**Schisandrin B**

(Schizandrin-B; Wuweizisu-B; gamma-Schisandrin)

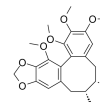
Cat. No.: HY-N0089

**Bioactivity:** Schisandrin B(Wuweizisu-B) is a dibenzocyclooctadiene derivative isolated from Fructus Schisandrae, has been shown to produce antioxidant effect on rodent liver and heart. IC50 value: Target: in vitro: Schisandrin B exhibits anti-inflammatory activity through modulation of the...

**Purity:** 99.99%

**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg, 50 mg

**Schisandrol B**

(Gomisin-A; TJN-101; Wuweizi alcohol-B)

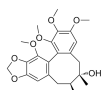
Cat. No.: HY-N0692

**Bioactivity:** Schisandrol B (Gomisin-A; TJN-101; Wuweizi alcohol-B) is one of its major active constituents of traditional hepato-protective Chinese medicine, Schisandra sphenanthera.

**Purity:** 98.0%

**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg

**Scriptaid**

(Scriptide; GCK1026)

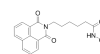
Cat. No.: HY-15489

**Bioactivity:** Scriptaid is a potent **histone deacetylase (HDAC)** inhibitor, used in cancer research.

**Purity:** 99.12%

**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg, 50 mg



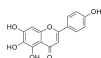
**Scutellarein**

(6-Hydroxyapigenin; 4',5,6,7-Tetrahydroxyflavone)

Cat. No.: HY-N0752

**Bioactivity:** Scutellarin, a main active ingredient extracted from *Erigeron breviscapus* (Vant.) Hand-Mazz., has been widely used to treat acute cerebral infarction and paralysis induced by cerebrovascular diseases.

**Purity:** 99.02%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
2 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg

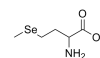
**Selenomethionine**

(Seleno-DL-methionine; DL-Selenomethionine)

Cat. No.: HY-B1000

**Bioactivity:** Selenomethionine is a naturally occurring amino acid containing selenium, is a common natural food source of selenium.

**Purity:** 98.0%  
**Clinical Data:** Phase 4  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in Water,  
100 mg, 500 mg

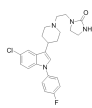
**Sertindole**

(Lu 23-174)

Cat. No.: HY-14543

**Bioactivity:** Sertindole, a neuroleptic, is one of the newer antipsychotic medications available. Target: Multi-target In vitro studies showed that sertindole exerts a potent antagonism at serotonin 5-HT<sub>2A</sub>, 5-HT<sub>2C</sub>, dopamine D<sub>2</sub>, and  $\alpha_1$  adrenergic receptors. Sertindole offers an alternative treatment option for...

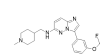
**Purity:** 96.14%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg, 50 mg

**SGI-1776**

Cat. No.: HY-13287

**Bioactivity:** SGI-1776 is an inhibitor of **Pim** kinases, with **IC<sub>50</sub>s** of 7 nM, 363 nM, and 69 nM for Pim-1, -2 and -3, respectively.

**Purity:** 99.94%  
**Clinical Data:** Phase 1  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg

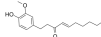
**Shogaol**

([6]-Shogaol; 6-Shogaol)

Cat. No.: HY-14616

**Bioactivity:** 6-shogaol, an active compound isolated from Ginger (*Zingiber officinale* Rosc), exhibits a variety of biological activities including anticancer, anti-inflammation, and anti-oxidation.

**Purity:** 99.84%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg

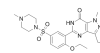
**Sildenafil**

(UK-92480)

Cat. No.: HY-15025

**Bioactivity:** Sildenafil is a potent phosphodiesterase type 5 ( **PDE5**) inhibitor with **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 5.22 nM.

**Purity:** 99.89%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg

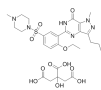
**Sildenafil citrate**

(UK-92480 citrate)

Cat. No.: HY-15025A

**Bioactivity:** Sildenafil citrate is a potent phosphodiesterase type 5 ( **PDE5**) inhibitor with **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 5.22 nM.

**Purity:** 99.84%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg

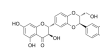
**Silibinin**

(Silybin; Silibinin A; Silymarin I)

Cat. No.: HY-13748

**Bioactivity:** Silibinin, an effective anti-cancer and chemopreventive agent, has been shown to exert multiple effects on cancer cells, including inhibition of both cell proliferation and migration. IC<sub>50</sub> value: Target: anticancer in vitro: silibinin significantly induced the expression of the non-steroidal...

**Purity:** 98.0%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
100 mg, 500 mg

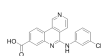
**Silmitasertib**

(CX-4945)

Cat. No.: HY-50855

**Bioactivity:** Silmitasertib (CX-4945) is an orally bioavailable, highly selective and potent **CK2** inhibitor, with **IC<sub>50</sub>** values of 1 nM against CK2 $\alpha$  and CK2 $\alpha'$ .

**Purity:** 99.92%  
**Clinical Data:** Phase 2  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

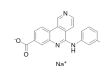
**Silmitasertib sodium salt**

(CX-4945 (sodium salt))

Cat. No.: HY-50855B

**Bioactivity:** Silmitasertib sodium salt is an orally bioavailable, highly selective and potent **CK2** inhibitor, with **IC<sub>50</sub>** values of 1 nM against CK2 $\alpha$  and CK2 $\alpha'$ .

**Purity:** 99.98%  
**Clinical Data:** Phase 2  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg



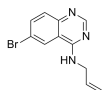
|  |  |
|--|--|
| <p><b>Silvestrol</b><br/>(-)-Silvestrol</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-13251</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Silvestrol is a eukaryotic translation initiation factor 4A (<b>eIF4A</b>) inhibitor isolated from the fruits and twigs of <i>Aglaia foveolata</i>.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 98.00%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br/><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>1 mg, 2 mg</p>                           | <p><b>Simvastatin</b><br/>(MK 733)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-17502</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Simvastatin (MK 733) is a competitive inhibitor of <b>HMG-CoA reductase</b> with a <math>K_i</math> of 0.2 nM.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 98.0%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br/><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg</p>    |
| <p><b>Sinomenine hydrochloride</b><br/>(Cucoline hydrochloride)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-15122A</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Sinomenine hydrochloride is a blocker of the <b>NF-<math>\kappa</math>B</b> activation and also an activator of <b><math>\mu</math>-opioid receptor</b>.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 98.0%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br/><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>100 mg</p>  | <p><b>Sirtinol</b></p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-13515</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Sirtinol is a <b>sirtuin</b> inhibitor, with <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b>s of 48 <math>\mu</math>M, 57.7 <math>\mu</math>M and 131 <math>\mu</math>M for <math>\gamma</math>Sir2, hSIRT2 and hSIRT2, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 98.0%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br/><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>  |
| <p><b>Sitagliptin</b><br/>(MK0431)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-13749</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Sitagliptin is a potent inhibitor of <b>DPP4</b> with <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b> of 19 nM in Caco-2 cell extracts.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.72%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br/><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>100 mg, 200 mg</p>    | <p><b>Sitagliptin phosphate</b><br/>(MK0431 phosphate)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-13749A</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Sitagliptin phosphate is a potent inhibitor of <b>DPP4</b> with <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b> of 19 nM in Caco-2 cell extracts.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br/><b>Size:</b> 100 mg, 200 mg</p>    |
| <p><b>Sitagliptin phosphate monohydrate</b><br/>(MK-0431 phosphate monohydrate)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-13749B</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Sitagliptin phosphate monohydrate is a potent inhibitor of <b>DPP4</b> with <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b> of 19 nM in Caco-2 cell extracts.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.78%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br/><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in Water,<br/>100 mg, 200 mg</p>         | <p><b>SKF-96365 hydrochloride</b></p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-100001</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> SKF-96365 hydrochloride is a non-selective <b>TRP Channel</b> blocker.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.44%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br/><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg</p>   |
| <p><b>SLLN-15</b></p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-125465</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> SLLN-15 is an oral active, selective and potent enhancer of <b>autophagy</b> that activates cytosolic macroautophagy/autophagy in triple-negative breast cancer (TNBC) [1].</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br/><b>Size:</b> 250 mg, 500 mg</p>   | <p><b>SMER18</b></p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-18672</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> SMER18 is a small molecule enhancer of rapamycin which act as a mTOR-independent autophagy inducer.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 98.47%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br/><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,<br/>5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>    |

**SMER28**

Cat. No.: HY-100200

**Bioactivity:** SMER28 is a positive regulator of **autophagy** acting via an mTOR-independent mechanism. SMER28 prevents the accumulation of amyloid beta peptide.

**Purity:** 99.99%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg

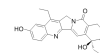
**SN-38**

(NK012)

Cat. No.: HY-13704

**Bioactivity:** SN-38 (NK012) is an active metabolite of the **Topoisomerase I** inhibitor Irinotecan. SN-38 (NK012) inhibits **DNA** and **RNA** **synthesis** with **IC<sub>50</sub>s** of 0.077 and 1.3  $\mu$ M, respectively.

**Purity:** 99.46%  
**Clinical Data:** Phase 2  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg

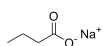
**Sodium Butyrate**

(Butanoic acid sodium salt)

Cat. No.: HY-B0350A

**Bioactivity:** Butyric acid is a **histone deacetylase (HDAC)** inhibitor, with anti-tumor effects in several cancers.

**Purity:** 98.00%  
**Clinical Data:** Phase 3  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in Water,  
1 g, 5 g, 500 g

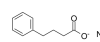
**Sodium phenylbutyrate**

(Sodium 4-phenylbutyrate; TriButyrate)

Cat. No.: HY-15654

**Bioactivity:** Sodium phenylbutyrate is an inhibitor of **HDAC** and endoplasmic reticulum (**ER**) stress, used in cancer and infection research.

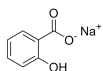
**Purity:** 99.75%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in Water,  
100 mg, 200 mg

**Sodium Salicylate** (Salicylic acid sodium salt;  
2-Hydroxybenzoic acid sodium salt)

Cat. No.: HY-B0167A

**Bioactivity:** Sodium Salicylate inhibits cyclo-oxygenase-2 ( **COX-2**) activity independently of transcription factor (NF- $\kappa$ B) activation.

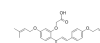
**Purity:** 99.93%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in Water,  
10 g, 50 g

**Sofalcone**

Cat. No.: HY-B2184

**Bioactivity:** Sofalcone, a gastric **antiulcer** agent in clinical use, is known to induce the expression of **Heme oxygenase-1** ( **HO-1**) in gastric epithelium.

**Purity:** 98.89%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
100 mg, 500 mg, 1 g, 5 g





|  |   |
|--|---|
| <b>Spironolactone</b><br>(SC9420)<br><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-B0561<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Spironolactone is a potent antagonist of the androgen receptor. Target: Androgen Receptor Spironolactone is a potassium sparing diuretic that acts by antagonism of aldosterone in the distal renal tubules. It is used mainly in the treatment of refractory edema in patients with congestive...<br><b>Purity:</b> 96.17%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 1 g, 5 g    | <b>SR-3677</b><br><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-13300<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> SR-3677 is a potent and selective <b>ROCK-II</b> inhibitor with an <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b> of ~3 nM.<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.46%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg    |
| <b>SR9009</b><br><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-16989<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> SR9009 is a <b>REV-ERBα/β</b> agonist with <b>IC<sub>50</sub>s</b> of 670 nM and 800 nM for REV-ERBα and REV-ERBβ, respectively.<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.58%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg    | <b>SR9011</b><br><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-16988<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> SR9011 is a <b>REV-ERBα/β</b> agonist with <b>IC<sub>50</sub>s</b> of 790 nM and 560 nM for REV-ERBα and REV-ERBβ, respectively.<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.92%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 2 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg    |
| <b>SR9011 hydrochloride</b><br><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-16988A<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> SR9011 hydrochloride is a <b>REV-ERBα/β</b> agonist with <b>IC<sub>50</sub>s</b> of 790 nM and 560 nM for REV-ERBα and REV-ERBβ, respectively.<br><b>Purity:</b> 97.83%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 2 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg    | <b>SRT 1720 Hydrochloride</b><br><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-15145<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> SRT 1720 Hydrochloride is a selective activator of <b>SIRT1</b> with an <b>EC<sub>1.5</sub></b> of 0.16 μM, and shows less potent activities on SIRT2 and SIRT3 with <b>EC<sub>1.5</sub>s</b> of 37 μM and 300 μM, respectively.<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.92%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg    |
| <b>Stavudine</b><br>(d4T)<br><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-B0116<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Stavudine is a nucleoside analog that inhibits reverse transcriptase and has in vitro activity against HIV. Target: HIV RT; NRTIs Stavudine is a dideoxynucleoside analog that inhibits reverse transcriptase and has in vitro activity against HIV. Stavudine is an analog of thymidine. It is...<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.12%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 100 mg, 500 mg    | <b>STF-31</b><br><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-18728<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> STF-31 is an inhibitor of glucose transporter 1 (GLUT1, IC <sub>50</sub> = 1 μM). IC <sub>50</sub> value: 1 μM Target: GLUT1 in vitro: STF 31 is a glucose uptake inhibitor in RCC (renal cell carcinoma) 4 cells. By limiting glucose uptake in cancer cells, the immense energy requirements for the cancer cell is not met and the...<br><b>Purity:</b> 96.62%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 10 mg, 50 mg  |
| <b>STF-62247</b><br>(STF62247; STF 62247)<br><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-100746<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> STF-62247 is TGN inhibitor with IC <sub>50</sub> of 0.625μM and 16μM in RCC4 and RCC4/VHL cells, respectively. It specifically induces autophagic cell death in cells that have lost VHL, an essential mutation in the development of RCC. IC <sub>50</sub> : 0.625/16μM in RCC4 and RCC4/VHL cells, respectively. [1] In vitro:...<br><b>Purity:</b> 98.09%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg  | <b>Streptozocin</b><br>(Streptozotocin; U 9889)<br><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-13753<br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Streptozocin is a potent <b>DNA-methylating</b> agent, with <b>IC<sub>50</sub>s</b> of 11.7, 904 and 1024 μg/mL in HL60, K562 and C1498 cells respectively.<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.58%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 100 mg, 500 mg    |

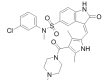
**SU11274**

(PKI-SU11274)

Cat. No.: HY-12014

**Bioactivity:** SU11274 is a selective **Met** inhibitor with **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 10 nM, but has no effects on PGDFR $\beta$ , EGFR or Tie2.

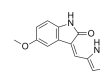
**Purity:** 98.09%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

**SU9516**

Cat. No.: HY-18629

**Bioactivity:** SU9516 is a potent **CDK2** inhibitor, with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 22 nM, and also shows inhibitory effects on CDK1 and CDK4, with **IC<sub>50</sub>**s of 40, 200 nM, respectively.

**Purity:** 99.76%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg

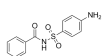
**Sulfabenzamide**

(N-Sulfanilylbenzamide)

Cat. No.: HY-B0960

**Bioactivity:** Sulfabenzamide is an intermediate in the synthesis of organic and pharmaceutical.

**Purity:** 99.90%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
 500 mg

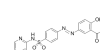
**Sulfasalazine**

(NSC 667219)

Cat. No.: HY-14655

**Bioactivity:** Sulfasalazine is a drug for the treatment of rheumatoid arthritis and ulcerative colitis. Sulfasalazine is reported to suppress **NF- $\kappa$ B** activity.

**Purity:** 99.42%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
 1 g, 5 g

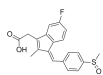
**Sulindac**

(MK-231)

Cat. No.: HY-B0008

**Bioactivity:** Sulindac (MK-231) is a non-steroidal antiinflammatory agent, acts as a **COX-2** inhibitor, and inhibits overexpression of COX-2.

**Purity:** 99.46%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
 100 mg, 500 mg

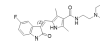
**Sunitinib**

(SU 11248)

Cat. No.: HY-10255A

**Bioactivity:** Sunitinib (SU 11248) is a multi-targeted receptor tyrosine kinase inhibitor with **IC<sub>50</sub>**s of 80 nM and 2 nM for **VEGFR2** and **PDGFR $\beta$** , respectively.

**Purity:** 99.66%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg

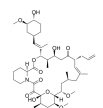
**Tacrolimus**

(FK506; Fujimycin; FR900506)

Cat. No.: HY-13756

**Bioactivity:** Tacrolimus (FK506; Fujimycin) is a macrocyclic lactone with potent immunosuppressive properties. Tacrolimus binds to **FK506 binding protein (FKBP)** to form a complex and inhibits **calcineurin phosphatase**.

**Purity:** 98.46%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg

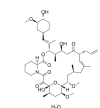


**Tacrolimus monohydrate (FK506 monohydrate); Fujimycin (monohydrate); FR900506 (monohydrate))**

Cat. No.: HY-13756A

**Bioactivity:** Tacrolimus monohydrate (FK506 monohydrate; Fujimycin monohydrate) binds to **FK506 binding protein (FKBP)**. This complex inhibits calcineurin phosphatase (PP2B). Tacrolimus monohydrate is a mTOR-independent **autophagy** inducer.

**Purity:** 98.46%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg

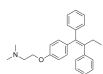
**Tamoxifen**

(ICI47699; Z-Tamoxifen; trans-Tamoxifen)

Cat. No.: HY-13757A

**Bioactivity:** Tamoxifen is a selective estrogen receptor modulator (**SERM**) which blocks estrogen action in breast cells and can activate estrogen activity in other cells, such as bone, liver, and uterine cells.

**Purity:** 99.76%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
 500 mg, 1 g, 5 g

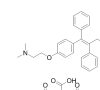
**Tamoxifen Citrate**

(ICI 46474)

Cat. No.: HY-13757

**Bioactivity:** Tamoxifen Citrate is a selective estrogen receptor modulator (**SERM**).

**Purity:** 99.0%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
 500 mg, 1 g, 5 g



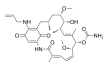
### Tanespimycin

(17-AAG; NSC 330507; CP 127374)

Cat. No.: HY-10211

**Bioactivity:** Tanespimycin (17-AAG) is a potent **HSP90** inhibitor with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 5 nM, having a 100-fold higher binding affinity for tumour cell derived HSP90 than normal cell derived HSP90.

**Purity:** 99.03%  
**Clinical Data:** Phase 3  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg, 25 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg



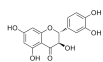
### Taxifolin

((+)-Dihydroquercetin; (+)-Taxifolin)

Cat. No.: HY-N0136

**Bioactivity:** Taxifolin ((+)-Dihydroquercetin) exhibits important anti-**tyrosinase** activity. Taxifolin exhibits significant inhibitory activity against **collagenase** with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** value of 193.3  $\mu$ M.

**Purity:** 99.82%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
50 mg, 100 mg



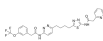
### Telaglenastat

(CB-839)

Cat. No.: HY-12248

**Bioactivity:** Telaglenastat (CB-839) is a potent and selective inhibitor of glutaminase with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of less than 50 nM.

**Purity:** 99.92%  
**Clinical Data:** Phase 2  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg



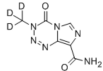
### Temozolomide

(NSC 362856; CCRG 81045; TMZ)

Cat. No.: HY-17364

**Bioactivity:** Temozolomide (NSC 362856; CCRG 81045) is an oral **DNA alkylating** agent used to treat some brain cancers.

**Purity:** 99.96%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg, 1 g



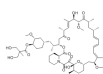
### Temsirolimus

(CCI-779)

Cat. No.: HY-50910

**Bioactivity:** Temsirolimus is an inhibitor of **mTOR** with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 1.76  $\mu$ M.

**Purity:** 99.25%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 100 mg



### Taurine

(2-Aminoethanesulfonic acid)

Cat. No.: HY-B0351

**Bioactivity:** Taurine is an organic acid widely distributed in animal tissues. Target: Others Taurine is a major constituent of bile and can be found in the large intestine and accounts for approximately 0.1% of total human body weight [1]. Taurine is present in high concentration in algae and in the animals...

**Purity:** 98.0%  
**Clinical Data:** Phase 4  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in Water,  
1 g, 5 g



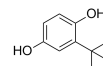
### TBHQ

(tert-Butylhydroquinone)

Cat. No.: HY-100489

**Bioactivity:** TBHQ is an antioxidant that activates **Nrf2**.

**Purity:** 98.0%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
1 g



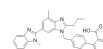
### Telmisartan

(BIBR 277)

Cat. No.: HY-13955

**Bioactivity:** Telmisartan is a potent, long lasting antagonist of **angiotensin II type 1 receptor (AT1)**, selectively inhibiting the binding of <sup>125</sup>I-AngII to AT1 receptors with **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 9.2 nM.

**Purity:** 99.96%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
50 mg, 100 mg, 500 mg, 1 g



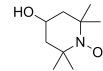
### Tempol

(4-Hydroxy-TEMPO)

Cat. No.: HY-100561

**Bioactivity:** Tempol is a general superoxide dismutase (SOD)-mimetic drug that efficiently neutralizes reactive oxygen species (ROS).

**Purity:** 99.69%  
**Clinical Data:** Phase 2  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in Water,  
200 mg, 1 g

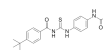


### Tenovin-1

Cat. No.: HY-13423

**Bioactivity:** Tenovin-1 is an inhibitor of **sirtuin 1** and **sirtuin 2**, an activator of **p53** and may have potential in the management of cancer.

**Purity:** 99.39%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg



### Tenovin-6

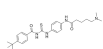
Cat. No.: HY-15510

**Bioactivity:** Tenovin-6 is an inhibitor of **SIRT1** and **SIRT2**, slightly inhibits **HDAC8**, and is also a potent activator of **p53**, with **IC<sub>50</sub>**s of 21  $\mu$ M, 10  $\mu$ M, and 67  $\mu$ M for SirT1, SirT2, and SirT3, respectively.

**Purity:** 98.24%

**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
2 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg



### Tenovin-6 Hydrochloride

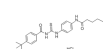
Cat. No.: HY-15510B

**Bioactivity:** Tenovin-6 Hydrochloride is an inhibitor of **SIRT1** and **SIRT2**, slightly inhibits **HDAC8**, and is also a potent activator of **p53**, with **IC<sub>50</sub>**s of 21  $\mu$ M, 10  $\mu$ M, and 67  $\mu$ M for SirT1, SirT2, and SirT3, respectively.

**Purity:** 98.0%

**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
2 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg



### Tepotinib

(EMD-1214063)

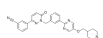
Cat. No.: HY-14721

**Bioactivity:** Tepotinib (EMD-1214063) is a potent and selective c-Met inhibitor with **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 4 nM, >200-fold selective for c-Met than IRAK4, TrkA, Axl, IRAK1, and Mer.

**Purity:** 99.80%

**Clinical Data:** Phase 2

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg



### Tetrahydrocurcumin

(HZIV 81-2)

Cat. No.: HY-N0893

**Bioactivity:** Tetrahydrocurcumin is a Curcuminoid found in turmeric (Curcuma longa) that is produced by the reduction of Curcumin. Tetrahydrocurcumin inhibit **CYP2C9** and **CYP3A4**.

**Purity:** 95.0%

**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg



### TG101209

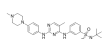
Cat. No.: HY-10410

**Bioactivity:** TG101209 is a selective **JAK2** inhibitor with **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 6 nM, less potent to **Flt3** and **RET** with **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 25 nM and 17 nM, approx 30-fold selective for JAK2 than JAK3, and sensitive to JAK2V617F and MPLW515L/K mutations.

**Purity:** 98.94%

**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg



### Thalidomide

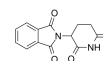
Cat. No.: HY-14658

**Bioactivity:** Thalidomide is initially promoted as a sedative, inhibits ereblon (CRBN), a part of the **cullin-4 E3 ubiquitin ligase** complex CUL4-RBX1-DDB1, with a **K<sub>d</sub>** of 250 nM, and has immunomodulatory, anti-inflammatory and anti-angiogenic cancer properties.

**Purity:** 99.91%

**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
200 mg, 500 mg



### Theophylline

(1,3-Dimethylxanthine; Theo-24)

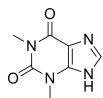
Cat. No.: HY-B0809

**Bioactivity:** Theophylline is a nonselective **phosphodiesterase (PDE)** inhibitor, **adenosine receptor** blocker, and **histone deacetylase (HDAC)** activator.

**Purity:** 99.94%

**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 g



### Thiamet G

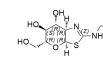
Cat. No.: HY-12588

**Bioactivity:** Thiamet G is a potent and selective inhibitor of **O-GlcNAcase (OGA)**, which acts to remove O-GlcNAc from modified proteins, with **K<sub>i</sub>** of 20 nM for human OGA.

**Purity:** 99.98%

**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg



### Thioridazine hydrochloride

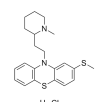
Cat. No.: HY-B0965

**Bioactivity:** Thioridazine is an antipsychotic drug, used in the treatment of schizophrenia and psychosis, shows D4 selectivity or serotonin antagonism.

**Purity:** 99.93%

**Clinical Data:** Phase 4

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
100 mg, 500 mg



### Tigecycline

(GAR-936)

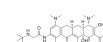
Cat. No.: HY-B0117

**Bioactivity:** Tigecycline (GAR-936) is a broad-spectrum glycyclcycline antibiotic. The mean inhibitory concentration (MIC) of Tigecycline for E. coli (MG1655 strain) is approximately 125 ng/mL [1]. MIC<sub>50</sub> and MIC<sub>90</sub> are 1 and 2 mg/L for *Acinetobacter baumannii* (A. baumannii), respectively...

**Purity:** 99.88%

**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg



|  |  |
|--|--|
| <b>Tigecycline hydrochloride</b><br><b>(GAR-936 hydrochloride)</b><br><b>Cat. No.: HY-B0117A</b><br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Tigecycline hydrochloride (GAR-936 hydrochloride) is a broad-spectrum glycycline antibiotic. The mean inhibitory concentration (MIC) of Tigecycline for <i>E. coli</i> (MG1655 strain) is approximately 125 ng/mL <sup>[1]</sup> . MIC <sub>50</sub> and MIC <sub>90</sub> are 1 and 2 mg/L for <i>Acinetobacter baumannii</i> ( <i>A. baumannii</i> ),...<br><b>Purity:</b> >98%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg        | <b>Tigecycline mesylate</b><br><b>(GAR-936 mesylate)</b><br><b>Cat. No.: HY-B0117B</b><br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Tigecycline mesylate (GAR-936 mesylate) is a broad-spectrum glycycline antibiotic. The mean inhibitory concentration (MIC) of Tigecycline for <i>E. coli</i> (MG1655 strain) is approximately 125 ng/mL <sup>[1]</sup> . MIC <sub>50</sub> and MIC <sub>90</sub> are 1 and 2 mg/L for <i>Acinetobacter baumannii</i> ( <i>A. baumannii</i> ),...<br><b>Purity:</b> >98%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg  |
| <b>Tigecycline tetramesylate</b><br><b>(GAR-936 tetramesylate)</b><br><b>Cat. No.: HY-B0117C</b><br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Tigecycline tetramesylate (GAR-936 tetramesylate) is a broad-spectrum glycycline antibiotic. The mean inhibitory concentration (MIC) of Tigecycline for <i>E. coli</i> (MG1655 strain) is approximately 125 ng/mL <sup>[1]</sup> . MIC <sub>50</sub> and MIC <sub>90</sub> are 1 and 2 mg/L for <i>Acinetobacter baumannii</i> ( <i>A. baumannii</i> ),...<br><b>Purity:</b> 95.36%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg  | <b>Tizoxanide</b><br><b>(TIZ)</b><br><b>Cat. No.: HY-12687</b><br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Tizoxanide is the active metabolite of Nitazoxanide, which is a thiazolide anti-infective compound against anaerobic bacteria, protozoa, and a range of viruses. IC50 value: Target: Antiviral agent in vitro: Tizoxanide inhibited virus replication of all CIVs with 50% and 90% inhibitory...<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.76%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg   |
| <b>Tolbutamide</b><br><b>Cat. No.: HY-B0401</b><br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Tolbutamide is a first generation potassium channel blocker, sulfonyleurea oral hypoglycemic drug. Target: Potassium Channel Tolbutamide is an oral antihyperglycemic agent used for the treatment of non-insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus (NIDDM). Tolbutamide act by stimulating $\beta$ cells of the pancreas to...<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.96%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 1 g, 5 g    | <b>Tolvaptan</b><br><b>(OPC-41061)</b><br><b>Cat. No.: HY-17000</b><br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Tolvaptan is a selective, competitive arginine vasopressin receptor 2 antagonist with an IC50 of 1.28 $\mu$ M for the inhibition of AVP-induced platelet aggregation. IC50 value: 1.28 $\mu$ M (inhibition of AVP-induced platelet aggregation) Target: vasopressin receptor 2 Tolvaptan (OPC-41061) is a...<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.92%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 10 mg, 50 mg   |
| <b>Topotecan</b><br><b>(SKF 104864A; NSC 609669)</b><br><b>Cat. No.: HY-13768</b><br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Topotecan (SKF 104864A; NSC 609669) is a <b>Topoisomerase I</b> inhibitor. The IC <sub>50</sub> values of Topotecan at 24 h are 2.73 $\pm$ 0.25 $\mu$ M of U251 cells, 2.95 $\pm$ 0.23 $\mu$ M of U87 cells, 5.46 $\pm$ 0.41 $\mu$ M of GSCs-U251 and 5.95 $\pm$ 0.24 $\mu$ M of GSCs-U87.<br><b>Purity:</b> >98%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10 mg, 50 mg   | <b>Topotecan Hydrochloride</b><br><b>(SKF 104864A (Hydrochloride); NSC 609669 (Hydrochloride))</b> <b>Cat. No.: HY-13768A</b><br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Topotecan Hydrochloride (SKF 104864A Hydrochloride; NSC 609669 Hydrochloride) is a <b>Topoisomerase I</b> inhibitor with potent antineoplastic activities.<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.20%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg   |
| <b>Torin 1</b><br><b>Cat. No.: HY-13003</b><br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Torin 1 is a potent inhibitor of <b>mTOR</b> with an IC <sub>50</sub> of 3 nM. Torin 1 inhibits both <b>mTORC1/ 2</b> complexes with IC <sub>50</sub> values between 2 and 10 nM.<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.16%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg   | <b>Torin 2</b><br><b>Cat. No.: HY-13002</b><br><b>Bioactivity:</b> Torin 2 is an <b>mTOR</b> inhibitor with EC <sub>50</sub> of 0.25 nM for inhibiting cellular mTOR activity, and exhibits 800-fold selectivity over PI3K (EC <sub>50</sub> : 200 nM). Torin 2 also inhibits <b>DNA-PK</b> with an IC <sub>50</sub> of 0.5 nM in the cell free assay. Tori...<br><b>Purity:</b> 99.93%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg   |

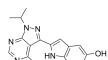
**Torkinib**

(PP 242)

Cat. No.: HY-10474

**Bioactivity:** Torkinib (PP 242) is a selective and ATP-competitive **mTOR** inhibitor with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 8 nM. PP242 inhibits both **mTORC1** and **mTORC2** with **IC<sub>50</sub>**s of 30 nM and 58 nM, respectively.

**Purity:** 95.47%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

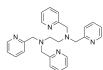
**TPEN**

(TPEDA)

Cat. No.: HY-100202

**Bioactivity:** TPEN is a specific cell-permeable heavy metal chelator.

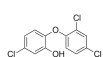
**Purity:** 98.44%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg

**Triclosan**

Cat. No.: HY-B1119

**Bioactivity:** Triclosan is an antibacterial and antifungal agent found in consumer products, including soaps, detergents, toys, and surgical cleaning treatments.

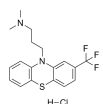
**Purity:** 97.0%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
 100 mg

**Triflupromazine hydrochloride**

Cat. No.: HY-B0909

**Bioactivity:** Triflupromazine hydrochloride is an antipsychotic medication, which are Dopamine D1/D2 receptor antagonists.

**Purity:** 99.94%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
 100 mg

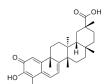
**Tripterin**

(Celastrol)

Cat. No.: HY-13067

**Bioactivity:** Tripterin (Celastrol) is a **proteasome** inhibitor which potently and preferentially inhibits the chymotrypsin-like activity of a purified **20S proteasome** with **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 2.5  $\mu$ M.

**Purity:** 99.91%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

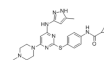
**Tozasertib**

(VX 680; MK-0457)

Cat. No.: HY-10161

**Bioactivity:** Tozasertib (VX 680; MK-0457) is an inhibitor of **Aurora A/B/C kinases** with **K<sub>i</sub>**s of 0.6, 18, 4.6 nM, respectively.

**Purity:** 99.85%  
**Clinical Data:** Phase 2  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
 50 mg, 100 mg, 250 mg

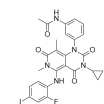
**Trametinib**

(GSK1120212; JTP-74057)

Cat. No.: HY-10999

**Bioactivity:** Trametinib is a potent **MEK** inhibitor that inhibits MEK1 and MEK2 with **IC<sub>50</sub>**s of about 2 nM. Due to the poor solubility of Trametinib, **Trametinib DMSO solvate (Cat. No.: HY-10999A)** is recommended.

**Purity:** 99.37%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

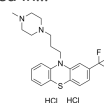
**Trifluoperazine dihydrochloride**

(TFP; SKF5019)

Cat. No.: HY-B0532A

**Bioactivity:** Trifluoperazine Dihydrochloride is a potent dopamine D2 receptor inhibitor used as an antipsychotic and an antiemetic. Target: Dopamine D2 Receptor Trifluoperazine Dihydrochloride is a potent dopamine D2 receptor inhibitor used as an antipsychotic and an antiemetic. Trifluoperazine inhibited in...

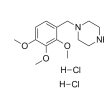
**Purity:** 99.0%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
 100 mg, 500 mg

**Trimetazidine dihydrochloride**

Cat. No.: HY-B0968

**Bioactivity:** Trimetazidine dihydrochloride is a drug for angina pectoris. Trimetazidine is the first cytoprotective anti-ischemic agent, which improves myocardial glucose utilization through inhibition of fatty acid metabolism.

**Purity:** 99.96%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
 10 mg, 50 mg

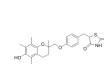
**Troglitazone**



(CS-045)

Cat. No.: HY-50935

**Bioactivity:** Troglitazone is a **PPAR $\gamma$**  agonist, with **EC<sub>50</sub>**s of 550 nM and 780 nM for human and murine PPAR $\gamma$  receptor, respectively.

**Purity:** 99.53%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg



|   |  |
|---|--|
| <b>Tubastatin A Hydrochloride</b><br>(Tubastatin A HCl; TSA HCl) Cat. No.: HY-13271   | <b>Tubastatin-A</b><br>Cat. No.: HY-13271A   |
| <b>Bioactivity:</b> Tubastatin A (Hydrochloride) is a potent and selective <b>HDAC6</b> inhibitor with <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b> of 15 nM in a cell-free assay, and is selective (1000-fold more) against all other isozymes except HDAC8 (57-fold more).<br><br><b>Purity:</b> 98.31%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg   | <b>Bioactivity:</b> Tubastatin-A is a potent and selective <b>HDAC6</b> inhibitor with <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b> of 15 nM in a cell-free assay, and is selective (1000-fold more) against all other isozymes except HDAC8 (57-fold more).<br><br><b>Purity:</b> 98.0%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg |
|    |   |
| <b>TWS119</b><br>Cat. No.: HY-10590   | <b>U0126</b><br>(U0126-EtOH) Cat. No.: HY-12031  |
| <b>Bioactivity:</b> TWS119 is a specific inhibitor of <b>GSK-3β</b> , with an <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b> of 30 nM, and activates the wnt/β-catenin pathway.<br><br><b>Purity:</b> 98.0%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg   | <b>Bioactivity:</b> U0126 is a potent and non-ATP competitive <b>MEK1</b> and <b>MEK2</b> inhibitor, with <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b> s of 70 nM and 60 nM, respectively.<br><br><b>Purity:</b> 98.06%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg  |
|    |   |
| <b>UBCS039</b><br>Cat. No.: HY-115453   | <b>UNBS5162</b><br>Cat. No.: HY-16509  |
| <b>Bioactivity:</b> UBCS039 is the first synthetic, specific <b>Sirtuin 6 (SIRT6)</b> activator, inducing autophagy in human tumor cells, with an <b>EC<sub>50</sub></b> of 38 μM <sup>[1]</sup> .<br><br><b>Purity:</b> 98.55%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg  | <b>Bioactivity:</b> UNBS5162 is a pan-antagonist of <b>CXCL chemokine</b> expression, with anti-tumor activity.<br><br><b>Purity:</b> 99.75%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg   |
|    |   |
| <b>UNC0638</b><br>Cat. No.: HY-15273  | <b>UNC1999</b><br>Cat. No.: HY-15646   |
| <b>Bioactivity:</b> UNC0638 selectively inhibits <b>G9a</b> and <b>GLP histone methyltransferase</b> activity with <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b> s of less than 15 nM and 19 nM, respectively.<br><br><b>Purity:</b> 99.87%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg  | <b>Bioactivity:</b> UNC1999 is a SAM-competitive, potent and selective inhibitor of <b>EZH1/2</b> with <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b> s of 10 nM and 45 nM, respectively.<br><br><b>Purity:</b> 99.47%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg   |
|    |   |
| <b>URB-597</b><br>(KDS-4103) Cat. No.: HY-10864   | <b>URMC-099</b><br>Cat. No.: HY-12599  |
| <b>Bioactivity:</b> URB597 is a potent, orally bioavailable FAAH inhibitor with IC50 of 4.6 nM, with no activity on other cannabinoid-related targets. IC50 value: 4.6 nM [1] Target: FAAH in vitro: URB597 binds in the hydrophobic pocket and catalytic core of FAAH that connects the active site residues to the membrane surface...<br><br><b>Purity:</b> 98.71%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 1<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg | <b>Bioactivity:</b> URMC-099 is an orally bioavailable and potent mixed lineage kinase type 3 ( <b>MLK3</b> ) ( <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b> =14 nM) inhibitor with with excellent blood-brain barrier penetration properties.<br><br><b>Purity:</b> 99.90%<br><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br><b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg                |
|    |   |

### Urolithin A

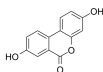
Cat. No.: HY-100599

**Bioactivity:** Urolithin A is an intestinal metabolite of ellagic acid with antioxidant and antiproliferative effects; inhibits T24 and Caco-2 cell growth with **IC<sub>50</sub>** values of 43.9 and 49  $\mu$ M, respectively.

**Purity:** 98.06%

**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg



### Ursolic acid

(Prunol; Urson; Malol)

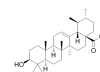
Cat. No.: HY-N0140

**Bioactivity:** Ursolic acid (Prunol) is a natural pentacyclic triterpenoid carboxylic acid, exerts anti-tumor effects and is an effective compound for cancer prevention and therapy.

**Purity:** 99.27%

**Clinical Data:** Phase 2

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg



### Valproic acid

(VPA; 2-Propylpentanoic Acid)

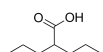
Cat. No.: HY-10585

**Bioactivity:** Valproic acid is an **HDAC** inhibitor, with **IC<sub>50</sub>** in the range of 0.5 and 2 mM, also inhibits **HDAC1** (**IC<sub>50</sub>** 400  $\mu$ M), and induces proteasomal degradation of **HDAC2**; Valproic acid sodium salt is used in the treatment of epilepsy, bipo...

**Purity:** 98.67%

**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
1 g, 5 g, 25 g



### Valproic acid sodium salt

(Sodium Valproate)

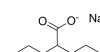
Cat. No.: HY-10585A

**Bioactivity:** Valproic acid sodium salt is an anticonvulsants used to treat epilepsy, bipolar disorder and migraines. Valproic acid inhibits **histone deacetylase 1 (HDAC1)** with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 0.4 mM.

**Purity:** 98.0%

**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in Water,  
1 g, 5 g, 25 g



### Vancomycin hydrochloride

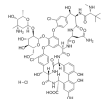
Cat. No.: HY-17362

**Bioactivity:** Vancomycin hydrochloride is an antibiotic for the treatment of **bacterial** infections. It acts by inhibiting the second stage of cell wall synthesis of susceptible bacteria. Vancomycin also alters the permeability of the cell membrane and selectively inhibits ribonucleic acid synthesis.

**Purity:** 98.83%

**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
250 mg, 1 g, 5 g



### Vandetanib

(ZD6474)

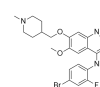
Cat. No.: HY-10260

**Bioactivity:** Vandetanib is a potent inhibitor of **VEGFR2** with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 40 nM.

**Purity:** 99.89%

**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 500 mg



### Vandetanib hydrochloride

(ZD6474 hydrochloride)

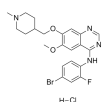
Cat. No.: HY-10260B

**Bioactivity:** Vandetanib hydrochloride is a potent inhibitor of **VEGFR2** with **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 40 nM.

**Purity:** >98%

**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 25 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg



### Vandetanib trifluoroacetate

(ZD6474 trifluoroacetate)

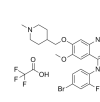
Cat. No.: HY-10260A

**Bioactivity:** Vandetanib trifluoroacetate is a potent inhibitor of **VEGFR2** with **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 40 nM.

**Purity:** >98%

**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 25 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg



### Veliparib

(ABT-888)

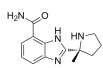
Cat. No.: HY-10129

**Bioactivity:** Veliparib is a potent **PARP** inhibitor, inhibiting **PARP1** and **PARP2** with **K<sub>s</sub>** of 5.2 and 2.9 nM, respectively.

**Purity:** 98.0%

**Clinical Data:** Phase 3

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg



### Veliparib dihydrochloride

(ABT-888 dihydrochloride)

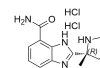
Cat. No.: HY-10130

**Bioactivity:** Veliparib (dihydrochloride) is a potent inhibitor of **PARP1** and **PARP2** with **K<sub>s</sub>** of 5.2 nM and 2.9 nM in cell-free assays, respectively.

**Purity:** 99.62%

**Clinical Data:** Phase 3

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg





**Vemurafenib**

(PLX4032; RG7204; RO5185426)

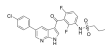
Cat. No.: HY-12057

**Bioactivity:** Vemurafenib (PLX4032; RG7204) is a novel and potent inhibitor of **B-RAF** kinase, with **IC<sub>50</sub>**s of 31 and 48 nM for RAF<sup>V600E</sup> and c-RAF-1, respectively.

**Purity:** 99.73%

**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg, 1 g

**Venetoclax**

(ABT-199; GDC-0199)

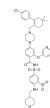
Cat. No.: HY-15531

**Bioactivity:** Venetoclax (ABT-199; GDC-0199) is a highly potent, selective and orally bioavailable **Bcl-2** inhibitor with a **K<sub>i</sub>** of less than 0.01 nM.

**Purity:** 99.95%

**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg

**VER-155008**

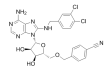
Cat. No.: HY-10941

**Bioactivity:** VER-155008 is an inhibitor of **Hsp70**, with **IC<sub>50</sub>**s of 0.5  $\mu$ M, 2.6  $\mu$ M, and 2.6  $\mu$ M for **Hsp70**, Hsc70 and Grp7, respectively, and with a **K<sub>d</sub>** of 0.3  $\mu$ M for **Hsp70**.

**Purity:** 99.64%

**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

**Verteporfin**

(CL 318952)

Cat. No.: HY-B0146

**Bioactivity:** Verteporfin is a photosensitizer for photodynamic therapy to eliminate the abnormal blood vessels in the eye associated with conditions such as age-related macular degeneration. Verteporfin is a **YAP** inhibitor which disrupts YAP-TEAD interactions.

**Purity:** 99.58%

**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

**Vinblastine sulfate**

(Vincaleukoblastine sulfate salt)

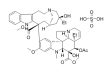
Cat. No.: HY-13780

**Bioactivity:** Vinblastine sulfate is a cytotoxic alkaloid used against various cancer types. Vinblastine sulfate inhibits the formation of microtubule and suppresses nAChR with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 8.9  $\mu$ M.

**Purity:** 99.87%

**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

**Vinorelbine**

(KW-2307 base)

Cat. No.: HY-12053

**Bioactivity:** Vinorelbine is an anti-mitotic agent which inhibits the proliferation of HeLa cells with **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 1.25 nM.

**Purity:** >98%

**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 10 mg, 50 mg

**Vinorelbine ditartrate**

(KW-2307; Nor-5'-anhydrovinblastine ditartrate)

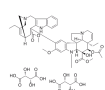
Cat. No.: HY-12053A

**Bioactivity:** Vinorelbine (ditartrate) is an anti-mitotic agent which inhibits the proliferation of HeLa cells with **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 1.25 nM.

**Purity:** 99.58%

**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg, 50 mg

**Vismodegib**

(GDC-0449)

Cat. No.: HY-10440

**Bioactivity:** Vismodegib (GDC-0449) is an orally active **hedgehog** pathway inhibitor with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 3 nM. It also inhibits P-gp, ABCG2 with **IC<sub>50</sub>** values of 3.0  $\mu$ M and 1.4  $\mu$ M, respectively.

**Purity:** 99.91%

**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg

**Vistusertib**

(AZD2014)

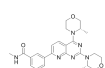
Cat. No.: HY-15247

**Bioactivity:** Vistusertib (AZD2014) is an ATP competitive **mTOR** inhibitor with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 2.81 nM. AZD2014 inhibits both **mTORC1** and **mTORC2** complexes.

**Purity:** 98.80%

**Clinical Data:** Phase 2

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg

**Vorinostat**

(SAHA)

Cat. No.: HY-10221

**Bioactivity:** Vorinostat is a potent and orally available inhibitor of **HDAC1**, **HDAC2** and **HDAC3 (Class I)**, **HDAC7 (Class II)** and **HDAC11 (Class IV)**, with **ID<sub>50</sub>** values of 10 nM and 20 nM for HDAC1 and HDAC3, respectively.

**Purity:** 99.90%

**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
250 mg, 500 mg, 1 g, 5 g

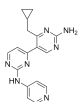


### Vps34-PIK-III

Cat. No.: HY-12794

**Bioactivity:** Vps34-PIK-III is a potent and selective inhibitor of **VPS34** with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 18 nM.

**Purity:** 99.06%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
2 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

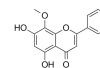


### Wogonin

Cat. No.: HY-N0400

**Bioactivity:** Wogonin is a naturally occurring mono-flavonoid, can inhibit the activity of **CDK8** and **Wnt**, and exhibits anti-inflammatory and anti-tumor effects.

**Purity:** 99.98%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg

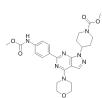


### WYE-354

Cat. No.: HY-12034

**Bioactivity:** WYE-354 is an ATP-competitive **mTOR** inhibitor with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 5 nM. WYE-354 also inhibits **PI3Kα** and **PI3Kγ** with **IC<sub>50</sub>s** of 1.89 μM and 7.37 μM, respectively. WYE-354 inhibits both **mTORC1** and **mTORC2**.

**Purity:** 98.0%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg

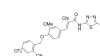


### XCT790

Cat. No.: HY-10426

**Bioactivity:** XCT-790 is a potent, selective and inverse agonist of estrogen-related receptor alpha(ERα); induces cell death in chemotherapeutic resistant cancer cells. IC50 value: Target: ERα ERα inverse agonist XCT-790 induced cell death in HepG2 hepatocarcinoma and its multi-drug resistance (MDR)...

**Purity:** 98.01%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg, 50 mg

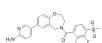


### XL388

Cat. No.: HY-13806

**Bioactivity:** XL388 is a highly potent and ATP-competitive **mTOR** inhibitor with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 9.9 nM. XL388 simultaneously inhibits both **mTORC1** and **mTORC2**.

**Purity:** 98.46%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

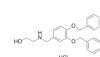


### XRK3F2

Cat. No.: HY-112904

**Bioactivity:** XRK3F2 is an inhibitor of **p62 (Sequestosome-1)-ZZ/** domain.

**Purity:** 99.00%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg



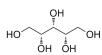
### Xylitol

(Xylite)

Cat. No.: HY-N0538

**Bioactivity:** Xylitol is a chemical categorized as a polyalcohol or sugar alcohol. Target: Others Xylitol is a chemical categorized as a polyalcohol or sugar alcohol (alditol). Xylitol has the formula (CHOH)3(CH2OH)2 and is an achiral isomer of pentane-1,2,3,4,5-pentol. Xylitol is used as a diabetic...

**Purity:** 98.0%  
**Clinical Data:** Phase 4  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in Water,  
1 g, 5 g

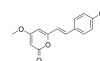


### Yangonin

Cat. No.: HY-N0919

**Bioactivity:** Yangonin exhibits affinity for the human recombinant cannabinoid **CB1 receptor** with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** and a **K<sub>i</sub>** of 1.79 ± 0.53 μM and 0.72±0.21 μM, respectively.

**Purity:** >98%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 5 mg, 10 mg



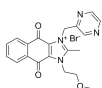
### YM-155

(Sepantronium bromide)

Cat. No.: HY-10194

**Bioactivity:** YM-155 is a **survivin** inhibitor with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 0.54 nM.

**Purity:** 98.91%  
**Clinical Data:** Phase 2  
**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

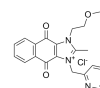


### YM-155 hydrochloride

Cat. No.: HY-10194A

**Bioactivity:** YM-155 hydrochloride is a novel **survivin** suppressant with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 0.54 nM for the inhibition of survivin promoter activity.

**Purity:** >98%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg



**YM-201636**

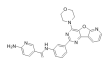
Cat. No.: HY-13228

**Bioactivity:** YM-201636 is a potent and selective **PIKfyve** inhibitor with an **IC<sub>50</sub>** of 33 nM. YM-201636 also inhibits p110α with IC<sub>50</sub> of 3.3 μM.

**Purity:** 98.22%

**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
2 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

**Zebularine**

(NSC309132; 4-Deoxyuridine)

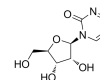
Cat. No.: HY-13420

**Bioactivity:** Zebularine (NSC309132; 4-Deoxyuridine) is a **DNA methyltransferase** inhibitor. Zebularine also inhibits **cytidine deaminase** with a **K<sub>i</sub>** of 0.95 μM.

**Purity:** 99.92%

**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg, 50 mg

**Zoledronic Acid**

(Zoledronate; CGP 42446; CGP42446A; ZOL 446)

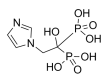
Cat. No.: HY-13777

**Bioactivity:** Zoledronic Acid is a third-generation, nitrogen-containing bisphosphonate, inhibits osteoclast-mediated bone resorption, and also has antitumor activity.

**Purity:** >98%

**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg

**Zoledronic acid monohydrate** (Zoledronate monohydrate; CGP

42446 monohydrate; CGP42446A monohydrate; ...)

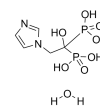
Cat. No.: HY-13777A

**Bioactivity:** Zoledronic acid monohydrate is a third-generation, nitrogen-containing bisphosphonate, inhibits osteoclast-mediated bone resorption, and also has antitumor activity.

**Purity:** 99.0%

**Clinical Data:** Launched

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in Water,  
50 mg, 100 mg

**ZSTK474**

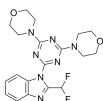
Cat. No.: HY-50847

**Bioactivity:** ZSTK474 is an ATP-competitive pan-class I **PI3K** inhibitor with **IC<sub>50</sub>s** of 16 nM, 44 nM, 4.6 nM and 49 nM for PI3Kα, PI3Kβ, PI3Kδ and PI3Kγ, respectively.

**Purity:** 99.71%

**Clinical Data:** Phase 1

**Size:** 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg

**β-Lapachone**

(ARQ-501; NSC-26326)

Cat. No.: HY-13555

**Bioactivity:** β-Lapachone is a naturally occurring O-naphthoquinone, acts as a **topoisomerase I** inhibitor, and induces apoptosis by inhibiting cell cycle progression.

**Purity:** 99.98%

**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported

**Size:** 10mM x 1mL in DMSO,  
10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

