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Inhibitors, Screening Libraries, Proteins

BCRP

Breast cancer resistance protein; ABCG2

Breast cancer resistance protein (BCRP/ABCG2/MXR/ABCP) is an ATP-dependent efflux transporter, which belongs to the large ATP-binding cassette (ABC) transporter family present on cell membranes, and it is classified into the G subfamily of these transporters. BCRP is expressed in a variety of normal cells and acts as a xenobiotic efflux transporter. BCRP is often associated with cancer chemotherapeutic resistance. BCRP confers multidrug resistance (MDR) to a series of antitumor agents such as Mitoxantrone, Daunorubicin, SN-38, and Topotecan, and often limits the efficacy of chemotherapy.

BCRP physiologically functions as a part of a self-defense mechanism for the organism. It enhances elimination of toxic xenobiotic substances and harmful agents in the gut and biliary tract, as well as through the blood-brain, placental, and possibly blood-testis barriers. BCRP recognizes and transports numerous anticancer drugs including conventional chemotherapeutic and targeted small therapeutic molecules relatively new in clinical use. Thus, BCRP expression in cancer cells directly causes MDR by active efflux of anticancer drugs. Because BCRP is also known to be a stem cell marker, its expression in cancer cells could be a manifestation of metabolic and signaling pathways that confer multiple mechanisms of drug resistance, self-renewal (stemness), and invasiveness (aggressiveness), and thereby impart a poor prognosis. Therefore, blocking BCRP-mediated active efflux may provide a therapeutic benefit for cancers.

BCRP Inhibitors

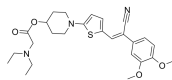
<p>(S)-ML753286</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-100390</p>	<p>6,8-Diprenylnaringenin (Lonchocarpol A; Senegalensin)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-122416</p>
<p>(S)-ML753286 is a breast cancer resistance protein (BCRP) inhibitor with an IC_{50} of 0.6 μM on BCRP efflux transporter.</p> <p>Purity: 98.90%</p> <p>Clinical Data: No Development Reported</p> <p>Size: 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>	<p>6,8-Diprenylnaringenin (Lonchocarpol A; Senegalensin), a hop prenylflavonoid, is a inhibitor of breast cancer resistance protein (BCRP/ABCG2).</p> <p>Purity: >98%</p> <p>Clinical Data: No Development Reported</p> <p>Size: 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg</p>
<p>Ac32Az19</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-132934</p>	<p>CP-100356 hydrochloride</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-108347</p>
<p>Ac32Az19 is a potent, nontoxic, and highly selective BCRP inhibitor with an EC_{50} value of 13 nM in the BCRP-overexpressed HEK293/R2 cells.</p> <p>Purity: >98%</p> <p>Clinical Data: No Development Reported</p> <p>Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>	<p>CP-100356 hydrochloride is an orally active dual MDR1 (P-gp)/BCRP inhibitor, with an IC_{50}s of 0.5 and 1.5 μM for inhibiting MDR1-mediated Calcein-AM transport and BCRP-mediated Prazosin transport, respectively.</p> <p>Purity: 99.68%</p> <p>Clinical Data: No Development Reported</p> <p>Size: 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg</p>
<p>Elacridar (GF120918; GW0918; GG918; GW120918)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-50879</p>	<p>FD 12-9 (Ac12Az9)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-128685</p>
<p>Elacridar (GF120918) is a potent P-glycoprotein (Pgp) and BCRP inhibitor.</p> <p>Purity: 99.80%</p> <p>Clinical Data: No Development Reported</p> <p>Size: 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg</p>	<p>FD 12-9 is a flavonoid dimer, acts as a dual inhibitor of P-gp and BCRP, with EC_{50}s of 285 nM and 0.9 nM, respectively. Anti-glioblastoma activity.</p> <p>Purity: >98%</p> <p>Clinical Data: No Development Reported</p> <p>Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>
<p>Fumitremorgin C (12α-Fumitremorgin C)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-N2143</p>	<p>Ko 143</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-10010</p>
<p>Fumitremorgin C is a potent and selective ABCG2/BRCP inhibitor.</p> <p>Purity: 98.26%</p> <p>Clinical Data: No Development Reported</p> <p>Size: 250 μg, 1 mg</p>	<p>Ko 143 is a potent and selective ATP-binding cassette subfamily G member 2 (ABCG2/BCRP) inhibitor. Ko 143 displays >200-fold selectivity over P-gp and MRP-1 transporters.</p> <p>Purity: 99.83%</p> <p>Clinical Data: No Development Reported</p> <p>Size: 10 mM \times 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>
<p>KS176</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-19753</p>	<p>ML230 (CID44640177; SID 88095709)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-111678</p>
<p>KS176 is a potent and selective inhibitor of the breast cancer resistance protein (BCRP) multidrug transporter (IC_{50} values are 0.59 and 1.39 μM in Pheo A and Hoechst 33342 assays respectively). Displays no inhibitory activity against P-gp or MRP1.</p> <p>Purity: 98.01%</p> <p>Clinical Data: No Development Reported</p> <p>Size: 10 mM \times 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>	<p>ML230 (CID44640177; SID 88095709) is a selective inhibitor of ATP-binding cassette (ABC) transporter ABCG2, and 36-fold selective for ABCG2 over ABCB1 with EC_{50}s values of 0.13 μM and 4.65 μM, respectively.</p> <p>Purity: 99.12%</p> <p>Clinical Data: No Development Reported</p> <p>Size: 5 mg</p>

<p>ML753286</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-116494</p>	<p>P-gp/BCRP-IN-1</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-144393</p>
<p>ML753286 is an orally active and selective BCRP (Breast cancer resistance protein) inhibitor with an IC_{50} of 0.6 μM. ML753286 has high permeability and low to medium clearance in rodent and human liver S9 fractions, and is stable in plasma cross species.</p> <p>Purity: 99.79%</p> <p>Clinical Data: No Development Reported</p> <p>Size: 10 mM \times 1 mL, 1 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg</p>	<p>P-gp/BCRP-IN-1 (compound 19) is a potential, relatively safe, orally active and efficient efflux transporter (P-gp and BCRP) inhibitor. P-gp/BCRP-IN-1 exerts resistance reversal by inhibiting the efflux function of P-gp and BCRP.</p> <p>Purity: >98%</p> <p>Clinical Data: No Development Reported</p> <p>Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>
<p>PCI 29732</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-18010</p>	<p>PD166326</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-118144</p>
<p>PCI 29732 is a potent, orally active, reversible BTK inhibitor with K_i^{app} values of 8.2, 4.6, and 2.5 nM for BTK, Lck and Lyn, respectively. PCI 29732 shows only modest inhibitory activity against Itk, another Tec family kinase.</p> <p>Purity: 99.68%</p> <p>Clinical Data: No Development Reported</p> <p>Size: 10 mM \times 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>	<p>PD166326 is a pyridopyrimidine-type inhibitor of receptor tyrosine kinases, with IC_{50}s of 6 nM and 8 nM for Src and Abl, respectively. PD166326 exhibits antileukemic activity.</p> <p>Purity: >98%</p> <p>Clinical Data: No Development Reported</p> <p>Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>
<p>Triclabendazole sulfoxide (TCBZ-SO)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-136450</p>	<p>Triclabendazole sulfoxide-13C,d3 (TCBZ-SO-13C,d3)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-136450S1</p>
<p>Triclabendazole sulfoxide (TCBZ-SO) is the main plasma metabolite of Triclabendazole, and exhibits anti-parasite effects. Triclabendazole sulfoxide can inhibit membrane transporter ABCG2/BCRP.</p> <p>Purity: >98%</p> <p>Clinical Data: No Development Reported</p> <p>Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>	<p>Triclabendazole sulfoxide-13C,d3 is the 13C- and deuterium labeled. Triclabendazole sulfoxide (TCBZ-SO) is the main plasma metabolite of Triclabendazole, and exhibits anti-parasite effects. Triclabendazole sulfoxide can inhibit membrane transporter ABCG2/BCRP.</p> <p>Purity: >98%</p> <p>Clinical Data: No Development Reported</p> <p>Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>
<p>Triclabendazole sulfoxide-d3 (TCBZ-SO-d3)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-136450S</p>	<p>UR-MB108</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-146676</p>
<p>Triclabendazole sulfoxide-d3 (TCBZ-SO-d3) is the deuterium labeled Triclabendazole sulfoxide. Triclabendazole sulfoxide (TCBZ-SO) is the main plasma metabolite of Triclabendazole, and exhibits anti-parasite effects. Triclabendazole sulfoxide can inhibit membrane transporter ABCG2/BCRP.</p> <p>Purity: >98%</p> <p>Clinical Data: No Development Reported</p> <p>Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>	<p>UR-MB108 (Compound 57) is a potent, selective ABCG2 (BCRP) inhibitor with an IC_{50} of 79 nM. UR-MB108 is stable in blood plasma.</p> <p>Purity: >98%</p> <p>Clinical Data: No Development Reported</p> <p>Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>
<p>YHO-13177</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-12757</p>	<p>YHO-13351</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-12758</p>
<p>YHO-13177 is a potent and specific inhibitor of BCRP; potentiated the cytotoxicity of SN-38 in cancer cells and no effect on P-glycoprotein-mediated paclitaxel resistance in MDR1-transduced human leukemia K562 cells.</p> <p>Purity: 98.27%</p> <p>Clinical Data: No Development Reported</p> <p>Size: 10 mM \times 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>	<p>YHO-13351 is the prodrug of YHO-13177, which is a potent and specific inhibitor of BCRP.</p> <p>Purity: >98%</p> <p>Clinical Data: No Development Reported</p> <p>Size: 5 mg, 10 mg</p>

YHO-13351 free base

Cat. No.: HY-12758A

YHO-13351 free base is the prodrug of YHO-13177, which is a potent and specific inhibitor of BCRP.



Purity: 98.10%

Clinical Data: No Development Reported

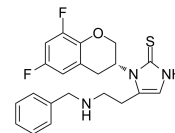
Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

Zamicastat

(BIA 5-1058)

Cat. No.: HY-106004

Zamicastat (BIA 5-1058) is a **dopamine β-hydroxylase (DBH)** inhibitor and can cross the blood-brain barrier (BBB) to cause central as well as peripheral effects.



Purity: 95.36%

Clinical Data: Phase 2

Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg