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Inhibitors, Screening Libraries, Proteins

# Bcr-Abl

Bcr-Abl tyrosine-kinase inhibitors (TKI) are the first-line therapy for most patients with chronic myelogenous leukemia (CML). More than 90% of CML cases are caused by a chromosomal abnormality that results in the formation of a so-called Philadelphia chromosome. This abnormality is a consequence of fusion between the Abelson (Abl) tyrosine kinase gene at chromosome 9 and the break point cluster (Bcr) gene at chromosome 22, resulting in a chimeric oncogene (Bcr-Abl) and a constitutively active Bcr-Abl tyrosine kinase that has been implicated in the pathogenesis of CML. Compounds have been developed to selectively inhibit the tyrosine kinase.

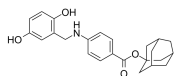
## Bcr-Abl Inhibitors & Activators

### Adaphostin

(NSC 680410)

Cat. No.: HY-103275

Adaphostin (NSC 680410), the adamantyl ester of AG957, is a potent p210<sup>bcr/abl</sup> inhibitor (IC<sub>50</sub>=14 μM). Adaphostin induces apoptosis in T-lymphoblastic human leukemia cell lines (IC<sub>50</sub> ranging from 17 to 216 nM).



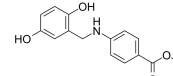
**Purity:** >98%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 1 mg, 5 mg

### AG957

(Tyrphostin AG957; NSC 654705)

Cat. No.: HY-117718

AG957 (Tyrphostin AG957; NSC 654705) is a tyrosine kinase inhibitor with anti-BCR/ABL tyrosine kinase activity. AG957 is a bcr/abl kinase inhibitor with an IC<sub>50</sub> of 2.9 μM for p210<sup>bcr/abl</sup> autokinase activity.



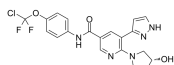
**Purity:** >98%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 1 mg, 5 mg

### Asciminib

(ABL001)

Cat. No.: HY-104010

Asciminib (ABL001) is a potent and selective allosteric BCR-ABL1 inhibitor, which inhibits Ba/F3 cells grown with an IC<sub>50</sub> of 0.25 nM.



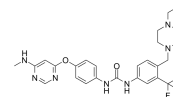
**Purity:** 99.78%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

### AST 487

(NVP-AST 487)

Cat. No.: HY-15002

AST 487 is a RET kinase inhibitor with IC<sub>50</sub> of 880 nM, inhibits RET autophosphorylation and activation of downstream effectors, also inhibits Flt-3 with IC<sub>50</sub> of 520 nM.

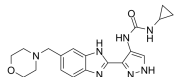


**Purity:** 99.20%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

### AT9283

Cat. No.: HY-50514

AT9283 is a multi-targeted kinase inhibitor with potent activity against Aurora A/B, JAK2/3, Abl (T315I) and Flt3 (IC<sub>50</sub>s ranging from 1 to 30 nM). AT9283 inhibits growth and survival of multiple solid tumors in vitro and in vivo.

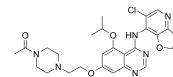


**Purity:** 99.70%  
**Clinical Data:** Phase 2  
**Size:** 10 mM × 1 mL, 2 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

### AZD0424

Cat. No.: HY-112314

AZD0424 is an orally active, and dual selective Src/Abl kinase inhibitor with potential antineoplastic activity. AZD0424 induces apoptosis and cell cycle arrest in lymphoma cells.



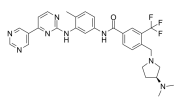
**Purity:** >98%  
**Clinical Data:** Phase 1  
**Size:** 1 mg, 5 mg

### Bafetinib

(INNO-406; NS-187)

Cat. No.: HY-50868

Bafetinib is a potent and orally active Lyn/Bcr-Abl tyrosine kinase inhibitor. Bafetinib augments the activities of several proapoptotic Bcl-2 homology (BH)3-only proteins (Bim, Bad, Bmf and Bik) and induces apoptosis in Ph<sup>+</sup> leukemia cells via Bcl-2 family-regulated intrinsic apoptosis pathway.

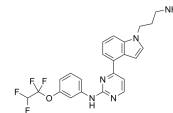


**Purity:** 99.76%  
**Clinical Data:** Phase 2  
**Size:** 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

### BCR-ABL-IN-1

Cat. No.: HY-100314

BCR-ABL-IN-1 is an inhibitor of BCR-ABL tyrosine kinase, with a pIC<sub>50</sub> of 6.46, and may be used in the research of chronic myelogenous leukemia.

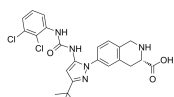


**Purity:** >98%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 1 mg, 5 mg

### BCR-ABL-IN-2

Cat. No.: HY-18819

BCR-ABL-IN-2 is an inhibitor of BCR-ABL1 tyrosine kinase, with IC<sub>50</sub>s of 57 nM, 773 nM for ABL1<sup>native</sup> and ABL1<sup>T315I</sup>, respectively.

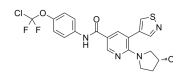


**Purity:** >98%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 1 mg, 5 mg

### BCR-ABL-IN-3

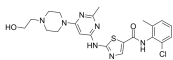
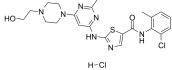
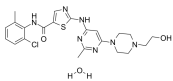
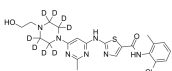
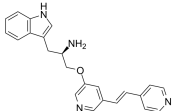
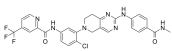
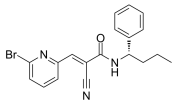
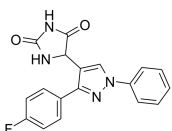
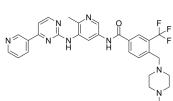
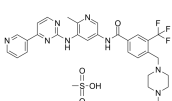
Cat. No.: HY-136526

BCR-ABL-IN-3 is a potent and irreversible Bcr-Abl inhibitor with an IC<sub>50</sub> of ≤100 nM for Ba/F<sub>3</sub>Bcr-Abl<sup>T315I</sup>. BCR-ABL-IN-3 has anti-cancer activity.



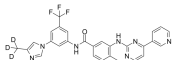
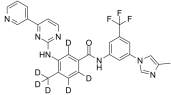
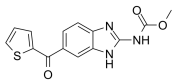
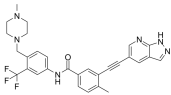
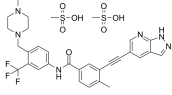
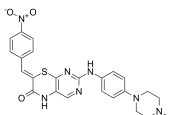
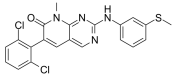
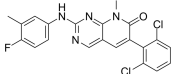
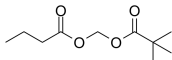
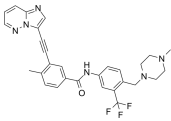
**Purity:** >98%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 1 mg, 5 mg

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|---|---|
| <p><b>BCR-ABL-IN-4</b></p> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-142922</p>   | <p><b>Bosutinib</b><br/>(SKI-606)</p> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-10158</p>   |
| <p>BCR-ABL-IN-4 is a <b>BCR-ABL</b> inhibitor with anticancer effects. BCR-ABL-IN-4 inhibits the cancer cell growth with <math>IC_{50}</math> values of 0.67 nM and 16 nM for K562 cells and BCR-ABL T315I transfected Ba/F3 cells, respectively (WO2021143927A1; compound 11).</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg</p> | <p>Bosutinib is a dual <b>Src/Abl</b> inhibitor with <math>IC_{50}</math>s of 1.2 nM and 1 nM, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.96%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10 mM × 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg</p>  |
| <p><b>Bosutinib D8</b><br/>(SKI-606 D8)</p> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-10158S</p>  | <p><b>c-ABL-IN-2</b></p> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-146527</p>   |
| <p>Bosutinib D8 (SKI-606 D8) is a deuterium labeled Bosutinib. Bosutinib is a dual <b>Src/Abl</b> inhibitor with <math>IC_{50}</math>s of 1.2 nM and 1 nM, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> ≥99.0%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 1 mg</p>   | <p>c-ABL-IN-2 is a potent inhibitor of <b>c-Abl</b>. Activation of c-Abl has been implicated in various diseases, notably cancer.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg</p>   |
| <p><b>Cenisertib</b><br/>(AS-703569; R-763)</p> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-13072</p>   | <p><b>CHMFL-ABL-039</b></p> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-126143</p>  |
| <p>Cenisertib (AS-703569) is an ATP-competitive multi-kinase inhibitor that blocks the activity of <b>Aurora-kinase-A/B, ABL1, AKT, STAT5 and FLT3</b>.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.64%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 1</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>  | <p>CHMFL-ABL-039 is a type II native <b>ABL</b> kinase and drug-resistant V299L mutant <b>BCR-ABL</b> inhibitor with the <math>IC_{50}</math>s of 7.9 nM and 27.9 nM, respectively. CHMFL-ABL-039 is used in the research of chronic myeloid leukemia.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg</p>  |
| <p><b>CHMFL-ABL-121</b></p> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-119370</p>  | <p><b>CHMFL-ABL/KIT-155</b><br/>(CHMFL-ABL-KIT-155)</p> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-101034</p>  |
| <p>CHMFL-ABL-121 is a highly potent type II <b>ABL</b> kinase inhibitor with <math>IC_{50}</math>s of 2 nM and 0.2 nM against purified inactive ABL wt and T315I kinase protein, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg</p>  | <p>CHMFL-ABL/KIT-155 (CHMFL-ABL-KIT-155; compound 34) is a highly potent and orally active <b>type II ABL/c-KIT</b> dual kinase inhibitor (<math>IC_{50}</math>s of 46 nM and 75 nM, respectively), and it also presents significant inhibitory activities to BLK (<math>IC_{50}</math>=81 nM), CSF1R (<math>IC_{50}</math>=227 nM), DDR1 (<math>IC_{50}</math>=116 nM),...</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg</p> |
| <p><b>CT-721</b></p> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-108704</p>   | <p><b>CZC-8004</b><br/>(CZC-00008004)</p> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-111138</p>  |
| <p>CT-721 is a potent and time-dependent <b>Bcr-Abl</b> kinase inhibitor with an <math>IC_{50}</math> of 21.3 nM for wild-type Bcr-Abl kinase, and possesses anti-chronic myeloid leukemia (CML) activities.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg</p>  | <p>CZC-8004 is a pan-kinase inhibitor and binds a range of tyrosine kinases, including <b>ABL</b> kinase.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.61%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg</p>  |

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| <p><b>Dasatinib</b><br/>(BMS-354825)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-10181</p>   | <p><b>Dasatinib hydrochloride</b><br/>(BMS-354825 hydrochloride)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-10181A</p>  |
| <p>Dasatinib (BMS-354825) is a highly potent, ATP competitive, orally active dual <b>Src/Bcr-Abl</b> inhibitor with potent antitumor activity. The <math>K_s</math> are 16 pM and 30 pM for Src and Bcr-Abl, respectively.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"></p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.85%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br/><b>Size:</b> 10 mM × 1 mL, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg</p>   | <p>Dasatinib (BMS-354825) hydrochloride is a highly potent, ATP competitive, orally active dual <b>Src/Bcr-Abl</b> inhibitor with potent antitumor activity. The <math>K_s</math> are 16 pM and 30 pM for Src and Bcr-Abl, respectively.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"></p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 98.86%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br/><b>Size:</b> 10 mM × 1 mL, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg</p>       |
| <p><b>Dasatinib monohydrate</b><br/>(BMS-354825 monohydrate)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-10181B</p>  | <p><b>Dasatinib-d8</b><br/>(BMS-354825-d8)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-10181S</p>  |
| <p>Dasatinib (BMS-354825) monohydrate is a highly potent, ATP competitive, orally active dual <b>Src/Bcr-Abl</b> inhibitor with potent antitumor activity. The <math>K_s</math> are 16 pM and 30 pM for Src and Bcr-Abl, respectively.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"></p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br/><b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg</p>  | <p>Dasatinib D8 is a deuterium labeled Dasatinib. Dasatinib is a dual Bcr-Abl and Src family tyrosine kinase inhibitor.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"></p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br/><b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg</p>  |
| <p><b>DB07107</b></p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-123390</p>   | <p><b>Debio 0617B</b></p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-108417</p>   |
| <p>DB07107 is a potent drug resistant <b>T315I mutant Bcr-Abl tyrosine kinase</b> inhibitor. DB07107 is also a potent <b>Akt1</b> inhibitor with an <math>IC_{50}</math> value of 360 nM.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"></p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br/><b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg</p>   | <p>Debio 0617B, a multi-kinase inhibitor, reduces maintenance and self-renewal of primary human AML CD34<sup>+</sup> stem/progenitor cells.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"></p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br/><b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg</p>   |
| <p><b>Degrasyn</b><br/>(WP1130)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-13264</p>  | <p><b>DPH</b></p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-12070</p>  |
| <p>Degrasyn (WP1130) is a cell-permeable <b>deubiquitinase (DUB)</b> inhibitor, directly inhibiting DUB activity of USP9x, USP5, USP14, and UCH37. Degrasyn has been shown to downregulate the antiapoptotic proteins <b>Bcr-Abl</b> and <b>JAK2</b>.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"></p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.70%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br/><b>Size:</b> 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p> | <p>DPH is a potent cell permeable <b>c-Abl</b> activator, which displays potent enzymatic and cellular activity in stimulating c-Abl activation.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"></p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.20%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br/><b>Size:</b> 10 mM × 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg</p>  |
| <p><b>Flumatinib</b><br/>(HHGV678)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-13904</p>   | <p><b>Flumatinib mesylate</b><br/>(HHGV678 mesylate)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-13905</p>   |
| <p>Flumatinib (HHGV678) is an orally available, selective inhibitor of <b>Bcr-Abl</b>. Flumatinib inhibits <b>c-Abl</b>, <b>PDGFRβ</b> and <b>c-Kit</b> with <math>IC_{50}</math>s of 1.2 nM, 307.6 nM and 665.5 nM, respectively.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"></p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.94%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 3<br/><b>Size:</b> 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg</p>  | <p>Flumatinib mesylate (HHGV678 mesylate) is an orally available, selective inhibitor of <b>Bcr-Abl</b>. Flumatinib mesylate inhibits <b>c-Abl</b>, <b>PDGFRβ</b> and <b>c-Kit</b> with <math>IC_{50}</math>s of 1.2 nM, 307.6 nM and 665.5 nM, respectively.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"></p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.97%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 4<br/><b>Size:</b> 10 mM × 1 mL, 500 mg</p> |

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| <p><b>Flumatinib-d3</b><br/>(HHGV678-d3)</p>   | <p><b>GMB-475</b></p>   |
| <p>Flumatinib-d3 is deuterium labeled Flumatinib. Flumatinib (HHGV678) is an orally available, selective inhibitor of Bcr-Abl. Flumatinib inhibits c-Abl, PDGFR<math>\beta</math> and c-Kit with IC<sub>50</sub>s of 1.2 nM, 307.6 nM and 665.5 nM, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br/><b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg</p>  | <p>GMB-475 is a degrader of BCR-ABL1 tyrosine kinase based on PROTAC, overcoming BCR-ABL1-dependent drug resistance. GMB-475 targets BCR-ABL1 protein and recruits the E3 ligase Von Hippel Lindau (VHL), resulting in ubiquitination and subsequent degradation of the oncogenic fusion protein.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.20%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br/><b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg</p>                      |
| <p><b>GNF-2</b></p>  | <p><b>GNF-5</b></p>   |
| <p>GNF-2 is a highly selective, allosteric, non-ATP competitive inhibitor of Bcr-Abl. GNF-2 inhibits Ba/F3.p210 proliferation with an IC<sub>50</sub> of 138 nM.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 98.73%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br/><b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>  | <p>GNF-5, an analogue of GNF-2 with improved pharmacokinetic properties, is a selective non-ATP competitive inhibitor of Bcr-Abl with an IC<sub>50</sub> value of 0.22<math>\pm</math>0.1 <math>\mu</math>M (Wild type Abl).</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.42%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br/><b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>   |
| <p><b>GNF-7</b></p>  | <p><b>GZD856</b></p>  |
| <p>GNF-7 is a multikinase inhibitor. GNF-7 is a Bcr-Abl inhibitor, with IC<sub>50</sub>s of 133 nM and 61 nM for Bcr-Abl<sup>WT</sup> and Bcr-Abl<sup>T315I</sup>, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 98.93%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br/><b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>   | <p>GZD856 formic is a potent and orally active PDGFR<math>\alpha/\beta</math> inhibitor, with IC<sub>50</sub>s of 68.6 and 136.6 nM, respectively. GZD856 formic is also a Bcr-Abl<sup>T315I</sup> inhibitor, with IC<sub>50</sub>s of 19.9 and 15.4 nM for native Bcr-Abl and the T315I mutant. GZD856 formic has antitumor activity.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br/><b>Size:</b> 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p> |
| <p><b>GZD856 formic</b></p>  | <p><b>HG-7-85-01</b></p>  |
| <p>GZD856 formic is a potent and orally active PDGFR<math>\alpha/\beta</math> inhibitor, with IC<sub>50</sub>s of 68.6 and 136.6 nM, respectively. GZD856 formic is also a Bcr-Abl<sup>T315I</sup> inhibitor, with IC<sub>50</sub>s of 19.9 and 15.4 nM for native Bcr-Abl and the T315I mutant. GZD856 formic has antitumor activity.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 98.06%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br/><b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p> | <p>HG-7-85-01 is a type II ATP competitive inhibitor of wild-type and gatekeeper mutations forms of Bcr-Abl, PDGFR<math>\alpha</math>, Kit, and Src kinases.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br/><b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg</p>  |
| <p><b>IHMT-TRK-284</b></p>   | <p><b>Imatinib</b><br/>(STI571; CGP-57148B)</p>   |
| <p>IHMT-TRK-284 (Compound 34) is a potent, orally active type II TRK kinase inhibitor with IC<sub>50</sub> values of 10.5, 0.7, and 2.6 nM to TRKA, B, and C respectively. IHMT-TRK-284 displays great selectivity profile in the kinase and good in vivo antitumor efficacies.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br/><b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg</p>  | <p>Imatinib (STI571) is an orally bioavailable tyrosine kinases inhibitor that selectively inhibits BCR/ABL, v-Abl, PDGFR and c-kit kinase activity.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.54%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br/><b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 200 mg, 500 mg, 1 g, 5 g</p>  |

|   |  |
|---|--|
| <p><b>Imatinib D4</b><br/>(STI571 D4; CGP-57148B D4)</p> <p>Imatinib D4 (STI571 D4) is a deuterium labeled Imatinib (STI571). Imatinib is an orally bioavailable tyrosine kinases inhibitor that selectively inhibits BCR/ABL, v-Abl, PDGFR and c-kit kinase activity.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> ≥99.0%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br/><b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg</p>   | <p><b>Imatinib Mesylate</b><br/>(STI571 Mesylate; CGP-57148B Mesylate)</p> <p>Imatinib Mesylate (STI571 Mesylate) is a tyrosine kinases inhibitor that inhibits c-Kit, Bcr-Abl, and PDGFR (IC<sub>50</sub>=100 nM) tyrosine kinases.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.91%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br/><b>Size:</b> 10 mM × 1 mL, 200 mg, 500 mg, 1 g, 5 g</p>   |
| <p><b>Imatinib-d8</b><br/>(STI571-d8; CGP-57148B-d8)</p> <p>Imatinib D8 (STI571 D8) is a deuterium labeled Imatinib (STI571). Imatinib is an orally bioavailable tyrosine kinases inhibitor that selectively inhibits BCR/ABL, v-Abl, PDGFR and c-kit kinase activity.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br/><b>Size:</b> 5 mg</p>  | <p><b>KW-2449</b></p> <p>KW-2449 is a multi-targeted kinase inhibitor of FLT3, ABL, ABL<sup>T315I</sup> and Aurora kinase with IC<sub>50</sub>s of 6.6, 14, 4 and 48 nM, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.85%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 1<br/><b>Size:</b> 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>  |
| <p><b>LXH254</b></p> <p>LXH254 is a potent, selective, orally active, type II BRAF and CRAF inhibitor, with IC<sub>50</sub> values of 0.072 and 0.21 nM against CRAF and BRAF, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.95%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 2<br/><b>Size:</b> 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg</p>  | <p><b>Lyn-IN-1</b><br/>(Bafetinib analog)</p> <p>Lyn-IN-1 (Bafetinib analog) is a potent and selective dual Bcr-Abl/Lyn inhibitor, extracted from patent WO2014169128A1.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.58%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br/><b>Size:</b> 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>  |
| <p><b>ML786 dihydrochloride</b></p> <p>ML786 dihydrochloride is a potent and orally bioavailable Raf inhibitor, with IC<sub>50</sub>s of 2.1, 4.2, and 2.5 nM for <sup>V600E</sup>ΔB-Raf, wt B-Raf, and C-Raf, respectively. ML786 dihydrochloride also inhibits Abl-1, DDR2, EPHA2, KDR, and RET (IC<sub>50</sub>= &lt;0.5, 7.0, 11, 6.2, 0.8 nM).</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br/><b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg</p> | <p><b>Multi-kinase inhibitor 1</b></p> <p>Multi-kinase inhibitor 1 is a potent multi-kinase inhibitor. Multi-kinase inhibitor 1 has the potential for diseases or disorders associated with abnormal or deregulated tyrosine kinase activity, particularly diseases associated with the activity of PDGF-R, c-Kit and Bcr-abl.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br/><b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg</p> |
| <p><b>Nilotinib</b><br/>(AMN107)</p> <p>Nilotinib is an orally available Bcr-Abl tyrosine kinase inhibitor with antineoplastic activity.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.96%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br/><b>Size:</b> 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg</p>  | <p><b>Nilotinib monohydrochloride monohydrate</b><br/>(AMN107 monohydrochloride monohydrate)</p> <p>Nilotinib monohydrochloride monohydrate is a second generation tyrosine kinase inhibitor (TKI), is significantly potent against BCR-ABL, and is active against many BCR-ABL mutants.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.89%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br/><b>Size:</b> 10 mM × 1 mL, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg</p>                             |

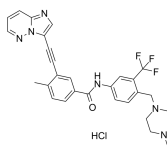
|   |  |
|---|--|
| <p><b>Nilotinib-d3</b></p> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-132549S</p>  | <p><b>Nilotinib-d6</b><br/>(AMN107-d6)</p> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-10159S</p>  |
| <p>Nilotinib-d3 (AMN107-d3) is the deuterium labeled Nilotinib. Nilotinib is an orally available <b>Bcr-Abl</b> tyrosine kinase inhibitor with antineoplastic activity.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"></p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b><br/><b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 10 mg</p>   | <p>Nilotinib D6 (AMN107 D6) is a deuterium labeled Nilotinib. Nilotinib is an orally available <b>Bcr-Abl</b> tyrosine kinase inhibitor with antineoplastic activity.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"></p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br/><b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg</p>   |
| <p><b>Nocodazole</b><br/>(Oncodazole; R17934)</p> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-13520</p>   | <p><b>Olverembatinib</b><br/>(GZD824; HQP1351)</p> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-15666</p>   |
| <p>Nocodazole (Oncodazole) is a rapidly-reversible inhibitor of <b>microtubule</b>. Nocodazole binds to <math>\beta</math>-tubulin and disrupts microtubule assembly/disassembly dynamics, which prevents mitosis and induces apoptosis in tumor cells.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"></p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.66%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br/><b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p> | <p>Olverembatinib (GZD824) is a potent and orally active pan-<b>Bcr-Abl</b> inhibitor. Olverembatinib potently inhibits a broad spectrum of Bcr-Abl mutants. Olverembatinib strongly inhibits native Bcr-Abl and Bcr-Abl<sup>T315I</sup> with <math>IC_{50}</math>s of 0.34 nM and 0.68 nM, respectively.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"></p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.78%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br/><b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg</p>                |
| <p><b>Olverembatinib dimesylate</b><br/>(GZD824 dimesylate; HQP1351 dimesylate)</p> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-15666A</p>  | <p><b>ON 146040</b></p> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-12338</p>  |
| <p>Olverembatinib (GZD824) dimesylate is a potent and orally active pan-<b>Bcr-Abl</b> inhibitor. Olverembatinib dimesylate potently inhibits a broad spectrum of Bcr-Abl mutants.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"></p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.81%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 2<br/><b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg</p>  | <p>ON 146040 is a potent <b>PI3K<math>\alpha</math></b> and <b>PI3K<math>\delta</math></b> (<math>IC_{50}</math> <math>\approx</math> 14 and 20 nM, respectively) inhibitor. ON 146040 also inhibits <b>Abl1</b> (<math>IC_{50}</math> &lt; 150 nM).</p> <p style="text-align: center;"></p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br/><b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg</p>   |
| <p><b>PD173955</b></p> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-10395</p>  | <p><b>PD180970</b></p> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-103274</p>  |
| <p>PD173955 is src family-selective tyrosine kinase inhibitor with <math>IC_{50}</math> of <math>\sim</math>22 nM for Src, Yes and Abl kinase; less potent for FGFR<math>\alpha</math> and no activity on InsR and PKC.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"></p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.12%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br/><b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg</p>  | <p>PD180970 is a highly potent and ATP-competitive <b>p210<sup>Bcr-Abl</sup> kinase</b> inhibitor, with an <math>IC_{50}</math> of 5 nM for inhibiting the autophosphorylation of <b>p210<sup>Bcr-Abl</sup></b>. PD180970 also inhibits <b>Src</b> and <b>KIT</b> kinase with <math>IC_{50}</math>s of 0.8 nM and 50 nM, respectively.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"></p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br/><b>Size:</b> 5 mg, 10 mg</p> |
| <p><b>Pivanex</b><br/>(AN-9; Pivalyloxymethyl butyrate)</p> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-120508</p>  | <p><b>Ponatinib</b><br/>(AP24534)</p> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-12047</p>  |
| <p>Pivanex (AN-9), a derivative of Butyric acid, is an orally active <b>HDAC</b> inhibitor. Pivanex down-regulates <b>bcr-abl</b> protein and enhances <b>apoptosis</b>. Pivanex has antimetastatic and antiangiogenic properties.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"></p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 2<br/><b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg</p>   | <p>Ponatinib (AP24534) is an orally active multi-targeted kinase inhibitor with <math>IC_{50}</math>s of 0.37 nM, 1.1 nM, 1.5 nM, 2.2 nM, and 5.4 nM for <b>Abl</b>, <b>PDGFR<math>\alpha</math></b>, <b>VEGFR2</b>, <b>FGFR1</b>, and <b>Src</b>, respectively.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"></p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.43%<br/><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched<br/><b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>  |

### Ponatinib hydrochloride

(AP24534 hydrochloride)

Cat. No.: HY-108766

Ponatinib (AP24534) hydrochloride is a hydrochloride of ponatinib. Ponatinib is an orally active multi-targeted kinase inhibitor with  $IC_{50}$ s of 0.37 nM, 1.1 nM, 1.5 nM, 2.2 nM, and 5.4 nM for Abl, PDGFR $\alpha$ , VEGFR2, FGFR1, and Src, respectively.



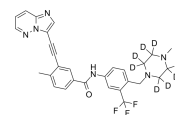
**Purity:** >98%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 1 mg, 5 mg

### Ponatinib-d8

(AP24534-d8)

Cat. No.: HY-120475

Ponatinib D8 (AP24534 D8) is a deuterium labeled Ponatinib. Ponatinib (AP24534) is an orally active multi-targeted kinase inhibitor with  $IC_{50}$ s of 0.37 nM, 1.1 nM, 1.5 nM, 2.2 nM, and 5.4 nM for Abl, PDGFR $\alpha$ , VEGFR2, FGFR1, and Src, respectively.

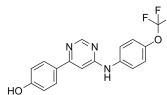


**Purity:** 98.44%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 1 mg, 5 mg

### PROTAC BCR-ABL1 ligand 1

Cat. No.: HY-130297

PROTAC BCR-ABL1 ligand 1, compound GMB-475, is the ligand of PROTAC that allosterically targets BCR-ABL1 protein and recruits the E3 ligase Von Hippel-Lindau, resulting in ubiquitination and subsequent degradation of BCR-ABL1.

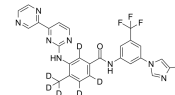


**Purity:** >98%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 1 mg, 5 mg

### Radotinib-d6

Cat. No.: HY-157285

Radotinib-d6 is deuterium labeled Radotinib.



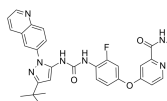
**Purity:** >98%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 1 mg, 5 mg

### Rebastinib

(DCC-2036)

Cat. No.: HY-13024

Rebastinib (DCC-2036) is an orally active, non-ATP-competitive Bcr-Abl inhibitor for Abl1<sup>WT</sup> and Abl1<sup>T315I</sup> with  $IC_{50}$ s of 0.8 nM and 4 nM, respectively. Rebastinib also inhibits SRC, KDR, FLT3, and Tie-2, and has low activity to seen towards c-Kit.

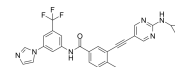


**Purity:** 99.91%  
**Clinical Data:** Phase 2  
**Size:** 10 mM  $\times$  1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg

### S116836

Cat. No.: HY-123450

S116836, a potent, orally active BCR-ABL tyrosine kinase inhibitor, blocks both wild-type as well as T315I Bcr-Abl.

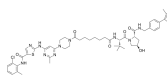


**Purity:** 99.60%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

### SIAIS178

Cat. No.: HY-128756

SIAIS178 is a potent and selective BCR-ABL degrader based on PROTAC technology with an  $IC_{50}$  of 24 nM. SIAIS178 causes effective degradation of BCR-ABL protein by recruiting Von Hippel-Lindau (VHL) E3 ubiquitin ligase. SIAIS178 has anticancer activity.

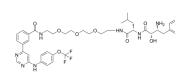


**Purity:** 99.48%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 1 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

### SNIPER(ABL)-013

Cat. No.: HY-111860

SNIPER(ABL)-013, conjugating GNF5 (ABL inhibitor) to Bestatin (IAP ligand) with a linker, induces the reduction of BCR-ABL protein with a  $DC_{50}$  of 20  $\mu$ M.

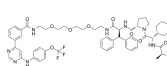


**Purity:** >98%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 1 mg, 5 mg

### SNIPER(ABL)-015

Cat. No.: HY-111854

SNIPER(ABL)-015, conjugating GNF5 (ABL inhibitor) to MV-1 (IAP ligand) with a linker, induces the reduction of BCR-ABL protein with a  $DC_{50}$  of 5  $\mu$ M.

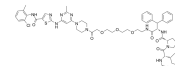


**Purity:** >98%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 1 mg, 5 mg

### SNIPER(ABL)-019

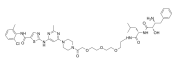
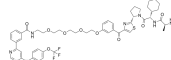

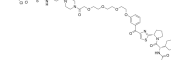

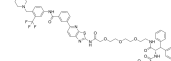

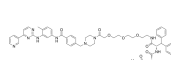


Cat. No.: HY-111873

SNIPER(ABL)-019, conjugating Dasatinib (ABL inhibitor) to MV-1 (IAP ligand) with a linker, induces the reduction of BCR-ABL protein with a  $DC_{50}$  of 0.3  $\mu$ M.



**Purity:** >98%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 1 mg, 5 mg

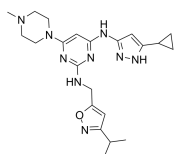


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|--|--|
| <p><b>SNIPER(ABL)-020</b></p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-111872</p>  | <p><b>SNIPER(ABL)-024</b></p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-111861</p>  |
| <p>SNIPER(ABL)-020, conjugating Dasatinib (ABL inhibitor) to Bestatin (IAP ligand) with a linker, induces the reduction of BCR-ABL protein.</p>  <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.44%<br/> <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br/> <b>Size:</b> 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg</p>                                     | <p>SNIPER(ABL)-024, conjugating GNF5 (ABL inhibitor) to LCL161 derivative (IAP ligand) with a linker, induces the reduction of BCR-ABL protein with a DC<sub>50</sub> of 5 μM.</p>  <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98%<br/> <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br/> <b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg</p>   |
| <p><b>SNIPER(ABL)-033</b></p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-111871</p>  | <p><b>SNIPER(ABL)-039</b></p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-111874</p>  |
| <p>SNIPER(ABL)-033, conjugating HG-7-85-01 (ABL inhibitor) to LCL161 derivative (IAP ligand) with a linker, induces the reduction of BCR-ABL protein with a DC<sub>50</sub> of 0.3 μM.</p>  <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98%<br/> <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br/> <b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg</p> | <p>SNIPER(ABL)-039, conjugating Dasatinib (ABL inhibitor) to LCL161 derivative (IAP ligand) with a linker, induces the reduction of BCR-ABL protein with a DC<sub>50</sub> of 10 nM. IC<sub>50</sub>s are 0.54 nM, 10 nM, 12 nM, and 50 nM for ABL, cIAP1, cIAP2, XIAP, respectively.</p>  <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98%<br/> <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br/> <b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg</p>          |
| <p><b>SNIPER(ABL)-044</b></p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-111862</p>  | <p><b>SNIPER(ABL)-047</b></p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-111863</p>  |
| <p>SNIPER(ABL)-044, conjugating HG-7-85-01 (ABL inhibitor) to Bestatin (IAP ligand) with a linker, induces the reduction of BCR-ABL protein with a DC<sub>50</sub> of 10 μM.</p>  <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98%<br/> <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br/> <b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg</p>          | <p>SNIPER(ABL)-047, conjugating HG-7-85-01 (ABL inhibitor) to MV-1 (IAP ligand) with a linker, induces the reduction of BCR-ABL protein with a DC<sub>50</sub> of 2 μM.</p>  <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98%<br/> <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br/> <b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg</p>   |
| <p><b>SNIPER(ABL)-049</b></p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-111851</p>  | <p><b>SNIPER(ABL)-050</b></p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-111858</p>  |
| <p>SNIPER(ABL)-049, conjugating Imatinib (ABL inhibitor) to Bestatin (IAP ligand) with a linker, induces the reduction of BCR-ABL protein with a DC<sub>50</sub> of 100 μM.</p>  <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98%<br/> <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br/> <b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg</p>          | <p>SNIPER(ABL)-050, conjugating Imatinib (ABL inhibitor) to MV-1 (IAP ligand) with a linker, induces the reduction of BCR-ABL protein.</p>  <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98%<br/> <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br/> <b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg</p>   |
| <p><b>SNIPER(ABL)-058</b></p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-111859</p>  | <p><b>Vodobatinib</b><br/>(K0706)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-137460</p>  |
| <p>SNIPER(ABL)-058, conjugating Imatinib (ABL inhibitor) to LCL161 derivative (IAP ligand) with a linker, induces the reduction of BCR-ABL protein with a DC<sub>50</sub> of 10 μM.</p>  <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98%<br/> <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br/> <b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg</p>  | <p>Vodobatinib (K0706) is a potent, third generation and orally active Bcr-Abl1 tyrosine kinase inhibitor with an IC<sub>50</sub> of 7 nM. Vodobatinib exhibits activity against most BCR-ABL1 point mutants, and has no activity against BCR-ABL1T315I.</p>  <p><b>Purity:</b> 98.98%<br/> <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported<br/> <b>Size:</b> 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p> |

## XL228

Cat. No.: HY-15749

XL228 is a multi-targeted tyrosine kinase inhibitor with  $IC_{50}$ s of 5, 3.1, 1.6, 6.1, 2 nM for Bcr-Abl, Aurora A, IGF-1R, Src and Lyn, respectively.



**Purity:** 99.58%

**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported

**Size:** 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg