



www.MedChemExpress.com

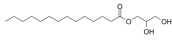
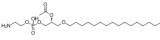
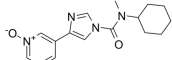
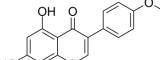
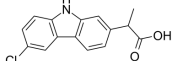
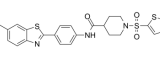
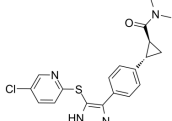
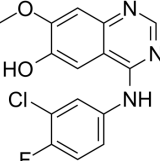
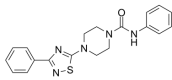
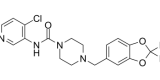
Inhibitors, Agonists, Screening Libraries

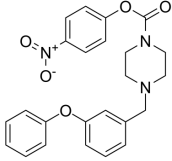
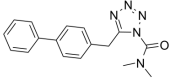
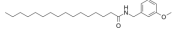
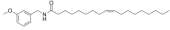


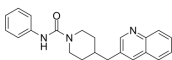
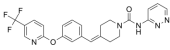
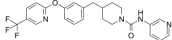
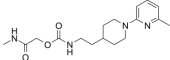
FAAH

Fatty acid amide hydrolase

FAAH (Fatty acid amide hydrolase) is an integral membrane enzyme that degrades the fatty acid amide family of signaling lipids, including the endocannabinoid anandamide. Genetic or pharmacological inactivation of FAAH leads to analgesic, anti-inflammatory, anxiolytic, and antidepressant phenotypes in rodents without showing the undesirable side effects observed with direct cannabinoid receptor agonists, indicating that FAAH may represent an attractive therapeutic target for treatment of pain, inflammation, and other central nervous system disorders.

FAAH Inhibitors

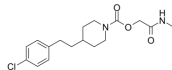
<p>1-Monomyristin</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-N2512</p>	<p>Acetylhydrolase-IN-1</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-102054</p>
<p>1-Monomyristin, extracted from <i>Serenoa repens</i>, inhibits the hydrolysis of 2-oleoylglycerol (IC_{50}=32 μM) and fatty acid amide hydrolase (FAAH) activity (IC_{50}=18 μM).</p> <p></p> <p>Purity: >98.0% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 5 mg, 10 mg, 20 mg</p>	<p>Acetylhydrolase-IN-1 is a 1-Alkyl-2-acetyl-glycerophosphocholine esterase (Alkylacetyl-GPC: acetylhydrolase) inhibitor.</p> <p></p> <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>
<p>BIA 10-2474</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-19740</p>	<p>Biochanin A (4-Methylgenistein; Olmelin)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-14595</p>
<p>BIA 10-2474 is an inhibitor of fatty acid amide hydrolase (FAAH) with IC_{50} values of 50 to 70mg/kg in various rat brain regions.</p> <p></p> <p>Purity: 98.41% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>	<p>Biochanin A is a naturally occurring fatty acid amide hydrolase (FAAH) inhibitor, which inhibits FAAH with IC_{50}s of 1.8, 1.4 and 2.4 μM for mouse, rat, and human FAAH, respectively.</p> <p></p> <p>Purity: 98.98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM \times 1 mL, 200 mg, 500 mg</p>
<p>Carprofen</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-B1227</p>	<p>FAAH inhibitor 1 (Benzothiazole analog 3)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-10862</p>
<p>Carprofen is a nonsteroid anti-inflammatory agent, acts as a multi-target FAAH/COX inhibitor, with IC_{50}s of 3.9 μM, 22.3 μM and 78.6 μM for COX-2, COX-1 and FAAH, respectively.</p> <p></p> <p>Purity: 99.76% Clinical Data: Launched Size: 10 mM \times 1 mL, 100 mg</p>	<p>FAAH inhibitor 1 (Benzothiazole analog 3) is a potent fatty acid amide hydrolase (FAAH) inhibitor with an IC_{50} of 18\pm8 nM.</p> <p></p> <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>
<p>FAAH-IN-1</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-111389</p>	<p>FAAH-IN-2 (O-Desmorpholinopropyl Gefitinib)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-79511</p>
<p>FAAH-IN-1 is a fatty acid amide hydrolase (FAAH) inhibitor, with IC_{50}s of 145 nM and 650 nM for rat and human FAAH, respectively.</p> <p></p> <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>	<p>FAAH-IN-2 (O-Desmorpholinopropyl Gefitinib) is a potent FAAH(fatty acid amide hydrolase) inhibitor extracted from Patent WO/2008/100977A2.</p> <p></p> <p>Purity: 96.16% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM \times 1 mL, 500 mg, 1 g, 5 g</p>
<p>JNJ-1661010 (Takeda-25)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-N7062</p>	<p>JNJ-42165279</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-19636</p>
<p>JNJ-1661010 (Takeda-25) a potent and selective fatty acid amide hydrolase (FAAH) inhibitor with IC_{50}s of 34 and 33 nM for rat FAAH and human FAAH, respectively. JNJ-1661010 can cross the blood-brain barrier and used as broad-spectrum analgesics.</p> <p></p> <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>	<p>JNJ-42165279 is a FAAH inhibitor with IC_{50} of 70 \pm 8 nM and 313 \pm 28 nM for hFAAH and rFAAH, respectively.</p> <p></p> <p>Purity: 99.97% Clinical Data: Phase 2 Size: 10 mM \times 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>

<p>JZL195</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-15250</p> <p>JZL195 is a selective and efficacious dual fatty acid amide hydrolase (FAAH) and monoacylglycerol lipase (MAGL) inhibitor with IC_{50}s of 2 and 4 nM, respectively.</p> <p>Purity: 99.75% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p> 	<p>LY2183240</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-10865</p> <p>LY2183240 is a novel and highly potent blocker of anandamide uptake ($IC_{50} = 270$ pM). LY2183240 inhibits fatty acid amide hydrolase (FAAH) activity ($IC_{50} = 12.4$ nM). IC_{50}: 270 pM (anandamide uptake); 12.4 nM (FAAH) Target: FAAH; Anandamide uptake Following i.p.</p> <p>Purity: 99.07% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg</p> 
<p>N-(3-Methoxybenzyl)Palmitamide</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-N2428</p> <p>N-(3-Methoxybenzyl)Palmitamide is a promising inhibitor of FAAH for the treatment of pain, inflammation and CNS degenerative disorders.</p> <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p> 	<p>N-Benzyleamide</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-N6923</p> <p>N-Benzyleamide is a macamide isolated from <i>Lepidium meyenii</i> (Maca). N-Benzyleamide irreversibly inhibits fatty acid amide hydrolase (FAAH). N-benzyleamide influences the energy metabolism and reveals antioxidant and antifatigue activities.</p> <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 5 mg, 10 mg</p> 
<p>N-Benzylpalmitamide (N-Benzylhexadecanamide; Macamide 1)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-N2365</p> <p>N-Benzylpalmitamide is a macamide isolated from <i>Lepidium meyenii</i>, acts as an inhibitor of fatty acid amide hydrolase (FAAH).</p> <p>Purity: >98.0% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg</p> 	<p>N-Benzylinolenamide</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-N3033</p> <p>N-Benzylinolenamide is a natural macamide isolated from <i>Lepidium meyenii</i>, acts as an inhibitor of fatty acid amide hydrolase (FAAH) with an IC_{50} of 41.8 μM.</p> <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 5 mg, 10 mg, 20 mg</p> 
<p>PF 750</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-18081</p> <p>PF 750 is a selective and covalent fatty acid amide hydrolase (FAAH) inhibitor, with IC_{50}s varied from 16.2-595 nM in different pre-incubation times. Covalently modifies the enzyme's active site serine nucleophile.</p> <p>Purity: >98.0% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 5 mg</p> 	<p>PF-04457845</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-14376</p> <p>PF-04457845 is a highly efficacious and selective FAAH inhibitor with IC_{50} values is 7.2 ± 0.63 nM and 7.4 ± 0.62 nM for hFAAH and rFAAH, respectively.</p> <p>Purity: 99.37% Clinical Data: Phase 2 Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p> 
<p>PF-3845</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-14380</p> <p>PF-3845 is a selective fatty acid amide hydrolase (FAAH) inhibitor ($K_i = 0.23$ μM); showing negligible activity against FAAH2. IC_{50} value: 0.23 μM Target: FAAH PF-3845 selectively inhibits FAAH by carbamylating FAAH's serine nucleophile. PF-3845 treated mice (10 mg/kg, i.p.</p> <p>Purity: 99.90% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p> 	<p>SA 47</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-18080</p> <p>SA 47 is a selective and potent inhibitor of fatty acid amide hydrolase (FAAH) and carbamate.</p> <p>Purity: >99.0% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg</p> 

SA57

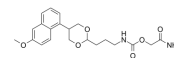
Cat. No.: HY-103463

SA57 is a potent, selective FAAH inhibitor with IC_{50} s of 3.2 nM and 1.9 nM for mouse and human FAAH.

**Purity:** >99.0%**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported**Size:** 1 mg, 5 mg**SA72**

Cat. No.: HY-U00240

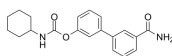
SA72 is a highly selective fatty acid amide hydrolase (FAAH) inhibitor.

**Purity:** >98%**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported**Size:** 1 mg, 5 mg**URB-597**

(KDS-4103)

Cat. No.: HY-10864

URB597 is a potent, orally bioavailable FAAH inhibitor with IC_{50} of 4.6 nM, with no activity on other cannabinoid-related targets.

**Purity:** 99.01%**Clinical Data:** Phase 1**Size:** 10 mM × 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg