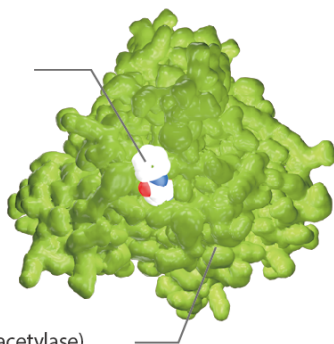


# NOD-like Receptor (NLR)

HDAC Inhibitor:  
Vorinostat (SAHA)




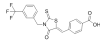

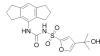

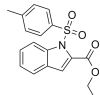

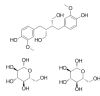
HDAC (Histone deacetylase)

Nucleotide oligomerization domain (NOD)-like receptors (NLRs) are a specialized group of intracellular proteins that play a critical role in the regulation of the host innate immune response. NLRs act as scaffolding proteins that assemble signaling platforms that trigger nuclear factor- $\kappa$ B and mitogen-activated protein kinase signaling pathways and control the activation of inflammatory caspases. Importantly, mutations in several members of the NLR family have been linked to a variety of inflammatory diseases consistent with these molecules playing an important role in host-pathogen interactions and the inflammatory response. NLRs including Nod1 and Nod2 are thought to be kept in an inactive state by

intra-molecular interactions.

The central role of the Nod-like receptor (NLR) protein family became increasingly appreciated in innate immune responses. NLRs are classified as part of the signal transduction ATPases with numerous domains (STAND) clade within the AAA+ ATPase family.

## NOD-like Receptor (NLR) Inhibitors & Modulators

<p><b>Arglabin</b> (+)-Arglabin</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-16059</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Arglabin is a sesquiterpene gamma-lactone is isolated from Artemisia glabella; anticancer natural compound.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.17% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p> 	<p><b>CY-09</b></p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-103666</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> CY-09 is an <b>NLRP3</b> inhibitor.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 98.0% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 1 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p> 
<p><b>INF39</b></p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-101868</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> INF39 is an irreversible and noncytotoxic <b>NLRP3</b> inhibitor.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.61% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p> 	<p><b>MCC950</b> (CP-456773)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-12815</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> MCC950 is a potent and selective <b>NLRP3</b> inhibitor with <b>IC<sub>50</sub>s</b> of 7.5 and 8.1 nM in BMDMs and HMDMs, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 98.0% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p> 
<p><b>MCC950 sodium</b> (CP-456773 sodium; CRID3 sodium salt)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-12815A</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> MCC950 sodium is a potent, selective <b>NLRP3</b> inhibitor with <b>IC<sub>50</sub>s</b> of 7.5 and 8.1 nM in BMDMs and HMDMs, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 98.90% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in Water, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg</p> 	<p><b>NOD-IN-1</b></p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-100691</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> NOD-IN-1 is a potent mixed inhibitor of nucleotide-binding oligomerization domain ( <b>NOD</b>)-like receptors, <b>NOD1</b> and <b>NOD2</b>, with <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b> of 5.74 μM and 6.45 μM, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 98.99% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 1 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p> 
<p><b>Nodinitib-1</b> (ML130; CID-1088438)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-18639</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Nodinitib-1 (ML130;CID-1088438) is a <b>NOD1</b> inhibitor with an <b>IC<sub>50</sub></b> of 0.56 μM.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 98.0% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p> 	<p><b>seco-Isolaricresinol Diglucoside</b> (LGM2605)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-N0727</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> seco-Isolaricresinol Diglucoside, a synthetic lignin, which is derived from the natural plant flaxseed. seco-Isolaricresinol Diglucoside reduces asbestos-induced <b>NLRP3</b> expression, and <b>NF-κB</b> activation in macrophages (MF). seco-Isolaricresinol Diglucoside also activates <b>Nrf2</b>.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.74% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p> 
<p><b>Troloxerutin</b> (Trihydroxyethylrutin)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-N0139</p> <p><b>Bioactivity:</b> Troloxerutin, also known as vitamin P4, is a tri-hydroxyethylated derivative of natural bioflavonoid rutins which can inhibit the production of <b>reactive oxygen species (ROS)</b> and depress ER stress-mediated <b>NOD</b> activation.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 98.05% <b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 4 <b>Size:</b> 10mM x 1mL in DMSO, 100 mg, 5 g</p> 